St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXIX. ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1880. NO. 167.

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Do not buy a portemonnie of any character until you have seen the beautiful assortment of POCKET BOOKS and COIN PURSES in

RUSSIA LEATHER, IVORY, CORK, SILK VELVET, PLUSH AND DAMASSE SILK,

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FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT, 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE.

A comparative examination of every stock in the city will show that no one offers such an extensive or stylish collection of this line of goods, made into every conceivable shape and size, plain or richly decorated with

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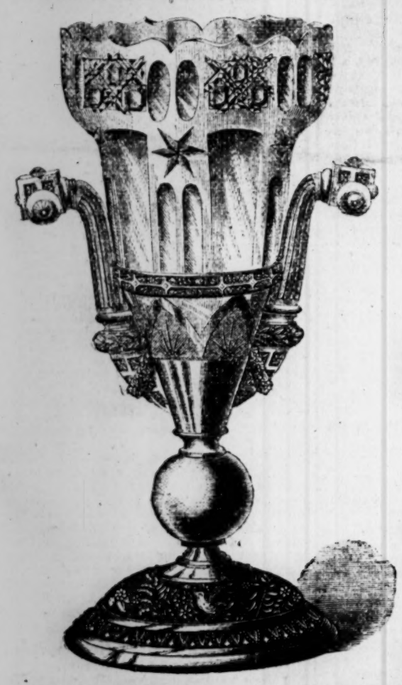
Also Elegant Assortment of Cabinets, Easels, Jardinieres, Tables, Portfolios,

FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Pedestals, Brackets, Macrame Stands, Fire Screens.

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Silver-Plated Ware!

The Largest Stock.

THE LOWEST PRICES IN ST. LOUIS.

Holiday Presents!

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STOCK LARGE AND COMPLETE!

Send for Price Lists.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.,

WASHINGTON AVE. AND FIFTH ST.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

Has just opened an elegant importation of Fine Goods, all New Styles, consisting of Jewel Cases in Russia Leather and Old Gold, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Ivory Nail Toilets, Shaving Cases, Pocketbooks, Court Plaster Cases, Odor and Card Cases in polished Olive wood, Puff Boxes, Lubins, Atkinson's and Piuaud Perfumes, Hair Brushes and Combs in Ivory and Shell. The most Elegant assortment of Fine Toilet Articles in the City.

Citizens and visitors invited to call and examine.

Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor.

M. W. ALEXANDER.

FOR SUBSTANTIAL

Christmas Presents

LOOK AT THE

STYLISH OVERCOATS!

Fine Dress Suits,

ELEGANT BUSINESS SUITS!

NOBBY PANTALOONS,

AT THE

Golden Eagle,

Southwest Corner Fifth and Pine.

NEW GOODS---The Very Latest Styles, Manufactured by Us Expressly for the Holiday Trade.

DAN'L C. YOUNG, MANAGER.



TRADE MARK.

CAUTION!

The wonderful achievements and success of **Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar** has caused the issue of counterfeits and deceptive and *dangerous* mixtures bearing parts of its compound name or Trade-Mark device. Be not deceived by these vile subterfuges, but obtain **"Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar"** *by its full name;* and also observe the above **EXACT** Trade-Mark device on the wrapper enclosing each bottle, *without which none is genuine.*

For Sale by all Druggists.

HALE'S HONEY

—OF—

HOREHOUND & TAR!

The Great National Specific for the Speedy Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS, *LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.*

The Honey of the Plant *Horehound* SOOTHES and SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar Balm *Abies Balsamea* CLEANSES and HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action.

A Cough may be fitly termed the preliminary stage of Consumption, a malady of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay not a moment to take this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derive great benefit from its soothing properties, when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough. *PRICES:--50c, and $1.* Large Size Cheapest.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r, New York.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

The New

Dry Goods House!

WILLIAM ROBERTSON

406 NORTH FOURTH ST.,

DURING THE HOLIDAYS

WILL OFFER AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS SUITABLE FOR PRESENTS

IN

FANCY GOODS,
BOHEMIAN GLASS ORNAMENTS
ORIENTAL WARE,
LEATHER BAGS,
POCKET-BOOKS,
FANS,
LACES,
HOSIERY,
TRIMMINGS,
GENTS' OUTFITTING,
LINENS,
DOMESTICS,
BLANKETS AND FLANNELS,

SILKS,
Dress Goods,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Ulsters,
Walking Jackets,
Fancy Felt and Flannel Skirts,

At Very Low Prices.

Last Edition.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The English Government Unable to Obtain Jurors in Ireland.

Affray With the Police and Several Persons Shot.

Bitter Newspaper War Between Rochefort and Gambetta.

Cablegrams from Italy, Germany, Switzerland and Eastern Europe.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, December 14.—Of the panel of forty-eight from which the jury is to be selected for the trial of the leading Land Leaguers, thirty-nine are tradesmen, two are agents, four are gentlemen, one a secretary of a railway company, one a hotel-keeper and one a Lieutenant Colonel.

NO JURORS.

DUBLIN, December 14.—At the Waterford Assizes, although the jury panel has been three times called, and on the last two occasions under penalties of from £10 to £50 for non-attendance, not sufficient members have answered the summons for the jury to be selected in the Boyd murder case. The Solicitor-General has applied for a postponement of the trial, basing the application on the affidavits of the police that the district is terrorized.

SHOT BY THE POLICE.

At Irishtown, near Claremorris, last night, a body of men attempted to enter a farm-house from which the tenant had been evicted. They attacked the constable, who immediately fired upon them, wounding four. Two were arrested.

SENT FOR TRIAL.

DUBLIN, December 14.—The men charged with the murder of Boyd, near Ross, August last, have been sent to the Kilkenny Assizes for trial.

England.

LONDON, December 14.—It is understood the Government is considering the propriety of adopting a system of Grand Committee as a means of relieving the pressure of business in the House of Commons.

THE ADDRESS FROM THE THRONE.

LONDON, December 14.—The Times, foreshadowing the reply to the speech from the throne on the opening of Parliament, predicts that the only opposition of the suggestions of the royal speech in reference to Ireland will come from small sections of Irish members, and expresses a belief that the majority of the Irish members will act with the representatives of England and Scotland and that the result can not be doubtful.

CABINET COUNCIL.

LONDON, December 14.—All the Ministers were again present at the Cabinet Council to-day.

HANLAN.

Hanlan has commenced training for the match with Laycock January 17.

BULLION.

LONDON, December 14.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the bank of England on balance to-day was £131,000, all for America.

SENTENCED.

LONDON, December 14.—Joseph Tapson, secretary of the Metropolitan Railway Company's Provident Savings Bank, arrested in Philadelphia, charged with being a defaulter, has been sentenced to five years penal servitude.

France.

PARIS, December 14.—The great subject of interest here is the newspaper warfare between Rochefort and Gambetta. In consequence of Rochefort's persistent abuse of Gambetta, the latter has indirectly caused certain letters to be published, in which Rochefort, when under arrest for participation in the Commune, besought, in humble terms, the mediation of Gambetta and Gen. Trochu in his favor. Rochefort, in his letters, disavows his connection with the Communists.

THE PANAMA CANAL.

PARIS, December 14.—De Lesseps states 1,360,000 shares of the Panama Canal stock have been subscribed by 200,000 persons. The greatest subscriber is France; the next is Spain.

Switzerland.

GENEVA, December 14.—The proposal of the Federal Council to coin 250,000 gold twenty-franc pieces has been rejected by the National Assembly, on the ground that in the present state of the exchanges the operation would bring no profit to the country, and would be regarded abroad as a step towards a gold standard, a consummation which the Assembly earnestly deprecated.

Italy.

ROME, December 14.—The Pope, at a secret consistory yesterday, delivered his allocution, speaking with some severity of the sufferings the church is undergoing in different countries. He made a very distinct allusion ta the condition of affairs in France, but his words were prudently chosen, so as not to give any government offense.

Germany.

BERLIN, December 14.—The Progressists and Democrats obtained a tremendous victory in the late election. At Attenburg Herr Kaempffer has been elected member of the Reichstag by a majority of 3,500 in a district which never before returned a Progressist. This is partly owing to the new corn laws.

PRINCE REUSS.

BERLIN, December 14.—Prince Reuss has returned from Friedrichsruhe, where he had an audience with the Emperor and explained Bismarck's views on the Greek question.

Cuba.

MADRID, December 14.—Very little importance is attached in official circles to the negro conspiracy in Cuba.

Eastern Europe.

VIENNA, December 14.—The Albanian League has entirely disappeared.

GENERAL LONGSTREET.

CONSTANTINOPE, December 14.—General Longstreet, U. S. Minister to Turkey, will present his credentials to the Sultan to-day.

Thrown From the Track.

RUTLAND, VT., December 14.—Three cars on the Montreal express north on the Bennington and Rutland Railway were thrown from the track by a broken rail at South Wallingford last evening. Several passengers were slightly, but none seriously, injured.

COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

The Stellarton Pits the Scene of Another Disaster.

HALIFAX, N. S., December 14.—Another explosion at the cage pit at Stellarton, this morning about 8 o'clock, followed in a few minutes by a second blast. A strong force of men is on hand to explore the damage at the earliest possible moment.

About 9 o'clock a third explosion occurred. It is not believed any lives are lost, as no miners were known to be in the pit, work not having been begun since the last explosion in Ford Pit. No one has yet been into the mine to ascertain the extent of the damage. The afterdamp has been too strong to allow of exploration.

ON FIRE.

STELLARTON, N. S., December 14—10 o'clock.—The cage pit is on fire now and dense volumes of smoke are ascending.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—Indications for Ohio Valley and Tennessee, rising followed by stationary barometer, cooler westerly winds, partly cloudy or clear weather with occasional rains or snow. For Lower Lake Region, rising preceded in eastern portion by falling barometer, stationary or lower temperature, southerly to westerly winds, partly cloudy or cloudy weather, with rain or snow. For Upper Lake Region, rising followed by stationary or falling barometer, cooler westerly winds, partly cloudy or cloudy weather with occasional snow. For Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys stationary or rising, followed by falling barometer, followed by rising temperature, westerly to southerly winds, clear or partly cloudy weather. Cautionary signals are ordered for Toledo, Sandusky, Section 5, Cleveland and Buffalo.

Ohio State Grange.

COLUMBUS, O., December 14.—The Ohio State Grange assembled here, Master J. H. Brigham in the chair. All the counties except four are represented, and there is an unusually large attendance of visiting Grangers. Master Brigham presented his annual report, showing the State organization to be in a very prosperous condition, financially and otherwise. The address gave special attention to the transportation question, the point of which was that while he did not deem it wise for the Grangers to be offensive in their treatment of corporations, still he urged upon them the necessity of united action in their endeavors to secure more uniform and permanent rates of freight upon railroads.

Harwood, the Bankrupt.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., December 14.—The Journal this evening will publish an interview with W. A. Hardy and M. C. Burnap, experts sent by New York creditors to examine the accounts of N. B. Harwood, the Minneapolis bankrupt, in which they say the investigations have been carried far enough to prove that the statement made by Harwood was entirely correct.

A Mother and Children Burned.

CHICAGO, December 14.—A News special from Independence, Mo., last night, says Mrs. James Jones, wife of a wealthy farmer, attempted to fill a lighted lamp with kerosene, when both the lamp and can exploded, causing the instant death of her two children, aged respectively six years and six months. Mrs. Jones was burned so terribly that she died in a few hours.

Absconded.

CHICAGO, December 14.—Earnest A. Thomalen, the stamp clerk in the Internal Revenue office here, has absconded with $3,756 belonging to the department, being money which he as deputy received for the sale of Internal Revenue stamps. He has been in the office several years and was trusted implicitly,

New York Tax Commission.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Ex-Congressman John D. Lawson, appointed last week President of the Tax Commission, having declined the position, Mayor Cooper sent to the Board of Aldermen the name of Henry E. Howland. The nomination was confirmed by a vote of fifteen to six. Howland is an ex-Alderman and Republican in politics.

Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce.

CINCINNATI, December 14.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day rejected the amendment to the Constitution to make it conform to a resolution adopted last year to withdraw from the National Board of Trade, and directed the secretary to forward the application to the National Board for reinstatement.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

LATROBE, PA., December 14.—A boiler in the Baker Car Works exploded with terrific force to-day. Two young men were badly scalded and, although they walked half a mile to the doctor's and had their wounds dressed, they were both dead in thirty minutes.

His Throat Cut.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NASHVILLE, TENN., December 14.—John Harper, colored, had his throat cut by Chas. Reese, colored, at a ball near Franklin last night. Death instantaneous.

Lehigh Valley Dividend.

PHILADELPHIA, December 14.—The directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent payable in January.

To Be Hanged.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Edward Reynhard, convicted of the murder of his wife at Silver Lake, Staten Island, has been sentenced to be hanged on January 14th next.

Advertising Sarah.

MONTREAL, December 14.—The pastor of the Church of Notre Dame (Roman Catholic) has warned his congregation against patronizing Sarah Bernhardt's performances.

Specie Imports.

NEW YORK, December 14.—The steamship Republic brought 242,300 and the Steamship Gallia 587,000 British gold bars and coin from Europe.

The Steamer Republic.

NEW YORK, December 14.—The steamship Republic, previously reported disabled, arrived to-day in charge of tug boats.

SPECIAL bargains in evening shades silks and satins, in the great sale at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

FIRE-FLIES.

'Tis June, and all the lowland swamps
Are rich with tufted reeds and ferns,
And filmy with the vaporous damps
That rise when twilight's crimson burns;
And as the deepening dusk of night
Steals purpling up from vale to height,
The wanton fire flies show their fitful light.

Soft gleams on clover blooms they fling,
And glimmer in each shadowy dell,
Or downward with a sudden swing
Fall, as of old a Pleiad fell;
And on the fields bright gems they strow,
And up and down the meadow go,
And through the forest wander to and fro.

They store no hive nor earthly cell,
They sip no honey from the rose;
By day unseen, unknown they dwell,
Nor aught of their rare gift disclose;
Yet, when the night upon the swamps
Calls out the murk and misty damps,
They pierce the shadows with their shining lamps.

Now ye who in life's garish light,
Unseen, unknown, walk to and fro,
When death shall bring a dreamless night,
May ye not find your lamps aglow?
God works, we know not why nor how,
And, one day, lights, close hidden now,
May blaze like gems upon an angel's brow.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

IDOL WORSHIP IN CHINA.

The Peculiar Ceremonial by Which Evil Spirits Are Cast Out.

Hangchow Cor. Celestial Empire.

A curious display of idol worship is being nightly enacted not far from this city. It is not easy to determine to what sect it belongs, for, though held in a Taoist Temple, no priest of either that or any other takes part in the ceremony. It is entirely carried out by the people themselves, and being in the seventh moon, when the names of the departed receive so much attention from their living relations, it may be correct to consider it a part of ancestral worship. At the beginning of the moon, proclamations were posted all over the city announcing the commencement of this strange ceremony, and calling the people to come up and pay their taxes to Yuh-whang Shung-ti, "Lord of the world and saviour of men," as they do their earthly Emperor. Each night, from the first to the fifteenth of the seventh moon, this parody on royalty is carried out, and delegates from various districts bring strings of paper sycee, which is weighed with the greatest care as if it was real silver, entered into the account books of an official, and at the proper time in the ceremony is sent up to spirits through fire. An idea of the amount of paper money consumed may be formed from the price received for the ashes, which realizes a total for this month, at sixteen cents cash an ounce, of not less than $30.

The real business of the evening commences after dusk. The procession, which goes out of the village in order to return escorting the spirit of the Emperor, begins to form. Each man carries a lantern, with the name of his district or society painted on it. The main temple and all the lesser ones are brilliantly lighted up with rows of lanterns or red cloth, and some large reflectors behind candles, the effect of which is very pleasing. Theatrical dresses of the most gorgeous colors, and heavy with gold lace, pass along in groups; boys dressed in cloth and gold tinsel hats, men bearing swords, spears and battle-axes, and bands of music go to make up this unique procession. The center of all is the Emperor's chair, carried by twelve bearers, containing his tablet; a man on each side, carrying large white feather fans, shields it from the public gaze, but waving to and fro as if fanning a living person.

After a long interval the big drum gave forth a booming sound, and the great idol Yuh-whang Shung-ti, wearing a most gorgeous dress, appeared and was placed on a raised platform under a rich canopy. All immediately fell prostrate upon the ground, and for a while silence reigned supreme; presently the master of ceremonies took his place and the bearers of cards of those gods who by their rank are allowed to pay their respects to his Majesty (as officials are with the real Emperor) began to arrive. A few feet from the throne they knelt and respectfully presented their cards, which was received by an official, who announced in a loud voice the name and rank of the sender. the court musicians playing on their instruments on the arrival of each fresh card, of which that night there were forty-eight.

A few devout worshippers were allowed to prostrate themselves in the royal presence, and toward midnight His Majesty proceeded to judge the evil spirits. The Chinese consider all mad persons possessed by a demon, and their friends, in the hope that this will be cast out by the ordeal through which they have to pass at this court, gladly send them there, each patient paying $55. These unfortunates are locked up in the hell before mentioned as they arrive—sufficient in itself to upset the balance of a sound mind. An official approaches and reverently asks for the keys. The request is granted, and runners ordered to bring one of the evil spirits to be judged. They rush off with a yell to obey this order, and presently they are to be seen at the far end hurrying along one of these unfortunate people. In the midst of frightful yells, the flames of the immense pile of paper-money making the whole court as light as day, this poor wretch is brought into his Majesty's presence. He was a tall, powerful man, his face pale though passive; but if his acts gave any clew to the state of his mind, he was the only sensible person there, for he refused to kneel; the excitement became intense, the runners threw themselves upon him with fierce energy to force him to kneel, but he was strong enough to resist them all, and after a fruitless struggle he was hustled out of this brilliant scene, and again thrust into the dark infernal regions. Another was brought forth with the same demoniacal yells. He quietly knelt, and was at length pronounced guilty, and sentenced to be beaten on the ankles with the light bamboo. A straw figure was brought forth to represent him, and he was obliged to look on while it received the punishment.

The Foremost American Actor.

New York Correspondence Chicago Times.

John McCullough's last week at the Fifth Avenue Theater is now in progress, and people are being actually turned from the doors every evening. I have hitherto dwelt upon the surprise which this sudden popularity has engendered, not only in my own mind, but in the minds of every one familiar with Mr. McCullough's back record as a star before the New York public. This last week's business caps the climax. The night before last I dropped in for the purpose of seeing his final appearance as the Gladiator. The theater was jammed to the very roof. Such an audience has never before been seen within the walls of the Fifth Avenue. After selling all the seats and all the standing room (which, by the way, was occupied by as many ladies as gentlemen), Mr. Haverly's treasurer was obliged to dispose of the only remaining box, seat by seat, at the price of $5 a ticket. This is something that does not often occur with any star anywhere. Mr. McCullough is doing a greater business than any other attraction in the country, excepting Bernhardt and the opera. That he amply deserves it on account of the serious attention he has bestowed upon the duty of bettering himself as an artist, and of rendering his great character studies complete and perfect, I think no one will dispute. I have not heretofore been willing to concede that Mr. McCullough was altogether the actor his enthusiastic admirers set him up to be. I am now even eager to announce my conviction that he is, by all odds, the greatest tragedian the American stage has seen since I became familiar with it.

Chinese Gourmands.

From the New York Sun.

Jaded gastronomes of the Pacific coast who are in search of a new sensation for their cloyed palates may, perhaps, borrow a hint from the party of Chinamen who, fishing the other day off Angel Island, took up in their nets a chang kwei yu, or big devil fish. The monster, on being hauled to the boat, grappled it with its huge feelers. The greedy Chinamen chopped off the tentacles with a hatchet. At last they got the whole body into the boat, and, recognizing in it some resemblance to the cuttle fish, which is said to be a Mongolian dainty, soon chopped it into chunks and sold it to the Chinese restaurants of San Francisco, where it arrived in season for eating on our national Thanksgiving Day. We have all heard of Cape Cod Turkey; this octopus may be called Chinese turkey. The Chinese are frugal to a fault, and they turned even the beautiful eyes and the seductive horny beak of this ocean charmer into medicine. It is said that the alleged rats which are so much relished in China as food are only a toothsome kind of rabbit or hare miscalled by the other name. Perhaps a like modifying interpretation will be put on this Celestial tidbit, the devil fish of Angel Island.

A New Play in Paris.

From the New York Sun.

The theatrical world of Paris had a novel sensation in the production of "Michael Strogoff" at the Chetalet. The lively story of Jules Verne has been transformed into an admirable play of five acts and sixteen tableaux, by the experienced dramatist, M. D'Ennery. The plot of the play is familiar to most readers of sensational romance. The London Daily News says:

Michel Strogoff is a young Russian officer, who is chosen on account of his courage and military qualities to be a messenger of important tidings in time of war, and proceeds on this perilous mission under circumstances which try all his fortitude. He is beset by terrible adventures. Appeals are made by turns to his patriotism, his personal valor, and his filial love, to induce him to waver from his purpose; but he passes successfully through every ordeal, and ultimately saves a Grand Duke and an army of his countymen from annihilation. This part was played with great truth and spirit by M. Marais, who rendered the soldierly obedience and fine discipline of the Russian Captain in a natural and impressive manner.

Among the subordinate characters who created amusement, not less by their vivacity than by the capital dialogue written for them, are two war correspondents of newspapers, M. Blunt, who represents the Morning Post, and M. Jolivet, who addresses his telegrams to his cousin, "Madeleine in the Rue Montmarte," but who is really intrusted with the interests of a Parisian news sheet. These are almost new types in French sensational drama, and M. D'Ennery, whose hand is most visible here, has made the most of them. They are as near to reality as is consistent with the broad treatment required for the stage; and their proceedings in search of early information have that mixture of the shrewd and ludicrous which never fails to hit the taste of a mixed audience. The originals—for it is said that they are intended for portraits—are alleged to be Mr. Archibald Forbes and M. Ivan de Westœyne, who figured so prominently in upholding the journalistic enterprise of their respective countries during the late war between Russia and Turkey. But as it appears in "Michel Strogoff" that the Parisian journalist was most successful in procuring intelligence, perhaps it is better not to push the comparison too far. It may be mentioned, however, that there is a growing habit on the French stage of dressing the characters introduced after well-known persons, a habit which students will remember was suppressed in England about a hundred years ago by the energetic protest of Dr. Johnson, so that nothing is quite new.

It appears, however, that the success of "Michell Strogoff" is not based solely on the sensational features of the plot. It relies to a great extent upon an amazing magnificence of the scenery and costumes.

Marrying the Girl He Robbed.

Montreal (Canada) Special to the N. Y. Sun.

The Court of General Sessions just concluded began with the trial of Richard Liston, a young man of twenty-four, for the larceny of $2,750 from Stella Hart, a pretty Jewess of seventeen, and ended with their marriage this morning in the court room where he was tried and convicted, and where he will be sentenced to-morrow. Liston has led a roving life, and several times got into scrapes with the police. Eight months ago he made the acquaintance of Stella, and eloped with her to New York, where they remained until recently. Stella, before leaving home, stole $2,750 from her father, a well-to-do optician here. On their return from New York Liston refused to marry her, and she had him arrested on the charge of stealing the money from her. He was found guilty, and sentence suspended until to-morrow to allow for the marriage taking place in the interim. This morning, although an attempt had been made to keep the matter private, the court-room was crammed, lawyers, merchants and members of Parliament being not the least interested and desirous of seeing the marriage. The parties met in the office of the Clerk of the Crown, and then proceeded in processional order to the Court of Queen's Bench Chamber, a guard of police bringing up the front and rear, Judge Dugas and the Rev. Gavin Long of the St. Andrew's Church of Scotland, in their robes, preceding the couple. The bride looked happy, and was attired in a walking habit. The bridegroom was solemn. He stalked along, his expectant wife one side and a jailer on the other. The ceremony took place in front of the Judge's bench under the huge emblazoned arms of Great Britain, bearing the inscription: *Honi soit qui mal y pense.* The service was conducted with all due solemnity. The girl returned to her friends, and the prisoner was driven back to jail. His sentence, it is said, will be light.

How English Earls Collect Irish Rents.

From the New York Herald.

A sad and dramatic eviction took place in County Wicklow to-day. An old man named Arthur Kavanaugh, in feeble health and bedridden for two years, who had a cabin on the property of Earl Fitzwilliam, had fallen behind in his rent. A decree of ejectment was obtained by the noble Earl at the last Wicklow Sessions. His gamekeeper, with two bailiffs, went to execute the decree this afternoon. They had to carry Kavanaugh out of the house, and as he was crossing the threshold of his cabin the poor old man gave one gasp and died in the gamekeeper's arms. His body was laid by the roadside. Over it for hours sat his only mourner, a granddaughter.

FIVE O'CLOCK TEA.

From the New York Mail.

If you want to retrim your hat you may use cords, but not tassels. The latter are now voted very bad form.

New Marguerite breakfast caps are made of silk plush and trimmed with Languedoc lace and bows of satin ribbon.

The loveliest vase of the season is decorated with roses in high relief, bringing with them a strong reminder of June.

When your old furs get too shabby to wear, you can make a very pretty rug of them, by simply sewing the scraps together.

Olive wood is much in favor for a variety of articles, useful and ornamental, and cannot grow common on account of its high price.

If the frog made of diamonds, with ruby or sapphire eyes, which now ornaments beauty's arm or bosom, is the frog who would a-wooing go, he is a very resplendent old frog indeed.

There has recently arrived in this country the handkerchief which took the first prize at the Paris Exposition. It is embroidered, and took two and forty days' steady work to complete.

A pretty device is a little work-case made of cork in the shape of a canoe, with the thimble in a rest at the prow, the stiletto and scissors and bodkin lying athwart the little craft.

Some people who are never content to let well alone will this year try to set a fashion of superseding the Christmas tree by a Christmas ship. But the ship is not likely to be a success.

The pug dog in bronze does good service this season in many ways, now standing up to have cigar ashes knocked off on his back and now mounting guard on penholders and paper-knives.

The kind of Christmas gift which never goes out of fashion is the sugar-plum box, in the shape of a champagne or seltzer bottle, which, when the cork is drawn, pops out a fan instead of froth.

THE DEVIL'S OWN.

A Colorado Desperado Sent to His Account by a Mob.

Trinidad (Col.) Special to Chicago Tribune.

The country south of here, along the Atchison and Topeka Railroad from Raton to Otero, has recently been much excited over a series of happenings of a startling nature, culminating in the lynching of Dr. A. C. Washington, a character who has figured more or less prominently in the southern part of Colorado and Northern New Mexico for four or five years past. The circumstances which have recently brought Washington's name before the public are as follows: He has recently resided at Otero, a small railroad station some fifteen miles south of the Colorado line in New Mexico. He had been called to treat a young dining-room girl at the Van Dever House, Raton, and while under his charge she grew rapidly worse, and died last Wednesday morning. She was rational before her death, and made a dying statement to the effect that on the night before Dr. Washington had administered to her two large doses of chloroform, under the pretext of relieving her pain, and while she was partially unconscious he had violated her person. There was no doubt in the minds of those who heard her story, and who were familiar with the accompanying circumstances, that the girl's death was caused by this harsh treatment and the drug administered.

The people about Raton were not long in deciding that, as Washington had killed the girl, he must also die. But the officials, observing the turn affairs were taking, took Washington in charge, and, to prevent violence, hurried him away to Otero, where he was locked up and thought to be secure. The mob followed the officers and prisoners to their places of refuge. Arriving at Otero after nightfall Thursday, they proceeded quietly, but in large numbers, to the place at which the culprit was confined. The doors of the prison were forced open and he was taken out and swung up by the neck and hanged until he was strangled to death.

A FIENDISH CAREER.

Denver Tribune, December 5.

If reports concerning Washington be correct it is fortunate for the world at large that his existence has been terminated, even at the hands of a mob. Hearing that Capt. Cutler, now in Denver, knew something of Washington's career, he was sought out by the Tribune, and related the story given below:

Washington went from Colorado to Otero about a year ago, while that town was the terminus of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad. He made his first appearance in Colorado about five years ago, and first settled at La Veta while that place was the terminus of the Denver and Rio Grande Road. There he was a druggist, maintaining quite a pretentious establishment. When he was first introduced to the La Vetians, Washington created a favorable impression. He was well-educated, had evidently traveled considerably, dressed well, was not ostentatious and possessed a pleasing address. The people considered him "an acquisition," and he soon installed himself in their good graces. It being discovered that he was unincumbered by a wife, he soon became a favorite beau, and it was not long until he was married to a young lady, the daughter of a leading citizen, but whose name will not be given.

Soon it began to be whispered about that Washington was abusing his wife. Pretty soon it was ascertained that he was in the habit of beating and otherwise maltreating her. The people rose in their wrath, and told Washington that he must either leave the town forthwith or submit to Judge Lynch's adjudication. He left, not even being given an opportunity to take his drugs with him.

He is next heard of at Las Animas, whither he fled. There he also established a drug store. There he was joined by a woman from the East, who claimed to have been his wife. Further particulars of his life at this point are not obtainable. It is known that he rid himself of this woman, but under what circumstances cannot be told.

From Las Animas Washington went to El Moro, another railroad terminus at that time. Here he does not appear to have been engaged in any special business. But he "went courting," as usual, stating that he was a widower, and this time seems to have combined business with pleasure by marrying the daughter of his landlord, Dr. Minder, then proprietor of the El Moro Hotel.

While here he was criticised for some business transaction by Capt. Cutler in the Trinidad News. He called on the Captain, and, presenting a cocked revolver with his hand on the trigger and with the muzzle in the Captain's face, demanded satisfaction. Although Cutler gave him a very unsatisfactory reply, he did not commit the murder which he then threatened.

Soon after this occurrence Washington appears on the stage at Otero as a physician, having taken his wife with him. Some six months ago he was on trial for the murder of a former partner, with whom he had quarreled about the ownership of a barn, and whom he had attacked and killed on the spot with a large knife. He set up the plea of self-defense, and was acquitted.

He next figures in a case of infanticide. A child had been born to his wife. The child died rather mysteriously, and soon it began to be whispered about that its unnatural father had killed it. The indignation of the Otero people was, of course, aroused, and they organized for an investigation into the matter, and for the purpose of avenging the murder in case the death should be proven to have been caused by him.

Learning of the inquiry as to his child's death, he at once charged his wife with the instigation of it, and set upon and beat her until she was almost dead. It is stated that he would have killed her had not the neighbors interfered. She was rescued from her husband's clutches and sent away. Threats of lynching were freely indulged in; but the people were unable, it seems, to find complete evidence that he had murdered his child, and the counsel of those who argued moderation was followed.

Nothing more is known of Washington until he is called to see the sick girl at Raton, with what result is already related. How many people he has killed as a druggist and "doctor," will probably never be known. Those who knew him say he was about thirty-five or forty years of age, and a handsome fellow, and that he seemed quite an efficient physician. He was worth at one time some $20,000.

As will be noticed, he leaves three wives in the West; and it is generally presumed that he left others behind when he came to this section of the country. Nothing is known of his birthplace or family, and it is generally believed that the name of Washington was assumed.

The Iron Chancellor.

From the London Empire.

Prince Bismarck, they whisper, is not happy. It is not that he cannot drink his favorite brown beer as of yore. It is not that the malignant neuralgia twitches his martyred jaw. It is not that his favorite big dog is moping, or that his favorite nuisance at Varzin, who stands in the same relation to him as the Tiverton butcher did to Lord Palmerston, is more insolent than ever. No: it is a private grief which vexes him, it is true, and a small one at that; but these small private griefs have a power of annoyance ludicrously disproportioned to their outward insignificance. Under the pressure of a great calamity, one can fold his toga, decently exhibit fortitude, and flatter himself that he is playing the noble Roman. But those petty trials worry like the stings of wasps, and put the patient of most heroic mould into a high fever. It is one of those which crosses the temper and impairs the digestion of the awful Chancellor. He covets an English decoration—either the Bath or the Garter; he is not particular to a shade of ribbon. If it be really true that this trifle disturbs the equanimity of the great man (and we owe we doubt it), the sooner he gets either decoration the better for the peace of Europe. But precedent is omnipotent, even in this instance, and he has to learn that he will have to bide his time. Meanwhile, he can console himself with the thought that he can load his breast any day he chooses with a neat and appropriate selection from the 406 orders he is entitled to wear. Some of these came to him ex-officio; others poured in, as customary international compliment; one, that of the Red Eagle, he received for the curious excuse that his daughter, Maria, had made a capital marriage; but in all this mass of gew-gaws there is prominent for its modesty the simple medallion "for rescue from danger." To his credit, be it spoken, the iron politician is prouder of this humble disc of metal than of all the insignia lavished upon him by kings. He earned it when a cavalry officer with the Stargard landwehr squadron of Uhlans in the summer of 1842 by saving, at imminent risk, his servant Hildebrand from drowning in the lake at Lippehne in the Neumark. This was the only decoration he possessed for many years. It has often, among diplomatic grandees, excited curiosity, and on one occasion, with a celebrated Embassador, even ridicule. To this diplomatist's sarcastic prayer to be told the meaning of the medallion, the grim Chancellor, with a look which went through his questioner, replied. "I am in the habit, your Excellency, of saving a man's life sometimes."

A Bit of Precocity.

Gil Blas.

One of the most remarkable instances of childish precocity known of late years has recently appeared in Paris. The child, which is French, born in the neighborhood of Perigneux in October, 1877, and thus scarcely more than three years old, is named Berthe Guillemaud. The parents are poor and ignorant vine-dressers, who, struck when she was only eighteen months old by the fact that she had extraordinary intelligence and a prodigious memory, took her to the schoolteacher of their village, and he amused himself by cultivating her astonishing talents. In a year she had made such progress that her parents made up their minds to reap some advantage from it, and brought her to Paris. She knows not only how to read and write, but the four rules of arithmetic, and solves the little problems that are given her without making a mistake. Moreover, she knows the whole of the first act of "Athalia," which she repeats in her little silvery voice from end to end without missing a line. And finally one can ask her for whatever piece he chooses from "Il Trovatore," "Rigoletto," "Faust," and "La Juive." She will sing it to him at once in the most accurate fashion imaginable. Nothing would be funnier than to hear her coo out the "Caro nome" from "Rigoletto" in Italian. And yet, as we have said, she is but a little over three years old. Not only does she not look older, but her certificate of birth attested by all sorts of authorities, each more official than the other, proves the fact beyond question. The child has been carefully examined by physicians for an abnormal development of the brain or skull, but they say that there is nothing of the sort, and that it is simply a very well developed head. We asked her manager what he intended to do when she should be five or six years old, when what is now surprising in her would no longer be extraordinary. "Oh," said he, "I have an engagement with her parents for five years, all the same, and I am quite sure of making a good thing of it. As she grows older I will make her exercise more complicated. She has just recited to you the first act of 'Athalia.' Now I am going to make her learn it backwards. As soon as she is four years old I am going to begin to have her taught mathematics."

And the baby playing with an India rubber doll, listened to all this without appearing in the least frightened by a future thus bristling with ciphers, with incomprehensible phrases, and even, perhaps, with algebraic formulæ.

This may be all very well for a year, for two years, perhaps for five, but in the end this poor little brain cannot fail of breaking down under such a strain. It simply means meningitis in the more or less remote future. We have a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals. Why in the world have not we one for childhood as well? Meanwhile, Berthe Guillemaud goes on earning 11,000 francs a month for her parents and many more for her impresario, a sort of Italian Barnum named Pessaro.

Bernhardt Socially.

From the New York Times.

Before Sarah Bernhardt had come to this country, in pursuance of her professional engagement, there was considerable speculation, private and public, as to her social acceptance here. Some persons held that she would be invited to private houses, particularly in New York, as she had been in London, to give entertainments and to receive social honors. Others, and they were largely in the majority, were of a contrary opinion. They did not believe that any American city would imitate the folly, to put it mildly, of the British capital; that it would receive in its homes a celebrated actress with antecedents which would prevent all thought of such reception had she been merely in private life. They were entirely correct in their judgment. Bernhardt has come and gone. She was eminently successful on the stage, the receipts of the four weeks of her performances—six a week—having reached very nearly $100,000. The receipts of the Francais in the same time could never have been much more than half the amount, for 63,000f. a week, or more than 10,500 a night, would be regarded as most extraordinary even at the theater which counts itself the first of the world. Socially, the succes of Bernhardt was *nil*. Nobody invited her; nobody called on her; nobody, in a society sense, recognized her existence. This is, under the circumstances, as it should have been, and reflects credit upon the good sense and propriety of the Metropolis. The intellectual and refined were pleased to flock to the play-house to witness her fine impersonations. They were not disposed to stay away because she had violated the canons of morality in her individual relations. They went to see her as an artist, not as a woman. If the play-going public does not concern itself with an actor's private life, why should it with the private life of an actress?

Spring on the Roman Campagna.

Miss Fletcher's Head of Medusa.

There is, properly speaking, no beginning of spring on the Roman Campagna. In September the land lies dying—a blank expanse, fever-stricken, burnt to the heart and very still. The skies are paler above it; the earth is cracking in long, shuddering gaps; the blanched lines of aqueduct seem more than ever organic—the natural culmination of the desert—and there is no coolness in their heavy shadow.

By December the strong-lipped daisies are red and white everywhere beneath the stubble of last year's asphodel. This same stubble is the surest measure of the passing seasons. On the coldest tramontane day, when the blue of the sky is hard like enamel, when the sheep huddle close together, and the immutable flexes writhe, dark and desperate, in the icy clutch of the wind, these bare, delicate stocks are like a warm rosy flush running above the foldings of the ground.

Flowers were continually springing up beneath this ghostly shelter, small pale crocuses, blue-veined and low, yellow marigolds, and strangely colored orchids dull in hue and faintly perfumed, like the grotesque tenement of a beautiful soul. By the end of January, when the warmer rains have washed these mouldering stems into the pale brown earth, the violets are blooming everywhere in the villas, and out here, on this perfumeless waste, a yellow mist of delicate wild turnip-flowers bends and dances in the wind. In another week or so the first almond tree will blossom palely behind some sheltered convent wall: already the Campagna has lost its noble monotone of color; the long lifting lines of plain are green beneath the grayer olives of the hills; the sweet impatience of the flowers stars all the lanes and hedgerows while yet the trees are budding, and the white foam of blossoms breaks over a summery land and beneath a summer sky.—

THE popular and efficient representative of the Watertown and other insurance companies in Grand Rapids, Mich., Mr. Wm. Marshall, writes: I can not too highly praise the curative qualities of that wonderful Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, for it cured me of Rheumatism when other remedies failed. I would not be without a bottle again for ten dollars, even if I had to pay that much for it.

FOREVER.

The hearts that beat with fond desire
Too soon, alas! grow cold and dead,
As suns that glow with heav'nly fire
Soon sink in ocean's chilling bed;
Yet hearts there are no fate can sever,
There is a light that shines for ever!

The heart that's lost in cold despair
That feels not hope's enlivening ray,
Soon sinks beneath the weight of care,
That sadden'd first its youthful day;
Then death alone its fate can sever,
And banish all its woes forever.

'Till reason cease her rays to fling
Across my wild, my fever'd brain,
This heart to thine will fondly cling,
Where all my hopes of bliss remain;
And cease to love thee it will never,
'Till death shall still its pulse forever.

P. NORBERT GAFNEY.

INSTANTANEOUS PHOTOGRAPHY.

Pictures Taken in the Hundredth Part of a Second—How It Is Done.

From the New York Post.

The process of instantaneous photography, as perfected recently in London and in this country by Rockwood, has resulted in many changes in the mode of taking ordinary photographs and has enlarged the field of photography by bringing within it the work of picturing objects in motion.

The history of the instantaneous process of photography is, like that of all other inventions, full of failures. The gelatine used instead of collodion as a medium for the chemicals employed in making negatives is a delicate substance, the manipulations of which need great experience and judgment; its proper preparation is so tedious that it is not probable that photographers will attempt to prepare their own plates as at present, but will buy them ready prepared, in large quantities, the plate being dry and practically inalterable. The gelatine is first boiled for many hours, then mixed with the necessary salts of silver and potassium, then passed through sieve-like cloths, washed in water to extract the excess of chemicals, boiled again for a day and then spread on the glass plates. Even the minutest care in proportions and treatment results in plates of different quality. Some plates are too sensitive and become black, even after an exposure of a fraction of a second; others do not give clear pictures. So rapid is the effect of light that the motion of the hand has been found to be too slow, and a pneumatic device has been introduced by which the slight pressure of a rubber bulb throws up a disk which covers the aperture of the camera and brings it down again. In Mr. Rockwood's studio a long tube goes from the camera to any part of the room, the bulb which ends it being carried in the operator's hand. When he sees a good expression or position on the part of the sitter he squeezes the bulb, no matter in what part of the room he may be, and the picture is taken. But even this pneumatic disk is not rapid enough for pictures taken out of doors. For this purpose a wooden slide is used with a round hole in it. As the slide falls the opening passes the camera aperture and gives a view of the scene, which lasts for about the hundreth part of a second. In pictures taken at the Battery by this process of gelatine coating and slides the finest ropes on ships steamboats going at full speed are as distinct as if the boats had been at rest, and each wave was distinctly pictured as it was at that fraction of a second.

For artists the instantaneous process offers the most valuable kind of aid. No matter how animated a scene it can be photographed as easily as a tableau. A ball-room with dancing going on, the musicians fiddling, people talking, laughing and yawning, can now be photographed with ease. Rogers, the sculptor, has used the process to take pictures of athletes struggling. The men struggle without any thought of the camera, and when they get through there are a half dozen pictures of the men in positions which struck Rogers as effective. All he had to do was to squeeze his rubber bulb and the thing was done. Horses trotting and cows grazing are easily taken. One picture taken last week represents five pigs feeding, one old fellow scratching his back as he gazes stolidly at the camera. A cat and her kittens make a pretty group.

In taking children and very old persons the advantages of this process are invaluable. The child is allowed to move about until it takes a good position, when the picture is made. Old people who dislike the ordeal of sitting are photographed before they know it, all such things as head-rests and props being done away with. Pictures of persons laughing are full of life, and it may be said of all pictures taken by the instantaneous process that the stiff, unnatural expression almost unavoidable when a person is obliged to sit with head propped up, staring at a camera for half a minute is done away with. In the opinion of many persons it will not be long before photographers' head-rests will be sold for old iron.

A PENSIONED DOG.

What Led to an Official Recognition by a Territorial Legislature.

From the Binghampton Daily Democrat.

In the Territory of New Mexico the Legislature by joint action recently pensioned a dog for noble services. In that country there are many sheep farms, and shepherd dogs are so well trained in caring for the flocks of their masters that it is their daily practice to take out the flock in the morning to pasture, guard them all day, and at night return them to the fold, or corral. This work of the Mexican dogs is so common and so faithfully performed that it is looked upon as a matter of course, and nothing more than should be expected from a well-trained dog. This being the case, it would appear that the dog worthy of a pension in that Territory must have performed some very marvelous feat, indeed, and something out of the common line of canine achievement. And he did. He did not save his mistress' life from the murderous fury of the savage, nor her child from being brained against a door-post or being choked by a huge blacksnake, for his master was not married and had no wife or babe, but lived a solitary life in his solitary ranch in a very solitary part of New Mexico.

It chanced that the dog in question, on returning of an evening with his sheep to the fold, discovered that his master was not stirring about, but remained inside the shanty and kept very quiet. The next evening it was the same. The dog, when he penned up the sheep, repaired to the shanty, smelled through a crack in the door his master's presence, but the man was still quiet and did not breathe. The dog scratched, barked and even howled, but no response came from within. The door remained close; no smoke rose from the chimney to greet the early morn. But the dog, true to his appointed duty, went out with the sheep on the third day, and cared for them while they cropped the herbage on the hillside. But he was getting hungry, and that night, when he drove the flock into the pen, the last one to attempt to go in became the victim to his appetite. This method of providing for his own wants became a portion of the dog's daily duty. Every evening the last sheep to try to enter the fold was seized by him and served for supper and for breakfast and dinner the following day. As stated before, the ranche to which the dog belonged was in a solitary part of the Territory, and out of the track of travel and social intercourse or visitation.

For two years from the time of the master's death—as ascertained by data left by the latter—the faithful dog tended the flock committed to his charge, and had fresh mutton for supper every night. The flock was not decimated by this draft upon its resources. On the contrary, it increased, in numbers, and when, at the end of two years from the time of the death of the proprietor, the ranch was visited and the remains of the poor fellow found, the dog was still on duty, jealously guarding his flock, and driving them to the best pastures every day, and to the fold at night, before which he slept, to keep the wild sheep eaters of the plains at a civil distance. Such fidelity excited admiration wherever the story was told, and the American legislators of the Territory, in a fit of generosity and enthusiasm of their session two years ago (they have biennial sessions in that happy country), granted a pension for life to that dog, to be paid from the Territory treasury, as a reward for his fidelity, and no doubt as an encouragement to all other sheepherd dogs in that Territory to be good dogs and faithful.

TILDEN'S OCCUPATION.

The Old Gentleman Interested in Agricultural Pursuits.

From the New York World, 10th.

A World reporter called at ex-Gov. Tilden's residence, No. 15 Gramercy Park, this evening, and sent in his card. The reporter went into the library and found Mr. Tilden with Mr. Geo. F. Hall, who has been recently making some purchases for him. After greeting the visitor, Mr. Tilden said quickly: "You want to learn about these Jersey cattle. You will excuse me. I have been in the city all day, and am somewhat fatigued, and have business to attend. Mr. Hall will tell you all about them." Mr. Hall led the reporter to the next room, and displayed photographs of two fine Jersey heifers. "They were," he said, "imported in August last, but, according to our laws, had just been taken out of quarantine. I purchased them yesterday at King's auction-store, in Philadelphia. I represented Mr. Tilden. I bid $800 for a fine Jersey heifer, Frolic, but was outbid. I'm sorry now I did not bid higher. But either of these I bought is prettier than Frolic. They are a pure fawn color, and almost exactly alike in form and size. I brought them through the city to-day, and they are now at Greystone. I telegraphed Mr. Tilden, and he came over to the down-town freight depot especially to see them, but missed them. He seemed very much disappointed, as he takes very much interest in Jersey stock. He is going out to Greystone the first thing in the morning, to inspect them. He also purchased two Jersey heifers and a bull from me. They are from stock imported five years ago. He will have, I think, one of the handsomest herds of Jerseys in the country. Oh, yes, Mr. Tilden takes great interest in farming at Greystone. The farm consists of sixty-seven acres, well situated and cultivated. The barns and stables are commodious. This fall Mr. Tilden has gathered over two thousand bushels of apples from his trees, and has planted five hundred pear and peach trees. He has also recently purchased a team of large farm horses in the West. They weigh fully 2,800 pounds. Mr. Tilden is very enthusiastic about Greystone and its agricultural products. If he were not he would be living out at Greystone at this season of the year instead of returning to his home. Politics? He does not seem to think of anything else but farming. I have been with him almost daily for months, and have never heard him say a word about politics, even in the heat of the campaign. He very seldom reads a paper. Sometimes he does not look at one for weeks."

The reporter sent word to Mr. Tilden that he had been greatly interested in the new about the Jerseys, and wished to get from him some opinion as to the probable result of the nomination and confirmation of a successor to Mr. Kelly. "Mr. Tilden sends back word that he has nothing else to say," was the message brought back.

Brother Talmage's Trials.

New York Special Telegram to Chicago Times.

Talmage's church debt rests like an evil spirit upon the Tabernacle, giving rise to a manner of unbrotherly gossip and internecine bickerings. The liabilities are now $60,000. Mr. Smith, one of the trustees who recently withdrew, said that the failure which attended Dr. Talmage's "dollar subscription scheme" was the great disappointment of his life. If Talmage was going to rid the church of debt by that means. There was much opposition on the part of trustees, but it was Talmage's pet scheme, and he ran it entirely himself and personally received the money. He said it would be a failure if it did not amount to $50,000. He preached about it, and letters came to him from Maine and from Texas. The amount received was about $3,000. The main trouble between Talmage and his trustees occurred when Parnell was in New York. Mr. Talmage, Mr. Smith says, offered the use of the Tabernacle for a reception and reported to the trustees what he had done. They objected flatly. Talmage was angry. He said it was the opportunity of his life. The reception committee next declined his proffer, but after that there was noticeable a very marked absence of cordiality in Dr. Talmage's bearing toward his board of trustees. Since then the fire has smoldered, and had broken out in the withdrawal of Maj. Corwin and his co-laborers from the Tabernacle. "His salary is only for months in arrears now," said Mr. Smith. "In June he asked for money and I advanced $5 and paid his salary in full to July 1.

"Is it true," it was asked, "that he has gone on a lecture tour for want of money?"

"No doubt he is lecturing to make money. He went away without any formal notice to the trustees or anyone. It is his usual custom of doing things. He goes when he likes and notwithstanding the express disapproval of the trustees. Only last March a resolution of the board of trustees said it was unwise that our pastor should be absent from any of the regularly appointed meetings of the church, and that his absence at other times should be in accordance with the views of the session, we believing that the interest of the church requires his exclusive and undivided attention. He never paid the slightest attention to this."

Monaco and the Bonapartes.

From the London Truth.

I am afraid that the marriage of M. Roland Bonaparte and Miss Blanc is likely to lead to the suppression, before long, of the gambling tables at Monaco. The young lady is the daughter of the proprietress of these tables, and it is hardly likely that the French Government will, if it can hinder it, allow millions to be gained annually at *trente et quarante*, and devoted to a Bonapartist propaganda. When the Empire fell the Empress spent a good deal of money in subsidizing French newspapers. The editors were all aware that Prince Napoleon was not likely to allow them to fool him out of his money, and this was mainly why they urged that Prince Victor should be recognized as the Emperor *in partibus*, instead of his father, for the subsidies of the Empress would then have continued. Already numerous petitions have been signed by the inhabitants of the Riviera, asking that the Monaco hell be suppressed, and the marriage will give them the additional weight. But it is not in accordance with the fitness of things that an Empire which was the elysium of broken down gamblers and of the riff-raff of Europe should now find resources for its re-establishment as a public gaming table?

Fighting a Panther for Four Hours.

From the Friars' Point (Miss.) Gazette.

Our friend Bob Bobo, who wears the honors as the champion bear-hunter, must now pull in his horns, as from all accounts he has been beaten by the exploit of Mr. C. Jenkins, who last Thursday night killed a panther that measured eleven feet four inches in length, nine inches across the foot and weighed, after being skinned, 302 pounds. The monster early in the night came up near the residence and got after a sow that had pigs. The sow took refuge under the house. Mr. Jenkins hearing the fuss went out, and, seeing the brute, got his gun and dogs and gave chase, running him a mile and a half, and after fighting him for four hours, during which all his dogs were routed and all his ammunition expended, he finally killed him with his knife. This is the largest panther we ever heard of, and Mr. N. B. Jenkins on Tuesday brought part of the scalp and a foot to town as trophies of the monster. Our friend Bob will now have to take a back seat until he can hunt up a larger one.

It is a mark of the increased of refined taste that natural flowers are now more used than artificial, especially by ladies at home.

Skye terriers have for some reason quite gone out of favor, and milady's pet is now the pug.

The Medicis collar is worn for dinner parties.

RIVER NEWS.

THIS is the day set for the sale of the Chas. Rebstock, at Memphis.

SOME of the chief men of the old K. N. Line are in this city—Darius Hunkins, Tom Hill, R. C. Gray, etc.

CAPT. JO. DUNLAP got up from Cairo, etc., yesterday morning. He brings word to Wm. H. Blake that the Kingdom of Beaver is prospering.

THE E. M. Norton is expected to leave Belmont on Thursday for New Orleans with a tow of barges full loaded. Capt. John Harrison Lay commands the Norton.

CAPT. WM. C. KIMBER arrived here yesterday, having left the steamboat J. B. M. Kehlor in safe harborage at Quarantine. She waits for the river to rise, and she and Capt. Seaman's E. O. Standard will leave very little apart.

N. O. TIMES: The Chicago papers note the fact that Cairo, as a terminal point, is now doing a larger business than ever before. With three great lines of railroad and innumerable branches terminating there, and deep water thence all the way down to New Orleans, it ought to do a heavy business every winter, when the water routes to the East are sealed with ice.

CINCINNATI Enquirer: The John Porter leaves two barges steel rails here, and takes the remainder of her tow to New Orleans. The Fred Wilson No. 3, Nellie Speer, Panther and James Gilmore left for Pittsburg yesterday with empty barges. The Fred Wilson No. 2 broke her shaft at Augusta yesterday, and returned here with her tow last evening, and after putting it in harbor left for Pittsburg light, where she will receive a new shaft. The Buckeye State will resume her trips in the Pittsburg trade to-day.

PITTSBURG, December 12.—No ice running to interfere with navigation. The Katie Stockdale is announced for Cincinnati Monday. The Scotia is waiting her turn. Navigation to Brownsville uninterrupted. Unless it turns cold, the river will rise. Boats in port: Iron Duke, Scotia, Iron City, Willie, Austin, Wyoming, Dakota, Evan Williams, George Roberts, Barnard, Ella Layman, Jay Blackmore, J. S. McDonald, Pacific, Josh Cook, Alex. Swift, Ed. Hobbs, E. H. Hetherington, Vigilant, Isaac N. Bunting, J. S. Keifer, H. M. Graham and two tow-boats not yet named.

N. O. DEMOCRAT: The Golden Crown, Capt. Eug. Shinkle, Clerk Chant Shinkle, arrived from Cincinnati Thursday night. The Kountz Line steamer Katie P. Kountz, John Noss in command, J. D. Harkins clerk, is receiving at the head of Girod street to-day. The next move of the towboat Alec Chambers, has not yet been determined. A party was trying to buy her yesterday. The shipping office for roustabouts will be opened Monday next. The rule requiring duplicate dray tickets is being rigidly enforced. The Wm. Fagan, under charter to represent the Belle of the Coast in the bayou Lafourche trade, will commence her trips Monday next and go through to Laurel Valley.

Snags Removed by the Macomb.

The United States snagboat J. N. Macomb, Capt. Frank M. Cayton, Jere Haldeman clerk, arrived from below yesterday morning, and left for Cairo in the evening. She will continue her work on her upward trip. The following is a list of snags removed by her between Memphis and the mouth of White River, from November 22 to December 10, inclusive, under the supervision of Maj. Charles R. Suter, Corps of Engineers United States army: 1 at head of President's Island, 3 at President's Island, 2 at Cow Island, 2 at Buck Island, 2 at Bennett's, 7 below Bennett's, 1 at Polk's, 4 at Blue's Point, 10 at Dr. Peters', 2 at Baldwin's, 24 at Ashley Point, 1 at Mhoon's Landing, 4 at Mhoon's Towhead, 6 in Burdeau Chute, 1 at Rogers's Landing, 1 at Fox Island, 1 at Frederick's Landing, 1 at Austin Landing, 2 at Ship Island, 5 at Turner's Point, 2 at St. Francis River, 6 at Prairie Point, 1 at Island No. 60, 2 at Williamson's, 12 at General Pillow's, 1 in Montezuma Bend, 1 at Rabb's Towhead, 2 at Clara Field, 2 at Westover, 1 at Miller's Point, 2 in Old Town Bend, 4 at Island No. 62, 8 at Island No. 63, 2 at Island No. 64, 3 at Jackson Point, 1 in Bend No. 65, 2 at Robinsonville, 1 at New Hope Landing, 1 at Lake Charles Landing, 2 at Wildwood, 1 at David Anderson's, 1 at Leigh Plantation, 2 at Crane's, 4 at Island No. 69, 1 at Dennis', 1 at Magnolia Point, 1 at Frawley's, 2 at Scrub Grass Towhead, 3 in Snodgrass Bend, 3 at mouth of White River, 1 at Middleground, 9 at Rosedale.—[Memphis Appeal, 12.

ADDITIONAL COMMERCE.

Lumber Market.

WHITE PINE.

Clear Tank stuff, rough, 2¼ to 4 in	$55 00
1st and 2d clear, " 1¼ to 2 in	47 00
" " 1 in	47 00
3rd " " 1¼ to 2 in	41 00
" " 1 in	40 00
A Select " 7 to 9 in	35 00
" 1¼ to 2 in	36 00
" 1 in (10 in. and over)	33 00
" 7 to 9 in	29 00
B Select, 1 in $24; 1¼ to 2 in	27 50
Clear Frames 2x6 and 2x8	32 00
Select "	27 50
Clear and Select 2x4	25 00
A Stock, 12 in. 12 to 20 ft	37 50
B " " 12 to 20 ft	36 00
C " " 18 to 20 ft	29 00
D " " 20, 12, 14 and 16 ft	17 00
D " " 18 ft	17 00
A 10 in. 12 to 16 ft	36 00
B " 12 to 16 ft	32 00
D " 12 to 16 ft	16 50
A Box 12 ft	41 00
B " 12 to 18 ft	39 00
C " 12 to 16 ft	28 00
D " 12 to 20 ft	18 00
Flooring D and M clear 4 in	37 00
" clear and 1st com. 4 in	35 00
" 2nd com. 4 in	33 00
" 3rd com. 4 in	23 00
" 4th com. 4 in	17 00
Siding, 1st and 2d clear	21 00
Siding, clear & 1st com	18 75
Siding, 2nd com	17 75
Siding, 3d com	13 50
Siding, 4th com	9 50
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear	22 00
Ceiling, ⅜ in., clear & 1st com	19 75
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 2d com	18 75
Ceiling, ⅜ in., 3d com	14 50
Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 1st com., 4 or 6 inches	25 00
Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 2d com., 4 or 6 inches	23 00
Ceiling, ½ in., clear & 3d com., 4 or 6 inches	19 00
Ceiling, ⅝ in., 1st com., 4 or 6 inches	32 00
Ceiling, ⅝ in., 2d com., 4 or 6 incres	29 00

COMMON LUMBER.

No. 1 boards 10 & 20 feet	$16 00
No. 1 boards 14, 16 & 18 ft	15 50
12-in. boards (Nos. 1 & 2), 12 to 16 feet	14 50
No. 2 boards, 10 & 20 ft	13 50
No. 2 boards, 12 to 18 ft	13 50
Cull boards or sheathing	11 00
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 16 ft	15 50
No. 1 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft	15 00
No. 2 fencing, 4 or 6 in., 12, 14, 18 & 20 ft	13 50
Cull fencing	11 00
Joists, 10 to 16 ft., 2x12 & under	13 50
Joists, 18 ft., 2x12 & under	14 00
Joists, 20 ft., 2x12 & under	14 50
Joists, 22 & 24 ft., 2x12 & under	$18 00@19 00
Joists, 26 ft., 2x12 & under	26 00
Joists, 28 & 30 ft., 2x12 & under	22 00@24 00
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 12 ft	13 50
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 14 & 16 ft	13 50
Scantling, 2x4 to 4x4, 18 ft	14 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 12 to 16 ft	13 50
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 18 ft	14 00
Yard timbers, up to 8x8, 22 ft	18 00
Large timbers at special prices.	
Grub and No. 2 joists, 10 to 16 ft	11 00
Grub and No. 2 joists, 18 to 20 ft	[illegible] 50
Grub and No. 2 joists, 22 ft. (mixed widths)	11 50
No. 2 scantling, 12 ft	11 50
No. 2 scantling, 14 & 16 ft	11 50
No. 2 scantling, 18 & 20 ft	12 00

YELLOW PINE.

1st and 2d cl. flooring (count), 4 in	$32 50
Star flooring (count), 4 in	30 00
Common flooring (count), 4 in	20 00
1st and 2d cl. flooring, mixed widths (tape)	35 00
Star flooring, mixed widths (tape)	30 00
Common flooring, mixed widths (tape)	20 00
1¼ in. 1st & 2d cl. flooring mixed widths (tape)	35 00
1¼ in. common flooring mixed widths (tape)	20 00
1 inch 1st & 2d cl. step stuff, 8 2 S	35 00
1¼ & 1½ 1st & 2d cl. step stuff, 8 2 S	37 50

POPLAR AND ASH.

1st Siding	—
2nd Siding	—
1st Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in	—
2nd Ceiling, 7-16 in. 6 in	—
1st Ceiling, ⅝ in	27 00
1st Box boards, rough, 14 and 16 ft	35 00
2nd (select) Box boards, rough, 14, 16 ft	28 00
1st Box boards, rough, picked widths	—
2nd Box boards, rough, picked widths	—
Common boards, rough	20 00
1st Panel, 8 1 S, ⅝ in	28 00
2nd Panel, 8 1 S, ⅝ in	—
Ash Flooring, 4 inch, $10; 6 inch	38 00
Ash Flooring, common, 4 and 6 inch	20 00

RED CEDAR.

Sawed Posts (quartered), No 1	30
Sawed Posts, square, 8 ft. 4x4 25c; 6x6	55
Sawed Timbers, 10 to 16 ft B. M.	$35 00

SHINGLES AND LATH.

	Car Load.
Eau Claire & Meridean, extra clear, dry	$3 15
Eau Claire & Meridean, shaded A, green	2 00
Eau Claire & Meredian, No. 1	95
Duncan & Taylor, extra choice	3 00
Choice "A" McCartney	2 90
Good "No. 1 (S. & B.)	1 20
Badger Common No. 1	95
Lath	2 40

Lath and shingles extra dry.

Metals.

COKE TIN PLATE.

IC, 10x20	$10 00	IC, 10x14	$8 00
IC, 10x14	6 00		

ROOFING TIN.

IC, 14x20	$6 50	IC, 20x28	13 50
IX, 14x20	8 50	IX, 20x28	$17 50

CHARCOAL TIN PLATE.

IC, 10x14	$7 00	IX, 14x20	$9 00
IC, 12x12	7 00	IXX, 14x20	11 00
IC, 14x20	7 00	IXXX, 14x20	13 00
IX, 10x14	9 00	IXXXX, 14x20	15 00
IX, 12x12	9 00	IX, 20x28	19 00

SOLDER.

No. 1, ₱ lb	14	Charter Oak, ₱ lb	16

SOFT LEAD.

Pig Lead, large	5	Bar Lead	6

BLOCK TIN.

Large pigs	24	Small pigs	25
Bar Tin	26		

BABBITT METAL.

No. 1	18	No. 2	14
No. 3	10	No. 4	8

SHEET ZINC.

600 lb. casks	8	100 lb. casks	8½
250 "	8½	Single sheets	8¾

BROOM WIRE.

Nos. 18 to 22, ₱ lb ... 11

BESSEMER STEEL BALING WIRE.

No. 9, ₱ 100 lbs	5 50	No. 10 and 11	6 00
No. 12	6 50	No. 14	7 25

BRAZIER'S RODS.

3-16 ... per lb. 5½ | ¼ ... per lb. 4½

GALVANIZED WIRE.

No. 7, 8 and 9	10	No. 10 to 11	11
No. 12	11½		

Discount — per cent.

STEEL FENCE WIRE.

Always put up in 100 lb bundles.

Nos. 7, 8 and 9 fence, per lb net	4
Nos. 10 to 11, grape trellis, per lb net	5¼
No. 12 " " net	5½

SHEET IRON.

Charter Oak Iron.

No. 24, 24 and 30 in. wide, 100, in. long, ₱ lb	5.10
No. 26, 24 and 30 " 100, "	5.30
No. 27, 24 and 30 " 100, "	5 50

CHARCOAL SHEET IRON.

No. 26 ... per lb. 7 10 | No. 27 ... per lb. 7.30

COPPER.

PLANISHED COPPER—BOILER SIZES.

No. 7, 14 oz., 14x49; 7, Large, 14x52; 8, 14 oz., 14x56; 9, 16 oz., 14x61 ... per lb.	38
Nickel plated, ₱ lb	48
Tinning per sheet, 6 and 7	12
" 8 and 9	15
PLANISHED COPPER, 14x48, 14 and 16 oz ₱ lb	36
Tinning, per sheet	10
BRAZIER'S COPPER, 30x60.	
8 and 9 lb sheets, ₱ lb	32
10 and 18 lb sheets, ₱ lb	30
14 to 60 lb sheets, ₱ lb	28
SHEATHING COPPER, Tinned, 14x48.	
14 and 16 oz., ₱ lb	28
Tinning, per sheet	10
Reservoir copper, 16x60 and 20x60 ₱ lb	30
Tinning, per sheet	25
COPPER BOTTOMS, ₱ lb	32
Oval Flat Copper Bottoms, ₱ lb	32
Metallic Bottoms, ₱ lb	22
GUTTER COPPER, 20x72.	
10 to 13 lb., ₱ lb	30
14 lb ₱ lb	28
Soldering Coppers, ₱ lb	30
Soldering Copper Handles, ₱ doz	50
BRASS KETTLES, 7 to 13 inches, ₱ lb	35
14 inches and over, ₱ lb	38
Sad Irons, ₱ lb	3½
Resin, ₱ lb	5
Resin, ₱ bbl	$4 50

GALVANIZED SHEET IRON.

(Moorhead & Co.'s Juniata.)

	Per lb.		Per lb.
No. 18 to 20	12	No. 22 to 24	13
No. 26	14	No. 27	15
No. 28	16		

Discount 30 per cent.

FENCE STAPLES.

Per keg	5
Per lb	5½
No. 12 coppered	8
Stretchers	per doz. $2 00

BRASS AND COPPER WIRE.

	Brass Spring.	Copper.
No. 6 to 20, net per lb	35	43
21 " "	38	48
22 " "	39	47

RUSSIA SHEET IRON.

Genuine.

Nos. 8, 9, and 10 ... Per lb. 16c

BRIGHT MARKET WIRE.

Nos.	0 6,	7, 8, 9,	10, 11,	12,	13, 14,
	9	10	11	11½	12½
No	15, 16,	17,	18	19,	20
	14	15	16	19	20

AMERICAN PLANISHED RUSSIA.

	Per lb.		Per lb.
No. 28	12	No. 24 to 27A	12
No. 24 to 27B	10½		

BOILED IRON.

No. 18 to 20, ₱ lb.	3 90	No. 26, ₱ lb	4.13
No. 22 to 24, ₱ lb.	4 10.	No. 27, ₱ lb	4.50

ST. LOUIS BARBED WIRE.

Twisted	7½	Galvanized	9
Clothes line wire, doz. rolls			$3 50

Dry Goods.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

DENIMS.

Amoskeag	17	Warren AXA	15
Clark's	16½	" BB	14
Boston	9	" CC	13
Belmont XX	15½	Belmont CCC	12½
" BBB	13½	" AAA	14½

CHEVIOTS.

American	11½	River Mills	8½
Ontario	10	Rugby	8
Cumberland	9	Bates	11

BLEACHED COTTON.

Androscoggin, L	10	New York Mills	12
Bleachdale	6¾	Linwood 4-4	9½
Chapman	7½	Lonsdale 4-4	10
Davol	11	Fruit de Loom 4-4	10½
Fairmount	7¾	" 7-8	9½
Gilt-edge	7½	Hills 4-4	10
Hero	7	" 7-8	9
Knights' cambric	10	Hope 4-4	8½
Langdon, G. B	12	Whittensville L 4-4	9
" 76	10	" 7-8	8

TWEEDS.

Pedestrian	16½	Crosbyville	37½
Kansas	20	C. G	37½
Bois de Boulogne	20	Clifton	50
Allens Cubans	20	Manchester	55
Hawthorne	30	Licester	57½

BROWN SHEETINGS.

Atlantic, A 4-4	8¼	Hoosier, 4-4	6¾
" H 4-4	8	Indian Head, 4-4	8½
" LL 4-4	6¾	" 7-8	7½
" V 7-8	7	Indian Stand'd, A 4-4	8½
Aquawan, F 4-4	6½	" B 4-4	8
Augusta, 4-4	7½	" C 4-4	7½
" 7-8	6½	Lawrence, LL, 4-4	7
" 3-4	5½	Middlesex, A 4-4	4½
Belmont, 4-4	7½	Mathews, A 4-4	7½
Cherokee, 4-4	5¾	Penn Mills, 4-4	—
Great Western, 4-4	7½	Trion, AAA 4-4	—
Graniteville, AA 4-4	—	Richmond, R 4-4	6½
" EE 4-4	—	Sea Island, 4-4	6½
" LL 4-4	—		

TICKS.

Amoskeag D	13	Connestoga X	11
" ACA	17½	" AA	12
" A	16	" CCA	14
" B	15	" CT	15
" C	14	" Extra	17½
Lancaster	17	Ocean	8

BROWN DUCKS.

Boston S. O	10½	Savage, fancy	15
" XX	13	Buckingham, fancy	16
" AAA	15	Waltham	10
Belmont 10	11½	Belmont 20	12½
" 30	14		

JEANS.

Palestro	10	Iowa	30
Rarus	13½	Kansas, 10 oz	35
Pride of the South	15	Huge Doeskins	35
Calcutta	17½	5 Leaf Ky	37½
Neosho	18	Bourbon	40
Uncle Sam, Doeskin	20	Live Oak Buckskin	35
Provident	20	Ermine Doeskin	45
Nan-King Tricot	20	Pioneer	45
Rockbridge	25	Humboldt Doeskin	45
Pacific R. R	30	Arragon	57½

PRINTS.

Gordon	6	Merrimack, fancy	7
Dunnel	6½	" shirtings	6½
Albion solids	6	Sprague's shirtings	6
Allens	6½	Freeman, fancy	—
Arnold's fancy	7	Bristol	6¾
American fancy	6½	Simpson's	7
Hamilton	7	Windsor	7
Cocheco fancy	7	Richmond	6½
Southbridge	6½	Cocheco robes	7½
Hartel	6½	Pacific robes	7
Mallory pink	7	Oriental robes	7
Sprague's fancy	6½	Durham	5½

FLANNELS.

Raftsman	25	Goldminers	22½
Lumberman's	25	Explorers	20
Blue Ridge	22½		

GINGHAMS.

Amoskeag	9½	Glasgow	8½
" dress styles	12½	Berkshire	8

CAMBRIC.

3-4 flat	6	High colors 1c higher.
Paper	8½	

Drugs.

Alum	4@5	Ipecac	1 50
Aloes, cape	17@25	Indigo	90@$1
Acid, tartaric	55	Jalap	40@45
Balsam copaiva	65	Logwood	4@5
Blue mass	45	Lunar caustic	90
Borax, ref	14@15	Liquorice	35@40
Blue vitriol	10@12	Madder	13
Calomel Amer	65	Magnesia carb	35@40
Do English	1 20	Morphine	4 75
Camphor	30	Oil Bergamot	3 25@3 50
Cream tartar	25@45	Opium	7 25
Cantharides	1 35@40	Oil lemon	7 00
Chloroform	90	Peruvian bark	35@2 00
Copperas	2½@3	Quinine	2 60
Epsom salts	3@3½	Rhubarb	1 00
Glue	15@25	Salsoda	2½@3
Gum arabic	25@60	Soda, bicarb	4@5
Iodine	4 00	Salt petre	8@16
Iodide potassium	3 00		

Fish.

(Jobbers' Quotations.)

MACKEREL.	Bbls.	100 lb Hlfs.	90 lb Hlfs.	50 lb Qrs.	15 lb Kits.	12 lb Kits.
1880, Tinkers	$9 00	$5 00	$4 55	$2 50	$ 85	$ 75
No. 1	10 50	5 75	5 25	2 90	1 00	85
No. 2	7 75	4 40	3 90	2 25	80	70
Fat Family	6 75	3 85	3 50	1 90	70	60
No. 1 Bay	12 00	6 50	5 90	3 25	1 10	90
Prince E'wrd Island Mess	16 00	8 50	7 75	4 25	1 40	1 15
No. 1 Shore	20 00	10 50	9 50	5 25	1 70	1 40
No1 Ex Shore	25 00	13 00	11 75	6 50	2 10	1 70
No. 1 Mess	22 00	11 50	10 40	5 75	1 85	1 55
No. 1 Ex. M.	28 00	14 50	13 00	7 25	2 30	1 90
No. 3 Large	8 00	4 50	4 10	2 25	80	70
No. 2 Large	9 90	5 00	4 55	2 50	85	75
LAKE FISH.						
No. 1 Lake		5 50	5 00	2 90	1 00	90
No. 1 White		7 60	6 30	3 75	1 25	1 10
No. 2 White		5 50	5 00	2 90	1 00	90
Fam. do		4 50	4 25	2 50	85	70
SALMON.						
Colu'bia River Salmon	16 00	8 50	7 65	4 25	1 40	1 15

CODFISH.

Boneless, ordinary, 25-lb boxes, lb	4½
Boneless, Malta brand, 35-lb boxes, ₱ lb	6¼
Boneless, Crescent brand, 35-lb boxes, ₱ lb	8
Boneless, Snowdrift brand, 35-lb boxes, ₱ lb	9
Red Brand strips, 40-lb boxes, ₱ lb	4½
Blue Brand, 40-lb boxes rolled, ₱ lb	5½
Blue Brand Georges, 20-lb boxes, strips, ₱ lb	6
Blue Brand Georges, strips, 40-lb boxes, ₱ lb	5¾
Genuine Georges, 20-lb boxes, strips, ₱ lb	9
Peerless strips, 20-lb, ₱ lb	7
Peerless, 20-lb, ₱ lb	9
Georgia Bank, 25 and 50-lb, ₱ lb	6¼

MACKEREL IN TINS.

Nonparel, 1 5-½ tins, ₱ doz	$5 50
Breakfast mess, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	5 00
X L C R mess, 5½ tins, ₱ doz	6 50
Peerless mess, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	6 00
Potter & Wrightington's mess, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	6 00
Family mess, square, 5-lb tins, ₱ doz	5 25

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Brls., 200 lbs.	½-brls. 120 lbs.
No. 1, R'd Shore, Herring	$6 00	$2 25
N. Labrador Split	6 00	3 25
New Gibbed	6 50	3 25
Potomac Roe Herring	12 00	6 50
Herring, boxes, No. 1 and scaled box		28
Herring, boneless, in ½-lb tins, ₱ dox		1 75
Herring Holland, Brown brand, new, ₱ keg		1 10
Herring, Holland, Eagle brand, new ¼ keg		1 00
Herring, Holland, Milter's brand, new ¼ keg		1 50
Russian Sardines, Lion brand, new, ₱ keg		70
Russian sardines, St. L. Packed		50
Anchovies, in salt, 1 doz glass bottles in cases		4 50
Anchovies, in oil, 1 doz glass bottles, in cases		6 50
Anchovies, in ¼ kegs		40
New smoked halibut, in 100, 50 and 25-lb boxes, ₱ lb		12½

FREE OF CHARGE!

All "Wants," "Lost," "Found," "For Rent," etc., etc., not exceeding four lines, and not of a business character, will be inserted Free of Charge.

PERSONAL.

THE Golden Eagle Loan Office, No. 12 South Fourth street, offers great inducements for holiday presents in unredeemed pledges consisting of Diamonds, Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, Opera Glasses, Musical Instruments, etc. Remember 12 South Fourth st. Weekly payments taken for all the above articles.

ARCHITECT—P. H. MONNERON, first diploma of the School of Beaux Arts, Paris, France, 407 Walnut street.

ALL Cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 808 Locust street.

BESSEHL'S (formerly with E. H. Bessehl) New Hat Store, 905 Franklin avenue.

BEAUTIFUL, marvelous, wonderful is the display of Christmas-tree ornaments and candies at the Cafe Parisien, 414 Franklin avenue, next door to Crawford's.

BIRDS AND BIRD CAGES, Hartz Mountain Canaries, Love Bird Parrots, Gold Fish, Fish Globes, Aquaria, Mocking Bird Food, Bird Seed, Gravel Paper, etc. August Bohne, 625 Olive street. Removed from Fifth street.

CAKE Ornamenting, &c., done by addressing F. A. 90, care of 723 Franklin ave.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 802 Locust street.

CHAS. T. FITZPATRICK, 584 Christy avenue, dealer in Northern dairy and creamery butter. Try him.

CATARRH SNUFF—Tonsley's Sneezeless Catarrh Snuff cures catarrh, cold in the head, nervous headache, etc.; a sure cure or no pay; 25 and 50 cent bottles. Ask your druggist for it.

DYSPEPSIA AND ANY DERANGEMENT OF the digestive organs cured by Maguire's Dyspepsia Cure. At Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

GENTLEMAN of small means wishes the acquaintance of some middle-aged lady with some means; answer by letter at once; J. C. Snow, Post-office.

I WOULD respectfully invite those wishing cakes for the holidays before purchasing to come and examine my stock of fruit cakes; I have all sizes; no sand or grit in them. Also a fine quality of pound cake, lady cake, etc. JOHN McKINNEY, 2415 Franklin ave., and 900 Mound st.

MAGUIRE'S Curative and Injection at Harless' Drug Store, 18 South Fifth street.

MARTIN'S SHORT-HAND INSTITUTE, 222 S. Twelfth street, established 1876. Get circular and catalogue.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Laura De Knevett, spiritualist, natural clairvoyant, trance, test and business medium, 1413 Morgan street.

PERSONAL.—Calf shoes $3 50, to measure, at John Lottrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Mrs. Lankton, Indian Fortune-Teller, 921 North Seventh (side entrance), between Franklin avenue and Wash street.

PARTIES designing to enter a commercial college can get circulars and valuable information free. Address W. Ramsey, 704 Chestnut street.

PERSONAL—S. Di Franza, successor to A. R. Sabini, 509 North Fourth street, Hair and Beautifying Bazaar. The largest assortment of human hair goods positively retailed at wholesale prices. The latest novelties in front pieces, to improve the looks of young and old, from 50 cents upwards. Ladies who purchase one will be taught free of charge how to dress the same. Combings made up into switches by our own method, roots all one way. Old hair taken in exchange and bought. Hair dressing and shampooing.

SANTA CLAUS has established his headquarters at the Cafe Parisien, 414 Franklin avenue, next door to Crawford's. Come and see. It's wonderful.

THOSE who contemplate making presents will do well to visit F. W. Dosten's jewelry store, 619 Olive street, where a fine assortment of watches, clocks, silverware and jewelry can be found; also watches, clocks and jewelry repaired and warranted.

FOR RENT.

ROOM and POWER
TO RENT. Inquire of
KINGSLAND & FERGUSON
NO. 823 N. SECOND ST.

TWO furnished rooms for rent at 1324 N. Sixth street.

619 WALNUT STREET, nicely furnished rooms (in private house, used only for roomers) to parties giving good references; willing to pay fair rent for No. 1 conveniences.

818 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front room for rent.

2323 OLIVE ST.—One or a suite of handsomely furnished or unfurnished rooms, suitable for 2 or 4 gents, or lady and gent. Ref. ex.

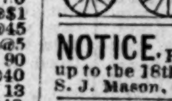
2710 DAYTON ST.—2d story front room, with board. Refs. given and required.

ALL SORTS.

COAL—HALL & CO., 23d and Morgan, the most popular market in the city. Send your postal.



BAUMAN'S Scale Warehouse. Established in 1848. Oldest Established Scale House in the West, 122 and 124 Market street.



The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut St. Loans large and small amounts, builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.



A. BANCHEREL, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

NOTICE. All goods and pledges left with J. G. Ross deceased, and remaining, on hand up to the 18th of November, have been transferred to S. J. Mason, 213 N. Fifth street.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut st. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—A house with from 5 to 7 rooms, water and gas; a good neighborhood, south of Russell avenue, north of Arsenal street, west of Carondelet avenue, east of McNair avenue. Address P. J. P., this office.

WANTED SITUATIONS—MALES.

A YOUNG man wants a situation in grocery store or bar-room, with two years experience; with reference. Address W., this office.

A MAN of experience wishes a situation as foreman in a livery or sale stable. Address L. C., this office, for three days.

A GOOD honest boy 14 years old wishes to learn the trade of plumbing and gas fitting. Wages low. Address C. H., 20, this office.

A GOOD, honest boy wishes to learn the trade of plumbing and gas fitting; can write a good hand. Wages low. Address R. S., this office.

A YOUNG man wishes to do copying or something similar, at home. Will work cheap. Address "Rac," this office.

A SITUATION as salesman in retail or wholesale grocery, and make myself generally useful. Address S. P. Beall, this office.

A BOY of eighteen wishes a situation in wholesale or retail store; understands care of horses. Address T. H., 504 Montrose avenue.

A GENTLEMAN would act as amanuensis or copyist on reasonable terms. Address Writer, this office.

A YOUNG MAN wants situation of any kind, so it is honest. Ad. Willing, 1417 Olive.

A PRINTER wishes a job at any salary for the winter, German or American language. Address Andreae, 813 Market st., up stairs.

A MIDDLE-AGED man of good address who has had 11 years' experience in a general store, wants a situation either as salesman or night watchman in some good business house or hotel. Can bring best city ref. W. K., this office.

A BOOK-KEEPER wishes to engage after Jan. 1. Ad. J. B. W., this office.

A VARNISHER wishes a situation in a factory or store. Apply F., this office.

A BOY wishes a situation; willing to do anything but stabling. Apply S., this office.

A STOUT boy, 14 years old, wants any kind of a job except stable work. Apply X., 1309 Franklin avenue.

A SITUATION as meat cook in restaurant or hotel; have had 10 years' experience; reference given. W. Reb, this office.

A MAN and wife wish a situation in some family at general work; woman is a good cook, man do anything; are German; have no children and will work cheap. Please address William B., this office.

A GRADUATE of an Eastern institute, and one with experience as salesman and book-keeper in the grocery business, would like a situation in a good business house of any kind; can furnish good reference and recommendations. Ad. W. J. Smith, Waverly, N. Y.

BY a young man of 19, a position wanted, to learn some mercantile business. Hardware or groceries preferred. Writes a good hand, is quick in figures, and is not afraid of work. Good city references. Address, for ten days, B. R. H., care of 526 North Commercial street, city.

BY a young man as porter, driver or watchman. Best references given. Address W. J. E., 2101 South Seventh street.

BY a No. 1 boot maker, 15 years' experience, 7 years in one shop. Understands retail boot and shoe trade. Any one wanting a good man can get one by addressing S. S. Rankin, 1333 North Seventh street, St. Louis, Mo.

BOY 18 wants to learn the barber trade or would be willing to do almost anything to make an honest living. Address 1047, Station A.

BOY seventeen years old wants to learn the engineering and machinist trade. Please address H., 4236 North Tenth, city.

BY a youth of eighteen situation with moderate salary; will work hard; has two years' experience in loan office; gives highest references, etc.; solicits a trial: address M. P., this office.

BY a young man of good habits a place to learn the cigar trade. Ad. W. S., this office.

GOOD butcher wants employment, will work cheap; sober and industrious and can give good reference. Call or address Butcher, 907 N. Fourth street.

IN dry goods or notion store. Address Frank Malin, 911 North Twenty-third street.

MANUFACTURING chemist making specialty of household articles as lard butter, vinegars, extracts, etc., desires a situation. Not afraid of work. Address L, E., this office.

SITUATION—Wanted by sober young man as porter or driver. Address J. K., this office.

SITUATION wanted by an experienced waiter. H. T., this office.

SITUATION by a first-class varnisher and rubber; address W. S., this office.

SITUATION in a tailoring house by a young man who is posted. H., this office.

SITUATION in tailoring establishment by an experienced salesman. H., this office.

STEADY man wants a situation as engineer; is a competent machinist. Best references. Address James McGovern, 510 O'Fallon st., St. Louis.

SITUATION to sell goods on road on commission and expenses. J., this office.

SITUATION wanted by an experienced salesman in a gents' furnishing store; best reference given: address J. A. K., this office.

SITUATION wanted by a boy in an office, or as salesman; reference given; address 2018 Carr street, this office.

SITUATION wanted by a strong, steady, sober young man as porter in some store or wholesale house, or to make himself generally useful about the store. Call or add. 1214½ N. Eighth st.

SITUATION wanted by man and wife (English—no incumbrance) in any capacity; ten years' recommendation; address C. R. D., 1002 Chestnut street, city.

SITUATION wanted by a young married man at son etbing; capable, willing and strictly honest; must have work; address P., this office.

SITUATION wanted as collector in some good business house; best city references given. Ad. Van, 1308 Pine st.

SITUATION wanted by a young man of twenty; will work for small wages. James Jones, 910 E. O'Fallon st.

SITUATION wanted as coachman in a private family; good reference given if required; speak German and English. Address H. S. B., this office.

SITUATION wanted to learn stair building or cabinet making. Address E. M., 1511 South Eighth street.

SITUATION wanted by a boy in an office or as salesman; reference given. Address C. S. F., this office.

TO travel for a cigar house on commission and expenses. J., this office.

TO sell goods in Colorado and New Mexico for some good wholesale house; address P. O. box 153, Carrollton, Mo.

WANTED—Postal cards, envelopes or circulars to address. S. B. T., this office.

WANTED—A situation as night clerk in hotel; good refs. from last place worked at. S. T. B., this office.

WANTED—Situation as porter or other indoor work where a man can be comfortable and earn a fair salary. Have had experience and am a good marker; references given. Address W., 3114 Oregon avenue.

WANTED—Situation of any kind; am able and willing to work; can write a good hand and am quick and correct at figures. T. E. W., this office.

WOULD like a place in a tailoring establishment to sell on commission to own trade, with small salary; address H., this office.

WANTED—By a young Englishman, a situation as groom or coachman; understands horses thoroughly; no objection to work about the house; best city references; address T. T., this office.

WANTED—A good house man wants a situation; address A. G. M., this office.

WANTED—Situation as porter or watchman in some business house. Address 1324 N. 20th street.

WANTED—To post set of books every evening, or employment in any capacity from 5 to 9 p. m. J. W. S., this office.

WANTED—Situation as traveling salesman. Groceries preferred. Address S. A., Box 472, Springfield, Mo.

WANTED—By a young man who is a good penman and quick at figures, a position in an office. Ad. B. G. H., this office.

WANTED—A situation as first meat cook in hotel or restaurant; ten years' experience, good reference. Address W. Reb. this office.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class fancy cake baker and ornamental, also party confectioner. Does not object to going South. Of strictly moral habits. Address L. 40. this office.

WANTED—Situation by a bartender. Ad. Bell, this office.

YOUNG man, good penman and book-keeper, with part of the day to spare, would like to find employment for unoccupied time. Address Dixon, this office.

YOUNG man 19 years old wants to learn bar-tending. Salary must pay expenses. Address D., this office.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—1522 Olive. Delightful rooms; comforts of a nice home guaranteed; strictly private family.

2936 LOCUST ST., with board, a large, delightful front room, furnished or unfurnished.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING BUREAU.

ADVERTISERS can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of Advertising in American Papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York. Send for a circular.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

A LIVE man wanted to take orders for custom shirts; $20 per week can be made. Ball at Bellvue House, 717 North Sixth, 7 to 9 morning or evening.

A NO. 1 order cook wanted; 612 Pine street.

A LIVE man that understands the cattle business; good chance for the right man. Address A. B., this office.

A GOOD BOY wanted to go errands. 217 North Fourth st., toy store.

GOOD bottomers on hand-sewed work wanted. Apply to Weston & Johnson, 316 Chestnut street, room 2. Steady work.

THE advertiser desires to connect himself with some reliable young man for the purpose of conducting a real estate brokerage business in St. Louis; only those acquainted with St. Louis and its business men need answer. Good reference given and required; address Real Estate, Post-office box 183, Rochester, N. Y.

TWO experienced serial book solicitors wanted for Denver and the West; transportation furnished to ground. Address C., this office.

WANTED—Twenty bricklayers, at once, at Cotton Compress, Chouteau avenue and Manchester road.

WANTED—Hauling for one or two good teams at reasonable rates; 307 Webster street.

WANTED—A man cook for restaurant. 504 Market street.

WANTED—Amanuensis with type writer. Address with handwriting, Permanent, this office.

WANTED—A good Sacristan at Church of Immaculate Conception, Jefferson avenue and Lucas place. Apply to Pastor at parochial residence adjoining.

WANTED—Three tailors to go in the country. Good pay and steady work all the year. J. M. Hayes, 619 Washington ave.

WANTED SITUATIONS—FEMALES.

A WOMAN wishes to do laundry work by the day. Call at Washington avenue, 1222, south side of the street.

A SITUATION by a young girl in a private Catholic family to assist with house work. Address Mary, this office.

ANY ONE in need of good hat trimmers please address J. S. M., this office.

A COMPETENT cutter will go out in families by the day or week, city or country; or would take a position as cutter in some shop. D. R., 1601 O'Fallon street.

A FIRST-CLASS dress-maker wants work by day or week. Good references can be given. Apply at 1425 Lucas av.

A RESPECTABLE woman wishes a situation to take care of children and do light work, or to take care of an invalid lady; address N., this office.

A LADY desires a position as companion or governess in a family; gives best of references. Address S. M., this office.

BY an intelligent, refined lady, any kind of genteel employment. Ad. Miss M., 1234 O'Fallon st.

GERMAN girl wishes a situation for housework, diningroom work or nursing. Mary K., Western P. O., Easton and Garrison aves.

GIRL who is an experienced nurse and willing to assist in sewing wishes a place; apply at 1614 Wash street, in rear.

LADY of education and experience offers her services to write letters of any style or import at home or abroad. Address for one week, Mrs. A. E. Thomas, this office.

LADY wants a position as copyist, or will assist in bookkeeping, having a thorough knowledge. Address E. W., this office.

WOULD like to get family sewing; can cut and make dresses and do almost any kind of sewing. Can give reference. Terms, $3 a week and board. Address 1728 Washington Ave., care of Mr. Dean.

WANTED—Copying to do. Address Room 38, 210 Olive street.

WANTED—By a lady of refinement, a position as housekeeper or companion; is a good housekeeper. Refs. ex. Ad. C. E. L., this office.

WANTED—By a lady, qualified and experienced, a situation as housekeeper in a widower's family. Address 1234 O'Fallon.

WANTED—A situation as cook or housekeeper for a small family. Address M. M., this office.

WANTED—A situation as housekeeper where one or more servants are kept. For widower preferred. Address for 3 days, H., Box 169, Alton, Illinois.

YOUNG WIDOW with child six years old wants situation as housekeeper; am a good seamstress and willing to do anything to make a living and have a good home. Ad. I. 14, this office.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

2334 OLIVE—A competent house girl wanted.

A GIRL wanted for light housework and caring for children. Ad. M. A. H., this office.

A FIRST-CLASS cook, washer and ironer wanted for small family; good wages and steady employment. Ad. H. M., this office.

A FIRST-CLASS cook, washer and ironer: must come prepared to go to work; at 2710 Dayton street.

A LADY of refinement wanted as companion to a young lady of 14 years, and superintend a private house. A good salary to the right person. Address J. B., this office.

APPRENTICE girl wanted for dressmaking; will pay some wages from first. 2723 Washington avenue.

A GOOD girl as cook and ironer at 3929 Broadway—Mrs. McMillan.

A GOOD girl for general housework at 4239 Broadway—Mr. Snyder.

AN experienced nurse wanted, German or Swede, to take care of an infant. Call at 3400 Franklin avenue.

COLORED girl wanted to work for a family of three. Apply at Board of Trade, Third and Missouri avenue, East St. Louis.

FIRST-CLASS girl wanted for general housework. 2723 Washington ave.

FIRST-CLASS lady wanted to take an interest with another lady in sending out meals. For further information call at 2723 Washington ave.

GIRL to do general housework; German preferred; 350 Olive street.

GOOD servant wanted for cooking and housework for a family of three persons, at St. Charles, Mo. Reference required and given. Address Judge A. King, Court-house, St. Louis, Mo.

GOOD German girl, not afraid of work wanted at 703 Russell ave.

GOOD girl for general housework. Apply at 2849 Clark avenue.

GOOD girl for general house-work. 3623 N. Tenth street. References required.

GOOD girl for general housework at 903 Catalpa street.

GIRL wanted to do housework by Mrs. Clairburn, on Seventh, bet. Penn and Summit aves.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted—To a lady thoroughly competent, a good position is offered. Waverly Hotel, Hot Springs, Ark.

I WANT a good girl, 14 or 15 years old, at Hair work. 509 N. Fourth.

MACHINE girls at 1225 N. Sixteenth street, to work on shop coats.

MIDDLE-AGED woman cook; one that understands pastry; good wages to the right person. Weidknecht's oyster saloon, 2006 Broadway.

WANTED—Trimmers on silk and felt hats, at Jos. Schiller & Co.'s Hat Factory, 207 N. Fourth street, 2d floor.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small private family. Apply at once to Mrs. G. S. T., 910 N. Twenty-First st.

WANTED—Young girl about 12 or 14 years of age; German preferred. Call at 505 South Twenty-first street.

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron at 2204 Gamble avenue.

WANTED—ROOMS.

A MARRIED couple without children desire two small unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address, stating terms, Prompt Pay, this Office.

TO RENT—Part of a house or small dwelling; address A. S., this office.

WANTED—A neatly furnished second-story front room, central location. Terms must be moderate. Address J. H. W., this office.

WANTED—One furnished front room in private family in southern part of the city; terms must be moderate. Address J. H. W., this office.

BOOKS.

AMERICAN Cyclopædia, last edition, sheep, $65. Chambers do, London edition, $23 50. Guizot's France, $25. (Wanted—Standard books for cash.) Dan. Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

10,000 STANDARD New and Old Books; 6 different Encyclopædias, Law and Medical Books Cheap. Cash paid for Libraries. Drop a note. I will buy or sell. Dan Linahan, Bookseller, Fourth and Washington avenue.

F. ARCHER HAS REMOVED HIS LARGE STOCK of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street. The cheapest holiday books in the city.

LOST AND FOUND.

$3 REWARD for one big black-and-tan setter, one and a half years old. Inquire at 1418 Cass ave.

LOST, or mislaid—On Friday night, Dec. 10, a large black pocket memorandum book, covered with Russian leather; book showing that it had been in use some time; written in book were many different addresses, prescriptions, etc.; book also contained mining papers, agreements, etc.; in front of book the name W. W. Lewis was written. Party returning above property to this office or to W. W. Lewis, Laclede Hotel (city), will be liberally rewarded and no questions asked.

LOST—White cashmere cape with deep fringe, lined with white silk. Left at dining-room of Laclede Hotel, Tuesday evening, 26th ult. Liberal reward if returned to 424 Washington avenue. No questions.

LOST—Pointer dog; body and limbs liver-colored, except left fore foot, which is spotted with white; throat and breast mixed white and liver; point of tail cropped off; $25 reward if returned to 2825 Pine street. Had leather collar marked W. W. Linn.

LOST—A gold earring set with pearls and rubies, last evening, about 4 o'clock, between Market and Eugenia.

LOST—At Main street depot, a piece of flute. Finder rewarded by addressing Charlie Parritt, Alton, Ill.

LOST—On Sunday, between Dilton street and the cemetery, on Bellefontaine road, one gold bracelet with small chain attached. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving same at the Mammoth Stables, 1540 Broadway, St. Louis. Reilly & Wolfort.

LOST—On Friday, 3d inst., on Chestnut, near Seventeenth, or Olive and Tenth, a black satin reticule, hand painted, in which was a thread lace handkerchief and other articles not remembered. If the finder will return to Mrs. Dr. Johnson, 2217 Olive, will be rewarded.

LOST—Two cows, one white and red spotted, the other is red, with long horns; also two calves belonging to above. $5 reward. Lindell and Vandeventer avenues. Herman Holtman.

FOUND—A bull calf, dark color. Can be seen at 2913 Chestnut.

HOTELS.

BARNUM'S HOTEL, Cor. Second and Walnut streets. I have single and double rooms with board for $30 per month. L. A. PRATT.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A fine Pointer dog. Inquire at Bauer's saloon on Broadway, East St. Louis.

TIME TABLE
OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE
UNION DEPOT.
(ST. LOUIS TIME.)

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Morning Express	* 7:40 a. m.	*8:10 p. m.
Kansas City & Jacksonville	*8:45 a. m.	*7:05 p. m.
Springfield & Jack'ville Ac.	* 4:50 p. m.	*10:35 a. m.
Chicago Lightning Express	† 8:00 p. m.	† 7:50 a. m.
Kansas City Lightning Ex	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6.50 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R. Burlington Route.

Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express	*9:22 a. m.	*5:17 p. m.
Omaha Night Express	‡7:47 p. m.	‡8:20 p. m.
Peoria & Chicago Express	7:47 p. m.	8:20 p. m.

CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA VANDALIA LINE AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Chicago Day Express	*8:00 a. m.	*9:00 p. m
Chicago Night Express	†7:00 p. m.	†7:30 a. m

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Cairo Mail and St. L. Ex	* 7:45 a. m.	*9:45 a. m.
Lightning Express	*4:10 p. m.	*7:05 p. m.
New Orleans Ex & Fast Mail	*8:50 p. m.	†10:40 p. m.

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation	8:15 a. m.	8:05 a. m.
	11:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
	2:40 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
	5:35 p. m.	5:10 p. m.
Sunday	8:45 a. m.	8:35 a. m.
	6:05 p. m.	5:40 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 7:10 a. m.	* 6:45 p. m.
New York Express	†6:35 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Accommodation	* 4:45 p. m.	* 9:35 a. m.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILWAY—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Nashville Mail (except Sunday)	9:00 p. m.	7:20 a. m.
Mascoutah Ac (daily except Sunday)	10:00 a. m.	1:10 p. m.
Nashville Ex. (Daily)	7:45 a. m.	7:50 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Day Express	† 8:00 a. m.	* 7:55 p. m.
Chicago Express	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.

MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY.

St. Louis and Tex. Express	† 9:00 a. m.	†6:00 p. m.
Missouri and Kansas Express	‡ 8:25 p. m.	6:30 a. m.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Accommodation	* 6:10 a. m.	*8:15 p. m.
Fast Express	† 8:10 a. m.	†7:25 p. m.
Salem Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	*8:40 a. m.
Night Express	† 6:50 p. m.	*7:20 a. m.
Pacific Express		†8:20 a. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Day Express	† 9:00 am	† 6:00 pm
Fast Line	† 8:40 pm	† 6:30 am
Local Passenger	* 7:00 am	† 6:33 pm
Washington	* 4:55 pm	* 8:25 am
Pacific	† 8:50 pm	† 6:38 am
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:25 am	6:38 am
Kirkwood	* 8:08 am	* 7:20 am
Kirkwood	* 10:00 am	* 10:53 pm
Kirkwood	* 3:25 pm	* 10.50 am
Kirkwood (Sunday only)	1:08 pm	10:09 am
Kirkwood	* 6:20 pm	* 12:43 pm
Kirkwood	* 11:20 pm	* 5:15 pm

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS R. R. (St. L., K. and N. W. Railway)

Depart—Keokuk Express, ex. Sunday ... 9:00 a. m.
Depart—Keokuk Night Express, ex. Sat ... 8:25 p. m.
Arrive—Keokuk Express, ex. Saturday ... 6:30 a. m.
Arrive—Keokuk Express, ex. Sunday ... 6:05 p. m.

ST. LOUIS BRIDGE CO. AND TUNNEL R. R.

Stock Yard Accommodation	*6:20 a. m.	*4:40 p. m.
Stock Yard Accommodation	*5:05 p. m.	*6:40 p. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY, WESTERN DIVISION.

Mail and Express	* 9:00 a. m.	* 6:05 p. m.
Rosedale Ac	* 8:50 a. m.	*10:50 a. m.
Ferguson Ac	* 9:00 a. m.	10:50 a. m.
Rosedale Ac	† 8:00 p. m.	† 4:00 p. m.
Ferguson Ac	† 4:20 p. m.	† 8:15 a. m.
Ferguson Ac.	† 6:40 p. m.	† 6:20 p. m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex	† 8:25 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.
St. Paul Ex	† 8:25 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.
Pacific Ex	† 8:10 p. m.	† 7:45 a. m.
BIDDLE STREET.		
Warrenton Ac	* 4:40 p. m.	*10:10 a. m.
St. Charles Ac.	* 6:15 p. m.	* 8:15 a. m.
EASTERN DIVISION.		
Through Express	7:50 a. m.	7:50 p. m.
Boston Express	6:40 p. m.	8:20 a. m.
Decatur Accommodation	4:35 p. m.	10:50 a. m.
CHICAGO DIVISION.		
Through Express	7:50 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
Through Express	8:15 p. m.	7:50 p. m.

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Kan. and Tex. Ex	†8:50 p. m.	†6:40 a. m.
Rolla Accommodation	*7:00 a. m.	*6:33 p. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after May, 9, mail and express passenger trains will start from Union Depot, and will not stop at Plum Street Depot to take on passengers or baggage.

St. Louis Union Depot.		
Arkansas & Texas Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:55 a. m.
Mobile & N. O. Express	* 8:30 p. m.	* 6.25 a. m.
Nashville & Atlanta Express	* 9:50 a. m.	* 1:55 p. m.
Arkansas and Texas Ex. Plum Street Depot.	* 9 00 p. m.	† 5 45 p. m.
DeSoto Accommodation	* 4:50 p. m	* 8:30 a. m.

Week Day Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 7:42, 8:35, 10:26; p. m.: 12:05, 1:50, 3:10, 4:15, 4:50, 5:23, 6:30, 7:35, 11:45. Arrive—A. m.: 7:38, 8:30, 8:53, 10:23 p. m.: 12:02, 1:40, 3:07, 4:11, 4:40, 5:18, 6:27, 7:32, 8:53, 11:25.

Sunday Carondelet Trains—Leave, a. m.: 6:22, 8:55, 10:58; p. m.: 1:40, 2:55, 5:10, 7:35, 11:45. Arrive—A. m.: 8:50, 10:53; p. m.: 1:38, 2:45, 5:00, 7:32, 8:53, 11:25.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express	† 8:00 a. m.	7:30 a. m.
Mail and Accommodation	* 8:00 p. m.	* 5:00 p. m.
Highland Accommodation	* 6:00 p. m.	*8:20 a. m.
Fast Line	† 7:00 p. m.	†7:55 p. m.

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.

Depot on Olive street, one block west of Grand ave.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis 8 30, 10:00, 11:30 a. m.; 3:00, 4:35, 6:10 p. m.
Arrive at St. Louis 8:00, 9:40, 11:10 a. m.; 2:40, 4:10, 5 45, p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:15, 2:35, 3:55, 5:15, 6:35, p. m.
Arrive at St. Louis 8:40, 10:04 a. m.; 12:55, 2:19, 3:29, 4:59, 6:19 p. m.

*Except Sunday. †Daily. §Monday. ‡Except Saturday. *Except Monday. ‡Sunday only

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

JOSEPH PULITZER,

PROPRIETOR.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Burlesque Opera Co.
POPE'S—Mrs. Scott Siddons.
OLYMPIC—Galley Slave.
APOLLO—Snelbaker's Variety Co.

STRANGE as it may seem, we must object to having the name of St. Louis changed to Jaygouldville.

ST. LOUIS is a city of the first class watched over by a police force cut out for a city of the second class.

THE POST-DISPATCH follows up to-day with another piece of exclusive local news—the change in the Laclede Gas Company.

A CATHOLIC priest in Montreal has excommunicated Bernhardt. He directs his parishioners not to patronize her performances.

FITZ JOHN PORTER, with his grievance, is getting to be almost as much of a bore as Grant with his standing appeal for a pension.

IT is rather singular that nobody has suggested the Hon. Jay Gould as a suitable person to represent the State of Missouri in the United States Senate.

GEN. PAYNE has been deposed from the command of the rag-tag army which is preparing to invade Oklahoma. The impatient invaders were probably dissatisfied with his McClellan tactics.

SOME of the big manufacturers in the heart of our city whose chimneys belch smoke and soot into the streets should send to Cincinnati for a Sinton Smoke Consumer and institute some experiments. The man who does this first will make himself an object of interest.

THE universal sentiment of the country is that a new National Bankrupt Law should be placed upon the statutes by the present Congress. Judging from the speculative fever which is speading over the country, there will be great need of something of this sort before Spring.

MR. CRAPO has led off in the House with a string of resolutions anent a Panama Canal scheme backed by foreign capital. The stale and stupid Monroe Doctrine has been dragged before Congress again, and we are in a fair way to be afflicted with a lot of unprofitable east wind.

MR. MCCORD has offered in the House a bill proposing a change in the method of electing a President and Vice-President. We always feel authorized to say that the Democrats are in favor of anything in the shape of a change. To them the old system appears to be painfully defective.

AT the banquet tendered him last night at the University Club, Mr. Thomas Allen explained his position on the great economic questions of the day with great lucidity. He is in favor of the protection of Free Trade. By this happy combination he can muster both as a Protectionist and a Free Trader.

THE *Westliche Post* has the following:

The gas for which we are compelled to pay appalling prices to the most disgraceful and treacherous of all the monopolies here is again terribly bad, and ruins the eyes and health of the numerous victims of this shameful swindle. Will not our citizens and taxpayers for the next city election take as a motto, "Down with the gas as well as the railroad monopoly," and support no candidate for any office who speaks a word either directly or indirectly for the two great abuses under whose oppression our city suffers.

IT becomes interesting to know precisely what Jay Gould will turn his attention to after he has secured all the railroads in the United States. If he has any disposition to enlarge his newspaper business it is not out of place at this juncture to call his attention to the condition of the St. Louis *Times*. There is a fine opening in this quarter for a man with Jay's financial backing.

A MR. MEYERS, of Indiana, has offered a resolution in the House calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury for an itemized account of all moneys paid U. S. Grant from the day of his matriculation at West Point down to the hour of his departure from the White House. The object is to see precisely how much this valuable person has cost the Government. When the people see the statement they may conclude that they have paid enough for having the Union preserved and taken care of.

LIFE in St. Louis is not altogether void of excitement now. The foot-pads and rangers seem to have possession of the streets and highways after banking hours, and a walk abroad after nightfall is almost as interesting as a drive across the steppes of Russia in wolf season. The police force, poorly paid and one-half too small, seems wholly inadequate to the task of repressing the dangerous classes. Citizens should make it a point to go well armed at night. The killing of a few garroters and petty thieves would have a wholesome effect. Meanwhile people who pay taxes and receive no protection should consider the importance of having a police force commensurate with the size of the town.

AMONG the interesting pieces of local news purveyed in advance of the morning papers by the POST-DISPATCH yesterday were the sale of the Iron Mountain Railroad; the decision of the courts in the gas case; the *Times* ultimatum, and the extension of the Great Western and Erie Railway to St. Louis. These items, taken in connection with the recent exclusive reports of the defalcation in the Mullanphy Board, the garroting of Pastor Goodell, and the revolution in the Belcher Sugar Refinery, attest the value of the POST-DISPATCH as a local reflector, so to speak. As a home newspaper we are, like Captain Cuttle's watch, "ekaled by few and excelled by none."

ENOUGH! ENOUGH!

We cannot agree with the general sentiment of satisfaction and sanguine expectation in regard to Mr. Jay Gould's extraordinary railroad investments in this State.

There may be too much of a good thing.

Jay Gould owns or controls the old North Missouri Railroad.

Jay Gould now controls the Missouri Pacific.

Jay Gould now controls the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, running from Hannibal in the East to the Indian Territory in the West.

Jay Gould last, but by no means least, now owns or controls the Iron Mountain.

Thus one Wall street stock operator can, with the motion of his little finger, as it were, control the four principal trunk lines of this State—four railroads running through almost every county, affecting the value of almost every farm in the State and the interest of nearly every business man in this city.

Is this not too much power for any one man?

How will this enormous accumulation of power in the hands of this man Gould affect the destiny of St. Louis?

The modern tendency of mankind is to worship money, no matter how it was obtained. The local tendency, in this city especially, is to be most sanguine about the future of the city, and to think that Mr. Gould's speculations are the best thing that could happen, as he will now proceed to "build up the city in his own interest."

We hope so. But there is certainly nothing in either the history or the character of Mr. Gould to warrant the belief that he regards his operations in any other light than mere speculations to make money—not permanent, enduring investments.

There was one man in this city who was universally regarded as inseparably connected with its material interests: who came here without a penny: who lived here for a generation: who accumulated everything here, and here alone, ever possessed by him: who owed to this city all his great fortune in life: who enjoys great honors and great wealth: who claims to have made it his special object in life to "build up this city;" who seemed deeply and ineradicably rooted in every interest and hope of St. Louis; who received more credit, more praise, more eulogies and more honors from the people of St. Louis for his public spirit and his devotion to the interests of the city than any other man.

Yet this man did not hesitate to sell out his *entire interest* in the enterprise which gave him fame and fortune—sell out lock, stock and barrel—sell out everything completely and absolutely when fifty cents on the dollar for his stock was offered by Jay Gould. What folly, then, to suppose that Mr. Gould, who has no ties here whatever, would hesitate one second to sell out either the city or anything else if his interests so suggested?

Mr. Allen's sale of the Iron Mountain road to Jay Gould is an act we do not hail with particular enthusiasm. It may turn out to be a good thing for this city, but we doubt it.

We want this to remain the city of St. Louis, not to become the city of Jay Gould.

FOR a small sum of money the art admirers of this city are now allowed a sight of Holman Hunt's much-canvassed illuminated canvas entitled "The Shadow of Death." It is doubtful whether a more repulsive painting has ever been inflicted upon the public in the name of religion. Every visitor to the Vatican, the basilicas of Rome and the galleries of Italy has been pained by the contemplation of miles of canvas devoted to the suffering and misery which forms the base work of our religion, and has regretted, no doubt, that the art of the early Christian school of painters should have been directed to such dismal subjects as the descent from the cross, Herod's slaughter, the beheading of John the Baptist, *et cetera*, when there were flowers and sunlight to paint. Mr. Hunt, with his devotion to the realistic school of Ruskin, has given us a picture so *outre* in color as to raise a doubt whether he has ever communed with nature in her normal moods. His "Shadow of Death" is in color a combination of the florid modern chromo with the brilliant tapestry work of the middle ages. He has simply placed in a disproportioned carpenter shop a ghastly, chrome-colored figure of Christ, as we are accustomed to seeing it depicted in the Crucifixion. The body is emaciated, the limbs disproportioned and unnatural and the expression painful to a degree. A glance at the singular landscape, as seen through the rear window, will afford *connoisseurs* a very fair idea of Mr. Hunt's knowledge of color. Unless there have been great climatic changes in Palestine there is no authority for the idea that a carpenter eighteen hundred years ago plied his vocation in the costume of a cooly. Neither is there authority for the supposition that the Mother of the Savior kept the valuable gifts of the Magi in the corner of a workshop. Mr. Hunt's archæological research has revealed the fact that there has been very little improvement made in the hand-saw, the chisel and the vise since Christ was a carpenter, but beyond this he has added nothing to either art or human knowledge. It would be a good thing if his picture could be burned and he could be placed under bonds to keep the peace with his palette and daubers for fifty years.

EVERYBODY will agree that the editor ought to be a versatile man, capable of filling the functions of a Caleb Quotem at short notice. Mr. Wm. Brainerd, editor of the Deadwood *Pioneer*, who has just been called to his last account through the instrumentality of bowelary inflammation, seems to have had more genius for spreading himself over the surface of affairs than most members of his gifted profession. He was at one time a correspondent of the New York *Herald* in the field; then city editor of the Council Bluffs *Nonpareil*. He served as Chief of the Fire Department in the same city, edited the Sidney *Telegraph* in Nebraska and was once connected with the Custer City *Chronicle*. He served four years in the army, rising to the grade of Lieutenant-Colonel; was a Past Master Mason, and at one time canvassed for a popular book. Who will say that this gentleman did not have a varied career and that he contributed nothing to the total of human progress and happiness?

PERSONAL.

—Queen Victoria is reported to have invited the Empress Eugenie to spend the winter with her at Windsor.

—"Lurline McCarthy"—Boycotting has nothing to do with the boys. It looks as though you were left again.

—Gen. Arthur is the seventh Vice-President from the State of New York. It may thus be said to be the mother of Vice-Presidents.

—A man in New Orleans has named his mule Lotta. It was formerly known as Jenny, but after seeing Lotta kick the owner made the change.

—Mr. Jennings, London correspondent of the New York World, says "the most romantic reasons" are given for the trouble between the Queen and the Princess Louise.

—It is rumored that even California will stoop to a bonanza Senator. No wonder the Pacific States are showing symptoms of decay with such political rottenness in their bones.

—General R. C. Schenck has recovered in health. A short time ago he was reported to be dying of Bright's disease of the kidneys, regarded as incurable. General Schenck says that he either did not have Bright's disease, or it is curable, for he is restored to his usual health.

—Miss Jennie Hogan, a somewhat remarkable young woman, is causing a sensation in Washington as an inspiration poet. She hails from Vermont, is a brunette of ordinary height, small features, and a face with a bright expression, though she is not pretty. She gives exhibitions of her talent and rhymes on the slightest pretext.

After Life's Fitful Fever.

From the Carthage Banner.

It seems that the St. Louis Times, after a boisterous voyage on the sea of journalism, has at last found a grave at the corner of Third and Chestnut streets. It appeared Thursday morning shrowded in the St. Louis Republican, with its name on the package to tell where it slept. Peace to its ashes.

Something of a Let-Down.

From the Chicago Times.

Can it be called a compliment that, having been the bold ranger of the salted seas, flinging his flag to every breeze, and sailing the frigates of the Republic into every port, the world over, Mr. Secretary Thompson should be asked to take the presidency of a canal company?

An Omission.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Some interesting statistics to show the number of Ohio men whom he has dragged into the service of an exacting country seem to have been inadvertently omitted by Mr. Hayes from his message.

An Experienced Citizen.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Secretary Thompson's brief but thorough experience with our navy will make him a very useful man on the Panama Canal.

BELLEVILLE.

Sheriff Ropiequet is to start for the penitentiary at Chester the latter part of the week with a large batch of prisoners.

The County Commissioners held a regular adjourned meeting and appointed several officers to minor county positions.

The attention of Judge Snyder in the Circuit Court was occupied this morning with a few chancery cases of minor importance.

Numerous petty theits have been reported from various parts of the city, all supposed to be the work of tramps who infest the neighborhood.

The jury in the case of Joseph Miller for stealing brass journals from cars on the Vandalia Railroad came to an agreement last night. Miller has been found guilty of the charge and sentenced to one year in the Penitentiary.

ANOTHER BIG SALE

Transfer of the Controlling Interest of the Laclede Gas Company.

The Eastern Owners Sell Out to a St. Louis Syndicate.

Messrs. Wells, Maxon and Mitchell the Purchasers—An Important Event.

As usual, the POST-DISPATCH scoops all of its contemporaries with the biggest news item of the day. Yesterday the sale of the Iron Mountain Railroad to Jay Gould was first given to the town in these columns; to-day, we announce the sale of the Laclede Gas Light Company by the Eastern owners to a St. Louis syndicate. Every possible effort to keep this information out of the papers has been unavailingly tried by the gas people, who, for some inscrutable reason, are unwilling that anything should be said about the transfer until after the election to-morrow. Two New York gentlemen, Messrs. Frederick Cromwell and T. H. Porter, arrived here Monday morning and put up at the Lindell. It was generally known that they held a large amount of stock in the Laclede Gas Company, and it was supposed that their presence here had no special importance. It was rumored in commercial circles that a trade of some sort was afloat, however, and this intelligence had the effect of running the stock of the company up from 108 to 120. Nothing was definitely known until it was discovered that Mr. Cromwell and Mr. Porter were in close consultation with Mr. John J. Mitchell of the Madison County Ferry Company. Yesterday a syndicate was formed consisting of John J. Mitchell, Mr. John H. Maxon and Mr. Erastus Wells, who met for that purpose at the office of the St. Louis Transportation Company, and it was determined to buy up the gas stock held by Messrs. Cromwell and Porter and one or two other heavy Eastern shareholders. The arrangements were all perfected last evening, over $610,000 worth of stock changing hands, but the transfer will not be made public until to-morrow, when it will be found at the election that the control of the company has passed completely into St. Louis hands, Heretofore Mr. Charles Gibson was the only heavy shareholder in St. Louis. He will now have with him three and possibly four other gentlemen, representing together about $800,000 of stock. The complete stock of the company is $1,200,000.

At the election on Wednesday it is quite certain that Mr. John Maxon, Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Wells will be elected to the directory. Mr. Gibson is not at all interested in the deal. He has been and is now one of the heaviest shareholders. The transfer means that the company is to be hereafter controlled and maintained entirely by St. Louis capital, while it is a potent fact that heretofore it was owned almost entirely in the East.

The details given above may be relied upon, although it has been exceedingly difficult to verify them. At the election to-morrow, the sale will probably be announced. The election was originally to have been held upon Wednesday last, but it was postponed until December 15.

The Laclede Gas Company is one of the greatest corporations in the West. It supplies all that part of St. Louis lying north of Washington avenue with gas, and it has not been embarrassed with litigation like the St. Louis Gas Company. Upon the $1,200,000 of capital there is a guaranteed dividend of eight per cent.

Mr. Soc. Newman.

A reporter called upon Mr. Soc. Newman at the office of the St. Louis Gas Company and asked him what he knew about the transfer. Mr. Newman was not in possession of any accurate knowledge upon the subject. He was aware that something was up, but thought that this was a fact potent to the outside world, as the advance in stock from 108 to 117 and even to 120 was conclusive evidence that something was being done. "Really," he said, "the Laclede Company is a sealed book to the outside world. I know how many lamps they have, but that is actually all I or all anybody not a stockholder knows about the corporation. No one knows who the heavy stockholders are. I have a general idea, for instance, that Mr. Husted and his son-in-law, Mr. Frederick Cromwell, Mr. T. H. Porter and Mr. Attrill owned a majority of the stock, but that is all I did know."

"You know that it is said the St. Louis Gas Company is behind the syndicate?"

"That is nonsense, my dear sir; I would know it for a positive fact if there was anything in it, and I'm quite sure that there is nothing at all in that rumor. Some of our stockholders or directors may have bought in the syndicate."

The Present Directory.

The officers of the Laclede Company at present are: S. L. Husted, president; John McGovern, vice-president; J. D. Thompson, secretary. The directors are Messrs. Cromwell, Lackland, Porter, Attrill, Sutter and Gibson.

NOW THEY GO, NOW THEY DON'T.

The Baber Jury Sentenced for Contempt and then Discharged From the Same.

To-day the jury in the Baber trial made return in the Criminal Court to Judge Laughlin's order, which was based on the affidavit of Baber's senior attorney and those of several prisoners in the jail. The jury was charged with going into and separating in the jail and drinking whisky in the jury room, and that one was under the influence of liquor. Judge Laughlin explained to the jury the system of murder trials and how faithfully he thought the gentlemen had discharged the duty of passing on so solemn and serious a matter as a fellow being's life. He said he was astounded to hear the assault made upon the integrity of the jury and the Court by the defendant's attorney, who charged them as above stated. The jury then made a return totally denying the allegations touching their sobriety, and it was shown that "Jack," the Four Courts boot-black, had only brought one bottle of whisky to the jury-room and Col. Murphy stated that this was so bad that it was not even used by the jurymen. The affidavits of the jurors entirely purged them of contempt in this respect, and from this they were discharged. The gentlemen felt particularly aggrieved over the accusation, and one of them asked the Court to pronounce the injustice of the charge for the benefit of the reporters. The sentiment was that the gentlemen had been submitted to a gross outrage by the attorneys for Baber, and Judge Laughlin earnestly impressed all with the fact that the court did not believe the charge to be true in the slightest degree. The point of contempt then was that the jury had visited the jail, where the congregated crime of this large city was laid before them, a sight well calculated to influence weak minds and impress a juror with the necessity of quick and decided action in the matter of rescuing the city from the hands of criminals who to the eyes of a citizen visiting the jail had control of it. This then was the technical contempt of the court's orders. Col. Normile and Col. Murphy argued that there must be a willfulness in contempt and this was absent in the matter before the court. Judge Laughlin held that it was owing to a want of interest, judging from the return of the jury, and for this he sentenced the jury to imprisonment in the jail for one hour. Col. Normile held that the jury had misunderstood the instructions of the court concerning the liberty of the jury, and that they were guilty of no offense when they visited the jail as they did, not knowing they were violating the instructions, but thought that this privilege was granted them. This they intended to incorporate in their return, which was drawn up by Col. Murphy, and he thought this was done. The court wished to have this especially stated, and for this reason asked that a new return be made in the matter. The jury then with the aid of Colonel Normile filed a return, in which they stated that in visiting the jail they not only did not think they were not violating the orders of the Court, but were exercising a liberty implicitly if not expressly awarded them. On the reading of this the court stated that the fault was with himself, who failed to make sufficiently clear his instructions, though he thought he had. The jury was consequently discharged and the proceedings brought to a close. The following are the gentlemen of the jury: John J. Murphy, A. Swarzott, E. S. Warner W. Ahlt, Frank Still, G. A. Buckingham, William Washburne, A. S. Knapper, James Johnson, John G. Lange, James Richardson, Jr., and John E. Carpenter. The gentlemen were considerably exercised over the unfounded charges, and especially Mr. Knapper, who pronounced the assertion that he had ever spoken of the sobriety of any member of the jury as unqualifiedly false.

The Habeas Corpus.

The matter of sending the late habeas corpus decisions of Judge Laughlin to a higher court was brought up in the Criminal Court to-day. Counselor Bush, who discovered the facts in the case, agreed to send it to the Court of Appeals, if any authority for that step could be shown, which Judge Laughlin will wait to have produced.

BOARD OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

Communication From the Socialistic Workingmen's Society.

The Board of Public Improvements met this morning at 10 o'clock, all of the members being present, Col. Flad occupying the chair.

The matter in reference to establishing an alley in block 1984 was considered and, by motion, laid over until next Tuesday at 11 o'clock. The President was instructed to notify the property owners of that neighborhood that the matter would come up for action next Tuesday. The improvement of Twelfth street, between Penrose and Grand avenues, was discussed. In view of the great cost attendant upon such improvement, the Board decided to lay the matter over indefinitely. Messrs. Gaines E. Cope, Jacob Stieber and A. W. Currlin, a committee from the Socialistic Workingmen's Society, presented a communication in reference to the proposed labor of the women at the Work-house, objecting to their engaging in the manufacture of brushes and recommending that they do sewing and washing for the public service.

Mr. Cope spoke at some length on the communication, urging the Board to consider the features and calling attention to the competition and consequent decrease of price and wages which would be caused in the brush trade by permitting the female convicts to engage in its manufacture. Superintendent King, of the Work-house, who was present, explained that the labor of the women would only be used for the manufacture of the coarser article, at present made in Eastern penitentiaries and penal institutions, which do not come into competition with home manufacture. The matter was referred to Committee on Work-house. Messrs. J. G. O'Neil, of the House of Delegates, and B. Finney appearad before the board to urge the consideration on petition No. 21, to open Thirteenth street from Clark avenue south. Upon motion the board recommended that the Street Commissioner put it in his next advertisement. A large number of other petitions in reference to grading streets and opening streets and alleys were considered, when the board adjourned.

The Lounsman Misery.

Judge Boyle is engaged to-day in listening to the tale of matrimonial misery of Minnie Lounsman and her husband, John, from whom she prays to be released. A great number of witnesses are present, all of whom are Germans. The trouble seems to have been incompatibility of temperament, which displayed itself in the case of John in frequent assaults upon his wife. She also alleges his failure to support herself and child, although he makes $150 per month and has $5,000 in bank.

The parties were wedded on April 15, 1880, in Franklin county. The wife's maiden name was Sneckle, which she desires to be restored to her. They separated on August 10, 1880. A. W. Slayback is resisting the petition. Otto Weidner represents the plaintiff.

Mrs. Elizabeth Baker.

Mrs. Elizabeth Baker, mother of Capt. Jno. F. Baker, of this city, died yesterday near Grayson, Clinton county, Mo., and her remains will be buried to-day. The deceased was a native of Kentucky, and removed to the place where she died many years ago. She was well-known and universally respected. Her husband survives her, and is aged about eighty.

PUBLIC OPINION.

Immigration Improves the Nation.

ST. LOUIS, December 14, 1880.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Nothing was more short-sighted than the prejudice once entertained by the "Native American" against the foreign born who came to this country. That feeling has almost wholly disappeared. The genuine old-fashioned Missourian had much the same dislike to the Eastern States immigrants who sought a new home here. That prejudice is fast going too. The plain facts, that immigration is, in every view, a positive benefit, have come to have their weight and influence. Indeed, we should be more sparsely populated than any country in Europe if we had five hundred millions of people instead of fifty. We need population, for we have the products to feed them and the work to keep them busy.

But the special point I desire to call attention to is, that this coming together and commingling of many cultures and nationalities must make up a grand result, in time to come in producing a higher and nobler development of humanity than the world has yet seen.

Every blood runs out unless reinforced by a fresh infusion and foreign stock. Now the best forces of the English, German and Irish blood must in time mingle, and consolidate and produce a higher and nobler development of man than any one of them alone could have done. Add the best forces of the various European immigrations and engraft them upon or assimilate them with the native American, and a better physical and intellectual development must be the result. This is but accepting the teachings of a well-known law. Now the valley of the Mississippi is the very place where all these races most do congregate. And the result will be a higher order of manhood than the world has ever seen before. The best and strongest qualities of one race will be tempered and modified by those of another. And in good time a grand homogeneous race of men will be produced, strong in mind and muscle, that shall command the admiration and respect of the world, and hold its destinies in its hand.

M. W. WILLIS.

ABOUT TOWN.

EX-POLICE CAPT. TOM O'NEIL, who is an important witness in the Kring case, arrived in town to-day.

THIS morning in the Second District Police Court the followed named were each fined $500 on charges of vagrancy: Harry Lawrence, John Smith, James Higgins and James Arans.

IT has been a long time since the plugged fire alarm box has been to the front. Yesterday Officer Fine relieved the key hole of box No. 329, Julia and Caroline streets, of some mud.

YESTERDAY Officer Matt Ryan saw two boys carrying a sack on Sixth and Chouteau avenue, and when he approached them they dropped their load and ran. A malleable iron cogwheel, which is now at the Four Courts, was found in the sack.

THE meeting of the Liberal Literary Club, to be held to-night at the residence of Mr. Wm. Patrick, 1618 Washington avenue, promises to be as interesting as the weekly meetings of this society usually are. The subject for discussion will be "Speculation," by Mr. B. P. Newton.

MRS. SUSAN STRASBURG was standing at Fourth and St. Charles yesterday afternoon, when two men walked by, one of them snatching her pocket book, which contained $5 in change and some receipts. The man escaped, but at the request of Mrs. Strasburg a young lawyer and a baggage man on the Iron Mountain were arrested, but they soon established their identity.

City Hall Notes.

Eleven burial permits were issued by the Clerk of the Board of Health this morning.

The contract for supplying the public institutions with forage will be awarded Thursday by the Commissioner of Supplies.

The rush of tax-payers at the Collector's office for the last few days has been very large. This is to avoid the annual stampede that occurs in the latter part of December.

SELLING OUT.

CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE.

Mr. Allen Confirms the Post-Dispatch's Statements.

The talk of the town to-day has been the reported sale of Mr. Thomas Allen's interest in the Iron Mountain Railroad to Jay Gould. The POST-DISPATCH gave the more important details yesterday, a day ahead, as usual, of all the other papers.

A representative of this paper called on Mr. Thomas Allen this morning to learn any further particulars he might be disposed to give concerning the great transaction. He seemed to be in a very good humor, and talked with his usual diplomatic reserve and formality. He denied that the sale had been actually consummated.

"I am now considering their proposition," said he.

"Do you think you will accept it?"

"Well, yes; I am inclined to think I will."

"Do you sell out all your stock?"

"They wanted to buy part of it, but I refused to sell unless they took the whole of it."

"Is it true that the amount of stock you are selling is 40,000 shares and that you are to get $2,000,000 for it."

"That is not exactly correct, but so near the truth that it answers all practical purposes."

"Do you think the sale will be advantageous to St. Louis?"

"I do. If I had not sold the Gould people might take their business away from the city, but if they get the Iron Mountain they will make this city their grand headquarters. I think the sale is the best thing that can happen to the city."

Chicago and Alton.

It is intimated by several railroad men that Jay Gould is contemplating another of his famous railroad moves. This time the Chicago and Alton figures as the road on which he will operate, and it is confidently asserted that it will be a short period before he has complete control of this important railroad. It is said that Gould desires the Alton in order to further increase the strength of his proposed extensive combination, and it is thought that the present railroad war is waged by Gould with no other intention than to weaken the C. and A. and depress its stocks and securities. It is said that the Wabash is in a much better position to stand the war and to overcome its results. Parties who profess to know assert that Gould will own the Chicago and Alton before three months, and there are many who incline to this belief.

In conversation with Mr. S. H. Knight of the Chicago and Alton to-day, a reporter of this paper was given to understand that no such thing as intimated concerning the Chicago and Alton would occur. Mr. Knight fairly laughed at the idea and said that the Alton folks were the only railroad people in the country that couldn't be purchased by Gould.

At the Cotton Exchange.

The opinion so far as gathered seemed to be all one way, and that was that St. Louis would be more benefited than injured by the purchase of the Iron Mountain by Gould. The following gentlemen expressed themselves quite freely:

J. L. Sloss did not see but what St. Louis would be benefited by the change. With the purchase of this latest road Mr. Gould now has 600 miles of the M., K. and T., and 500 miles of the Iron Mountain, besides which he is said to have a controlling interest in the Texas and Pacific, thus giving him a direct line from Northern Texas to St. Louis. New Orleans and Galveston are the only competitors St. Louis has for the trade of Northern Texas, and if Jay Gould owns the Iron Mountain it is to his interest to haul all freight to St. Louis. He has proven that he is disposed to work for this place. I understand that his management has increased our grain receipts fifty per cent and during the next year we may expect large gains in cotton." Mr. Sloss did not think that Gould would send cotton direct through to New York. In that he would be brought into competition with the pooled lines and could only carry his pro rata of freight. It would hardly be likely that he would be able to give a proportionately less rate to New York than to St. Louis. He would be more likely to drop the cotton in St. Louis. Heretofore the Iron Mountain has been completely at the mercy of the Texas and Pacific, which road has controlled the policy of the Iron Mountain on Texas freights, and as T. P. has been antagonistic to St. Louis it has worked against us. But now it will be to its interest to work for St. Louis and with Gould."

D. P. Rowland: "A great benefit. It is a full consolidation of all our roads. I am satisfied he is a St. Louis man and will work for St. Louis interests. It will result in a wonderful improvement in the cotton trade of this town."

W. M. Senter; "If Mr. Allen was back to fifty years of age, I would rather see him president of the road than any man in America, but I think that Mr. Gould, by his work and what he has said, will never attempt to injure St. Louis or her cotton trade. As to throwing cotton freight to his Eastern road, I don't believe that he will ever attempt to do so. From Texarkana up he will pro-rate with no one, having a monopoly of the trade from that section, but on the Eastern roads he will be obliged to pro-rate with some of the pooled lines in order to get the cotton East. No, sir; I think the St. Louis cotton trade will not be injured by the sale."

Miles Sells was met on the street and spoke at some length upon the subject. While not altogether certain of what the outcome would be, he was disposed to believe that Jay Gould would not attempt to work against the trade of St. Louis, either in grain or cotton. He had spoken to several grain and cotton receivers and they spoke very dubiously of the chances for St. Louis with Gould controlling her railroads. They felt very blue. Some receivers of grain told him that their correspondents at points West and tributary to this market had informed them that they were obtaining special rates—only 3c to 5c above the St. Louis rate—to Toledo and New York, which enabled them to ship direct to those points and through St. Louis. Jay Gould may prefer the through run. By getting his cars to New York loaded with grain on cheap rates he could return to the West loaded with dry goods, groceries, etc., at full enough rates to make what he lost on grain. It was a well-known fact that Boston had shipped through St. Louis to Texas over the Iron Mountain Road at cheaper rates than St. Louis had to Texas points. There is one thing that should be stated nearly: all the cotton brought over the Iron Mountain Road to St. Louis is compressed here to about one-fourth of its original size, so that it only takes from one-third to one-fourth of the rolling stock to move it East from this point to that bringing the cotton here. So you can see how much freight room can be saved by unloading in St. Louis.

CITY PERSONALS.

John Francis Hickey, brother of Ross G., and a prominent sporting man of Chicago, is in the city and can be found at the Hotel Brierly for a few days.

Christmas Presents.

We have more than fifty different styles of ladies' and fancy desks in sample, just the thing for Christmas gifts.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

Dress Goods.

An immense stock at just half opening prices at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE,
ST. LOUIS, MO., December 14.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	38	W	Clear.
7:00 a. m.	38	W	Clear.
10:07 a. m.	41	W	Clear.
2:00 p. m.	47	SW	Fair.

Minimum temperature, 38°.
River at St. Louis, 5 feet 5 inches.
Rise 4 inches.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service, U. S. A.

Shot by Her Affianced.

OAKLAND, CAL., December 14.—Last night Miss Elizabeth Tyler, aged eighteen, was shot dead at the gate of her residence by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the hands of her affianced, John Scotchler, son of a well known commission merchant in this city.

WASHINGTON.

Ways and Means.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—The Ways and Means Committee of the House devoted the entire session to-day to the discussion of the subject of refunding the public debt, and decided to antagnoize every other measure except the appropriation bills, which may be pressed for immediate consideration by the House. It is understood Chairman Wood, at the earliest opportunity, will endeavor to call up his funding bill for action, when several amendments by members of the committee and others will be offered.

MILITARY.

Brig.-Gen. R. B. Marcy, Inspector-General of the United States Army, ordered to Fort Wingate, N. M., by the Secretary of War, in spite of the order issued, to-day has made application to the War Department to be placed on the retired list. Gen. Marcy will return from New Mexico about December 24, and it is said by War Department officials that he will probably be placed on the retired list on January 2.

The order assigning Gen. Howard to West Point will be issued to-day or to-morrow.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—W. H. Morrow has been appointed Internal Revenue Storekeeper and Gauger for the Fifth District of Tennessee; Jos. A. Lyttle, for the Seventh District of Kentucky, and John S. Reeves, Gauger of the Twenty-second District of Pennsylvania.

Revenue Gains.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—In 1879 the gain to the revenue resulting from the increased classification of sugar was 303,367, and in 1880 1,239,872.

XLVI. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—Senator Edmunds introduced a bill to relieve the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims.

Mr. Morrill offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads to inquire whether or not the existing telegraphic lines largely interfere with the business of the Post-office Department, and whether the telegraphic service should not be placed exclusively in the hands of the General Government.

Mr. Salisbury announced that on Thursday he will ask the Senate to take up the resolution declaring Kellogg not entitled to a seat in the Senate.

Mr. Hoar remarked Kellogg's resolutions had been made imperative by the death of Spofford. The credentials of a new claimant, Manning, had been referred to the Committee of Privileges and Elections with instructions to consider them. It was the duty of the committee to report on these credentials.

Senator Saulsbury said the Manning credentials would be considered in the proper course. There were two resolutions now on the calendar—one the unseating of Kellogg, the other the seating of Spofford. The latter was of course imperative, but the former remained for action.

Senator Hoar thought it improper to consider the resolution unseating Kellogg separately. It was merely an incidental resolution to the one declaring Spofford to be Senator. Did Senator Saulsbury intend to force this important matter on the Senate just before the Christmas holidays, when the body was thin?

Mr. Saulsbury did not intend to force the matter, but to get it before the Senate as soon as possible. Perhaps there would be no holiday vacation.

Mr. Blaine suggested it be now decided whether there should be or not.

The Senator from Kentucky, Beck, was reported to have said there would not be.

Senator Beck said, speaking for himself, he was opposed to an extended vacation in view of important public business before Congress, such as refunding the census appropriations, questions as to the navigation, tariff laws, etc. He wished every working day to be utilized so there should be no need of an extra session, which he believed was not desired by the business men of the country. He did not know whether his views were shared by others.

Mr. Edmunds suggested the Kellogg resolutions be made the order for the second day after the meeting of the Senate after recess. There was need of a careful debate on them.

Mr. Saulsbury said he had merely announced his desire to have the resolutions taken up on Thursday. The Senate could vote on his motion then, and further discussion now was needless. The subject was thereupon dropped.

The morning hour having expired, the Senate resumed the consideration of the bill for the relief of Fitz John Porter.

Dawes offered the following substitute for the substitute proposed by Randolph: That the President is hereby authorized within eighteen months from the passage of this act, in his discretion, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint to the army Fitz John Porter, who was dismissed by the sentence of court martial January 19, 1863, provided, however, such appointment shall give no higher rank than Colonel on the retired list, and provided further that said Porter shall receive no pay and compensation or allowance for the time intervening between his dismissal and such appointment.

After a debate, including a vigorous five minutes' speech against it by Senator Logan, the amendment was agreed to, 36 to 21, a party vote, except that Davis, of Illinois, voted no with the Republicans. The bill was then reported to the Senate, and, the question being on agreeing to the amendments made in the Committee of the Whole. Mr. Burnside made a set speech against the bill. The amendments made in the Committee of the Whole were agreed to by thirty-seven to twenty, and the bill was read the third time, and passed by a strict party vote, except that of Mr. Davis of Illinois, who voted in the negative with the Republicans.

The Committee on Military Affairs agreed to recommend the confirmation of all army nominations thus far received the present session. They include the appointment of Col. Hazen Chief Signal Officer and Col. Miles, Brigadier General, and the President's nominations: James Monroe, of Michigan, to be United States Marshal for the Western District of Michigan; Ezekiel B. Turner, of Texas, United States District Judge for Western District of Texas; Alex. Hughes, Dakota, Receiver of Public Moneys at Yankton, Dacota.

Chicago brewers telegraph the Senate Finance Committee favoring the passage of the malt bill.

House.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—Mr. Loney of Mississippi, chairman of the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads, reported back a resolution reciting an allegation that there are detained in Washington City post-office certain, bags of mail matter, which it is thought containing unfrankable matter, were attempted to be sent through the mails under frank, and calling on the Postmaster-General for information as to the detention of such mail matter. He also reported an amendment calling on the same officer for information as to the abuse of the frank by members of Congress or the loan of a frank for any person.

Mr. Singleton; of Illinois, opposed the resolution, which was adopted together with the amendment.

Mr. Morton introduced a bill to incorporate the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua, and it was referred to the Committee on Commerce. It names as incorporators U. S. Grant, E. D. Morgan, H. J. Jewitt, W. J. Garrison, Howard Potter, Fred. Billings, G. W. Riggs, Solon Humphreys, Fred. Butterfield, J. Thomas Defrance, E. F. Beale and Wm. Dennison, and provides that the stock capital shall consist of not less than 500,000 nor more than 1,000,000 shares of $100 each.

Young, of Ohio, introduced a bill to encourage American seamen, and to provide a home for permanently disabled seamen. Referred.

Mr. Bicknell then called up the electoral count resolution and demanded the previous question, and, the Republicans refusing to vote, the House was left without a quorum.

A roll call was ordered, and at its conclusion Mr. Bicknell said it was evident that his friends on the other side were no better minded since the debate than they had been before. Under the circumstances he would not press any further the consideration of the resolution at this time. He gave notice, however, he would bring it forward in January, as soon as he would find 147 members on his side of the house.

Fernando Wood moved to go into committee on funding bill. The motion was voted on by yeas and nays and carried.

The announcement of the vote was temporarily withheld until the pending election of Postmaster is completed.

The House Committee on Elections agreed to report on those cases of contested seats in the matter of Boynton vs. Loring, Fifth Massachusetts District. Committee will submit aunanimous report in favor of Loring, Republican, the sitting member. In the cases of Wilson vs. Carpenter, Eighth Iowa, and Holmes vs. Sapp, Ninth Iowa, the majority reports will favor the sitting members, both Republicans.

The Speaker then announced that the motion made by F. Wood had been carried—yeas 136, nays 90—and the House went into committee of the whole, Covert in the chair, on the funding bill.

Mr. Thornburgh's Funeral.

Robert Thornburgh, an old and esteemed citizen of St. Louis, who died Sunday morning, was buried this afternoon from his late residence, 2929 Washington avenue. A large number of the friends and relatives of the deceased attended the funeral.

$20,000 Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, December 14.—A fire in the telegraph cable manufactory of Manley & Sons caused a loss of $20,000.

The quickest way to find out whether a gun is loaded or not is to blow down the muzzle. If it is not loaded you will live to do it again.

A man who has been successful in putting up his winter stove may now safely commence to attend religious meetings again.

W. C. LITTLE. C. B. WEBER.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

213 N. Third St., St. Louis,

Dealers in

U. S. Bonds, State Bonds, County Bonds, Municipal Bonds, Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds, And securities of every description.

Public sales made on 'Change.

Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Robert E. M. Bain, Foreign Exchange, 104 N. Third street, reports: December 14.—Prime bankers' sterling, 478½@480; commercial 60-days, sterling, 476½@477; do demand sterling, 477½@477¼; do 60-days francs, 530⅝@527½; do demand, do, 527½@525½; do 60-days reichs marks, 93½@93¾; do demand do 94¼@94½; do 60-days guilders and florins, 39¼. Market weak. Bankers' nominal rates declined ½ point.

St. Louis Mining and Stock Exchange, December 14.

Securities.	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. bonds 4 per cent	112¾	113¼
Atlantic and Pacific, Central Division, 1st mortgage	......	85
Union Depot street R'y, 1st mor.	100	102½
Carondelet Gas Co., 1st mortgage	98½	100
Vulcan Iron Works	......	96
Denver water bonds	124	......
Bartholow, Lewis & Co.	112½	......
Boatmen's Saving Bank	118½	120½
Continental Bank	100½	105
German American Bank	92½	......
Mechanics' Bank	97¼	99
Lafayette Bank	73	......
Northwestern Savings Bank	65	......
St. Louis National Bank	106	......
State Savings Association	110	......
Third National Bank	102½	103
American Central Insurance Co.	36	37¼
Marine Insurance Co.	113	115½
Citizens' street Railway	215	......
Lindell Street Railway	147	......
St. Louis Street Railway	52½	......
South St. Louis Street Railway	25½	27½
Tower Grove Street Railway	9	......
Union Street Railway	19½	20
St. Louis Gas Co, ex div	267½	274
Laclede Gas Co	118	......
Carondelet Gas Co	14½	17
St. Louis Agri'l and Mech. Ass	42	46
Belcher Sugar Ref'g Co	62½	......
Wiggans Ferry Co	147	......
Bell Telephone Co	......	85
Butchers' and Drovers' scrip	35	......
St. Louis Cotton Compress	......	175
National Stock Yards	......	110
Valle Mining Co	225	400
Hope Mining Co	40	48½
Boone County bonds, new 6s	100	......
Callaway county bonds, new 6s	102½	......
Chariton County bonds, new 6s	101	......
Cole County bonds, new 6s	103	......
Crawford county, township 6s	102	......
Cass county, township 6s	......	94
Johnson County Normal School	104	......
Laclede County bonds, new 6s	97	......
Lafayette county, new 6s	104½	......
Lawrence county, new 6s	96	......
Mercer County bonds, new 6s	97½	100
Pettis county, new 6s	101½	......
Putnam County bonds, new 7s	95	......
B. M. Chambers' note and interest secured by Times $4,000	21	......

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, December 14, 12 a. m.—Stock market opened irregular, but in early dealings firm tone generally prevailed, and prices advanced from ¼ to 3 per cent. American Union, Denver and Rio Grande and Iron Mountain being most prominent in upward movement. At first board there was fraction reaction in some instances, but subsequently firmer feeling prevailed and prices again took an upward turn. Telegraph shares, Erie, Granger and coal stocks led the market in point of activity. Money loaning at 6 per cent on call; prime mercantile paper 6@7. Bar silver 111¼. Exchange steady at 477½@478 for long and 471@471¼ for sight. Governments quiet; '81 reg. 101½; '81 coupons 101½; new 5s reg. 101½; coupons 101½; new 4½s reg. 111½; coupons 111½; new 4s reg. 112½; coupons 113½. State securities dull and nominal. Railroad bonds in fair demand. Since 11 o'clock fluctuation in general stock list has been merely fractional, but market has been stronger in tone and general tendency in direction of higher prices.

Rock Island	130½	prfd	109½
Panama	225	W., St. L. & Pacific	43¼
Fort Wayne	†125½	prfd	81¾
Pittsburg	†125	Hannibal & St. Joseph	44¼
Illinois Central	121	pfd	95½
C., B. & Q.	173¼	Iron Mountain	49¾
prfd	....	St. L. & San Fran.	41½
Chicago & Alton	140½	prfd	54½
Chicago & Alton pfd	142½	first prfd	86
N. Y. Central	144¼	C., St. L. & N. O.	37¼
Harlem	†200	Kansas & Texas	43½
Lake Shore	124½	Union Pacific	107¾
Canada Southern	74	prfd	....
Michigan Central	117½	Central Pacific	84½
Erie	46¾	Kansas Pacific	....
Erie, preferred	78½	Northern Pacific	32½
Northwestern	123¼	Northern Pacific, pfd	62¼
Northwestern, pfd.	139	Louisville & Nash'lle	83a84
St. Paul	110½	Nashville & Chat	78½
St. Paul, pfd	121	L. & N. A.	44@47
St. Paul & Minnesota	....	Houston & Tex	61
St. Paul & Sioux City	....	Denver & R. Grande	82½
St. P. & S. C. prfd.	....	St. Paul & Omaha	45
Del. & Lack	104½	prfd	89½
Morris & Essex	†117½	Boston Air Line, pfd	....
Del. & Hudson	89½	Oregon Navigation	....
N. J. Central	79½	Montauk Coal	....
Reading	50½	Pittsburg, T. and B.	35@6
Ohio	36	Memphis & C.	43
Ohio, preferred	88	American Union	....
Chesapeake & Ohio	22½	Western Union	82½
first prfd	31½	A. & P. Telegraph	35
second prfd	24½	Pacific Mail	50½
Mobile & Ohio	20½	Little Pittsburg	....
Cleveland & Col.	84½	Adams	117
C., C. & I. C.	19½	Fargo	112
Ohio Central	21½	American	66
Erie & Western	36½	United States	50½
Peoria, D. and E.	25	Canton	....
Ind., B. and W.	37¼	Boston Water Power	....
Ont. & Western	....	Boston Land	....
Mar. and Cin.	....	Canton	....
1st prfd	9½	Consol. Coal	....
2d prfd	6	Quicksilver	12
S., C. R. & N.	68½	pref	43
A. & T. H.	82	Central Arizona	....

*Bid †Offered.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

(Warehouses not included.)

	City.	R. R.	River	Total.
Wheat	18,329	32,408	......	50,737
Corn	9,147	3,838	......	12,985
Oats	6,779	825	......	7,604
Rye	......	2,071	......	2,071
Barley	990	......	......	990

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles

For the 24 hours ending Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1880, and corresponding day in 1879, as reported by the Merchants' Exchange.

ARTICLES.	Receipts by River and Rail. 1880.	1879.	Shipments by Rail. 1880.	1879.
Apples, brls	339	789	1,101	229
Barley, sacks	516	756	....	....
Barley, in blk. bu.	25,400	3,500	....	3,180
Butter, lbs	14,960	13,900	835	1,860
Corn, sacks	....	....	705	205
Corn, in bulk, bu	44,000	58,050	11,192	4,460
Eggs, pkgs	123	330	....	....
Flour, brls	5,637	4,956	9,437	6,561
Hay, bales	2,777	1,341	860	....
Hides, lbs	109,040	102,314	19,890	30,152
Lard, lbs	3,418	290	141,422	16,950
Lead, pigs	3,665	2,713	336	290
Oats, sks	....	122	215	40
Oats, in bulk	2,300	17,250	....	....
Pork, brls	....	....	182	274
Hams, lbs	....	50,000	78,045	131,299
Meats, lbs	45,363	155,000	259,869	628,775
Potatoes, sks, brls	412	....	....	190
Potatoes, bulk	....	....	....	....
Rye, sacks	....	48	....	207
Rye, in bulk	....	900	500	2,571
Tallow, lbs	44,468	20,770	667	....
Tobacco, hhds	59	53	14	17
Wheat, sacks	1,858	2,675	....	....
Wheat in bulk	6,875	35,275	24,383	17,616
Wool, lbs	9,791	13,398	23,050	59,490
White Lead	....	....	10,840	44,400

Exports from New York.

The exports from New York for weeks ending on given dates were as follows:

	Dec. 8. 1880.	Dec. 1. 1880.	Dec. 10. 1879.
Flour, brls	104,114	95,483	89,963
Wheat, bu	426,970	695,504	1,036,588
Corn, bu	296,971	861,948	829,948

Stocks in Chicago.

	Dec. 14, 1880.	Dec. 7, 1880.	Dec. 16, 1879.
Wheat, bu	6,412,929	5,896,782	6,549,951
Corn, bu	4,208,575	3,836,321	2,534,670
Oats, bu	1,375,853	1,297,640	1,096,118
Rye, bu	297,219	298,499	260,802
Barley, bu	230,662	196,283	707,897

Stocks in Toledo.

	Dec. 14, 1880.	Dec. 7, 1880.	Dec. 16, 1879.
Wheat, bu	1,815,710	1,609,853	828,886
Corn, bu	612,349	543,618	196,001
Oats, bu	77,418	89,522	82,375

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn at Leading Points.

	Receipts. Wheat	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn
St. Louis	10,555	44,000	24,383	12,958
Chicago	105,650	187,438	19,393	51,597
Milwaukee	112,170	4,370	13,495	......
Baltimore	51,794	27,169	43,751	......
Toledo	61,000	37,000	17,000	15,000
New York	78,000	56,000	......	......

Chicago Inspections—456 cars wheat; 395 cars corn; 91 cars oats; 10 cars rye; 69 cars barley.

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—2 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 5 cars No. 3 Mederiterranean, 27 cars No. 2 red winter, 7 cars No. 3 red winter, 3 cars No. 4 winter, 2 cars rejected winter. Total—46 cars.

Corn—1 car St. Charles, 12 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 5 cars rejected white mixed, 122 cars No. 2 mixed, 42 cars rejected. Total—182 cars.

Oats—19 cars No. 2, 3 cars rejected. Total—22 cars.

Barley—2 cars No. 3 spring, 1 car rejected spring. Total—3 cars.

Rye—1 car No. 2, 2 cars rejected. Total—3 cars.

Total—256 cars.

Comparative Closing Values of Leading Articles at 1 P. M.

	Yesterday.	To-day.
No. 2 red wheat, cash	1 02½	1 01½
" " Dec.	1 04½	1 01½
" " Jan.	1 04½	1 03½
" " Feb.	1 07½@½	1 06½
" " Mar.	1 10½	1 08½
No. 3 red	1 00½	1 00
No. 4	94½	94½
No. 2 Mediterranean	1 02	100½
No. 2 mixed corn	42½	41½
" " Dec.	42½	41
" " Jan	41½	40½
" " Feb.	42½@¾	41½
" " Mar.	42½	41½
" " April	43½	42½
" " May	44½	44
No. 2 white mixed, c'sh	43½	42
Rejected	36	35¼
No. 2 oats, cash	33½	33½
" " Dec.	33½	33½
" " Jan.	35½	35
" " Feb.	36	35½
" " May	37½	37
Rejected	32½	32½
No. 2 rye, cash	85	85
Rejected	81	82
Standard mess pork	13 25 ask	13 25 ask
" " Dec	13 20 ask	
" " Jan	13 00	13 00
" " Feb.	13 15	13 07½
Lard, prime steam	8.20	8½
D. S. shoulders, cash	4	4
" clear ribs, cash	5½@.55	6.55
" short clear	6.70	6½
Bacon shoulders, cash	5½	5½
" clear rib cash	7½	7½
" short clear, cash	7½	7.90
Hams	8½@10	8½@10

The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour dull and unsettled; buyers and sellers apart. We quote: Fancy $5 20@5 45; choice $4 75@5 00; family $4 60@4 75: xxx $4 20@4 50; xx $3 60@3 75; x $3 25@3 40; superfine $3 00@3 10; fine $2 60@2 85.

Wheat—Irregular at a lower range to prices. Millers bought very freely of all grades, and sales of No. 2 red were also made to speculators. Shippers entirely out at present prices, and East side receipts were at ½c discount. No. 2 red sold at $1 01½, No. 3 red at $1, No. 4 at 94@94½, No. 2 Mediterranean at $1@1 00½, No. 3 do at 96@96½, rejected salable at 86. Futures unsettled, closing at 1@1½c declines. January sold at $1 04½@1 03½; February at $1 07½@1 06, closing at $1 06½; March at $1 09½@1 08½, closing at $1 08½.

Corn—Off in price and weak all through. Grades moved slowly, speculators taking all the No. 2 mixed at 41½c, while No. 2 white mixed at 42c sold for order and milling account and rejected at 35½@35½c on orders; for rejected white mixed 40½c bid. Futures declined almost steadily from the opening, closing ½@½ below yesterday. Trading active in May; light otherwise. December sold at 42½ to 41; January at 41 to 40½, late 40½ asked; February at 41½ to 41½; April at 43 to 42½; May at 44½ to 44; March had 41½ bid.

Oats—Lower, the decline in wheat and corn having a weakening effect. Grade No. 2 sold to speculators at 33½, but slowly; for rejected 32½ was bid; No. 2 white was neglected. In futures there was little done, and that at ¼ to ½ decline, January selling at 35 and February at 35½; bids of 33½ December, 37 May.

Barley—Firm and in demand at an advance. We quote: Rejected 50@60c; No. 3 70@80c; prime 85c@95; choice $1 00@1 05; fancy $1 10@1 15; Canada $1 15@1 25.

Rye—Continues dull. Grade No. 2 sold at 85c and rejected at 82c.

Hay—Steady and quiet. We quote: Prairie $11@13; mixed $13@13 50; prime timothy $14 50@15 50; choice do $17@17 50; fancy do $18.

Milfeed—Dull and weak. Bran sold in sacks at 60@58c at mill and in bulk at 50c f. o. b. E. St. Louis.

Provisions heavy and weak, but few sellers at the low ruling prices. Mess pork sold at $13 January: $13 25 asked cash; $13 12½ February, bid $13 07½ for latter. Lard nominally worth about 8½. Boxed dry salt meats sold at 4½ for shoulders, 6.70 for clear rib middles, 6.80 for short clear; loose at 4 for shoulders, 6.55 for clear ribs, and short clear salable at 6½. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 5½ and short clear at 7.90@7.95, clear ribs worth 7½. Tallow 5½@6c, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 9@10c. Grease, 4@4½c for brown, 4½@5½c for yellow, 5½@6c for white. Beef—Extra mess $12 per brl; prime mess $9 50 per brl; family $7 per half-brl; dried 9@10c per lb. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt $1 25@1 30 per brl for lake, and $1 15 for Ohio River; $1 20@1 25 per sack for G. A.

AFTERNOON CALL.

Wheat Lower; January at $1 03½@1 03½, March at $1 08½; bids of $1 01 cash, $1 00½ December; $1 06½ asked February.

Corn lower; December at 41@40½, January 40½ (later 40½ asked), April 42½, May 44@43½@½; bids of 40½ February, 41½ March.

Oats—Nothing done.

The Cotton Market.

Spots firm and unchanged. Sales 3,503 bales. New York quiet. Liverpool steady.

Reported daily by R. H. Nicol & Co., 21 North Main street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	36,202
Same day last year	62,880

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	3,577	2,663
Same day last year	3,592	4,429
Total for season to date	168,322	141,199
Same time last year	295,356	225,908

RUGS! RUGS!

DON'T FAIL TO EXAMINE

THE LARGEST SELECTION OF

ORIENTAL RUGS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS MARKET,

Ranging in Price From $15 to $300.

Trorlicht & Duncker,

506 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

Country Produce.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Fancy, occasionally 35. choice 32@34; seconds 30@31. Dairy—Fancy 27@28; choice 25@26; prime 20@23; low grade 12@15; and near-by make 11@18, top rate for fancy. Roll—11@18c for near-by; 18@23c for Northern.

EGGS Sales of choice marks at 27.

POULTRY—Dressed—Turkeys—Fair to choice 8@9; geese $2 00@6 00 ₩ doz, ducks $1 50@3; chicken $1 to $2 50 for thin rough to fancy.

GAME—Sales: Quail—drawn $1, undrawn $1 10@1 25; grouse—drawn $5, undrawn $5 25@5 50; pheasant $6; duck—Teal and grey $2; mixed $1 75; mallard $2 50; wild turkeys 50@$1 apiece, and 7@8c ₩ lb; squirrel 60@75c; rabbit—undrawn $1 10@1 25, drawn $1@1 05; jack rabbit $3@3 25. Deer—Carcasses 5@6; venison saddles without skins, 8@8c, skins on 10c—foregoing for Western, Minnesota 1@2c higher; possum 10@25c; bear carcasses 12½; antelope do 12½; buffalo hams 10.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 47@49; medium 44@46; dingy and low 40@43. Unwashed—Combing 28@30; coarse 25@27; choice medium 27@28; low do 24@25; fine merino (light) 23@24; heavy do 17@19; burry black and cotted 5@15 ₩ lb less; Southern burry 13@14.

FURS—We quote Western (Southern 15@25 per cent less): Raccoon—No. 1, 70; No. 2, 45; No. 3, 25; No. 4, 15. Mink—No. 1, 60; No. 2, 45; No. 3, 30; No. 4, 15. Skunk—Black, 65; short stripe 45; narrow stripe, 30; white stripe, 15. Cat—Pole, 5@10; wild, 15@20; house, 5@10. Fox—Gray, 60; red, 75. Otter, 50 to $6; Beaver, 50 to $1 75 ₩ lb. Bear, $2 to $7; badger- 20@25. 'Possum, 5@10. Muskrat 5@7.

HIDES—Quote: No. 1 green salted 9¼@½; damaged do 8@8½; partly cured 8; dam. do 7; bulls and stags—green salted 6½@7; green 5@5½; green salted calf 13@13½; No. 1 dry salted 16; damaged do 13; No. 1 dry flint 18¼@8½; No. 2 do 15½. Branded 10 ₩ cent. off from price of No. 1.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 46@47, outside for small sks; No. 2 do 37@42; mixed 30@35; old 15@30; chicken 5@10. Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

DEERSKINS—We quote: Selections 45@47½; No. 1, 33@43; salted 30@35; damaged 25@30; green salted 20.

FLAXSEED—Quote at $1 12½ on basis of pure.

APPLES—We quote: Winesap $2 00@2 25; Baldwin $2 50; Willow Twig and Ben Davis $2 25@2 75; genetin $1 50@2 00—all to be free from frost and in well filled barrels; frozen $1@2.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted pelts and lamb skins 50@$1; dry 35@65 according to the amount of wool on them; Green salted shearlings 25@35; Dry flint do 5@15; bug eaten unsalable.

GRASS SEED—We quote clover $5@5 25; timothy at $2@2 35. Hungarian and millet 40@55; red top 40@45.

PECANS—We quote: Western 6½@7; Texas 8½@9.

WALNUTS—45@50 ₩ bu for choice.

PEANUTS—Quote: red 2@2½; white 2½@3.

CHESTNUTS—5@6 per lb.

CASTOR BEANS—$1 22@1 23 bid for prime.

HICKORY NUTS—Sales of small shellbarks 75@85, and large at 35@45 ₩ bu.

HAZELNUTS—2@2½ ₩ lb.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 12@13; Western part skims 8½@9½; hard 3@5.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Pears $4@4 50: plums $1 75@2; quinces $2 25 ₩ box; Malaga grapes $10 50 ₩ brl, $4@4 50 ₩ keg.

VEALS—Carcasses 4@6½ live at 4½@6½ lb lb.

DRESSED HOGS—Quote at 4@5, top rate for extra large.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable at $1 25@1 40 for medium Western, $1 60@1 75 for do navy—stained and dirty at 50@75c as in quality; hand picked Eastern medium $1 80@1 85 from store; do navy $1 90@2.

HONEY—Dark comb 14@16; fancy bright 17@19; strained and extracted 11@13 in pkgs, 9@10 in brls.

RAGS—We quote: Country mixed 2½@2½.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 20.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 50@1 60, top rate for choice, Seneca 40@45; blue flag 4½; blood roots 3@4, golden seal 5@6½; snake 9@10; black 4½; May apple 2½.

BROOMCORN—3@5; green hurl 4½@5½.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 38@40; country 32@33; city oak 40; country do 35. Pork brls $1 05 del; lard tierces $1 20 del; lard kegs 40@50; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@1; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls. iron bound, 6 hoop. $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ₩ 100 lbs: Wrought $1 15, heavy cast 85c; stove 65; plows 75; burnt 20. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$12@15; dry buffalo $16.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Louisiana oranges $4 00 to $5 00 ₩ brl. Lemons $5@5 50 for Messina, $4 50@5 for Malaga ₩ box; cocoanuts $40 ₩ 1,000.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—dark 3, fair 3½, prime 3½, choice 3½. Peaches—mixed 4½@5, small halves 5½, prime halves 5½, choice halves 5¾, fancy do 6.

POPCORN—Small white 1½@1½, large do 1.

POTATOES—Quote Western sound stock ₩ bu—50@55 for rose, 60@65 for peachblow, 55@60 for flukes and peerless—frosted much lower; Eastern 5@10c ₩ bu higher.

ONIONS—$3 50 for prime red, $3 75 for yellow do.

CARROTS—Choice Northern $1 75 ₩ brl on orders.

HORSERADISH—Sells on orders at $5 00 ₩ brl.

RUTABAGAS—On orders, $1 50 ₩ brl; frosted in bulk 25c.

CABBAGE—On orders at $5 25@5 50 ₩ crate.

SWEET POTATOES—$1 25@1 50 to 1 75 ₩ brl on orders as in kind.

SAUR KRAUT—City on orders—brls $9 00, half-brls $4 75.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 80; coal oil $1 25.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—$1 85@1 95 ₩ bu for new.

CELERY—Short 10@15; choice long 30@40; celery root 50@75 per doz.

BEETS—Home-grown sell on orders at $1 75 ₩ brl.

TURNIPS—$1 75 ₩ brl on orders.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $6 50@7; choice cooper shaved $7@7 50; pork brl $8@10; lard tierce do $11@12; cask $18@20; half cask $11@12. Staves (car lots East side), machine flour brl, oak $7 50; elm $7. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5½@5½; hard do 5½@6. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; hhd $24@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@20.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1 30 for prime.

HOPS—We quote New York, new, at 23@26. No Western in market.

Miscellaneous.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Sales at $6@6 65 for Eastern, $5 50@5 75 for Western.

RYE FLOUR—$4 90@5 25 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 15@2 20 del.

BUCKWHEAT—Quote at 60@65.

TOBACCO—We quote. Inferior to common dark lugs $3 55@3 80; fair to good dark lugs $4@4 25; fair to good bright lugs $4 50@6 50; inferior and nondescript dark leaf $4 25@4 75; common dark leaf $5@5 75; low medium to medium dark leaf $6@7; low medium to medium red leaf $7@8 50; factory dried shipping leaf $5 50@7 50; good to fine bright leaf $9 50@12; medium half bright wrapping leaf $12@18; medium bright wrapping leat $20@30; good to fine bright wrapping leaf $40@60. No sales; dead dull; no demand.

HEMP—We quote undressed hemp, $110@140; dressed hemp, $160@200; shorts $140@160; break tow, $60 per ton.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots; Jute bagging at 10½@10½, according to weight, flax and mixed flax do 9½@10½. Hemp twine 14½@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 65@1 75 ₩ bundle.

LEAD—soft Mo. steady and quiet at $4 25.

HIGHWINES—Lower at $1 11.

LIVE STOCK.

Comparative receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending to-day, and the same day in 1879.

	Receipts. 1880.	1879.	Shipments. 1880.	1879.
Cattle	240	658	40	100
Hogs	9,975	7,141	733	2,652
Sheep	....	26	260	....

CATTLE—Dullness again had supreme sway in the cattle market this forenoon and the transfers, as may be imagined, were few. Total offerings light, and mainly of mixed native butchers' stuff and a few native shipping steers. Local operators were present in fair numbers, had some orders for good native butcher steers, which were scarce. Common and medium mixed butchers' stuff dull. The few native shipping steers offered were barely enough to make a market and were draggy. Reports from New York and other points not very flattering. Stock cattle dull and unchanged. Milch cows with calves scarce and in demand. Yesterday afternoon there was no market whatever. Ruling quotations weak.

RULING QUOTATIONS.

Choice native steers	$5 25@5 50
Prime native steers, average 1,400 to 1,500 lbs	4 80@5 15
Good to prime steers, av. 1,100 to 1,350 lbs	4 40@4 75
Common to good grass steers	3 00@4 00
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,200 lbs, nominal	3 00@3 25
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950, nominal	2 40@2 90
Good to prime native cows and heifers	2 80@3 25
Common to fair native cows	2 00@2 60
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 25@3 75
Fair to good Colorado steers	3 75@4 25
Common to good grass Texans	2 15@3 25

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.
10 native steers	1,320	$4 80
17 native steers	1,251	4 12½
20 native steers	932	3 50
26 native cows, etc	1,115	3 50
10 native cows	1,023	2 87½
14 native cows	935	3 12½

HOGS—The market up to the close of our report had not opened. The supply large and of all grades. Packers do not show much urgency and are holding back, and no doubt declines will be in order. Values nominal. Light hogs $3 90@4 15; mixed packing $4 35@4 60; butcher and select $4 65@4 80.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
52	260	$4 40	39	286	$4 60
16	220	4 20	16	180	3 70

SHEEP—Fair to prime muttons in steady local request at easier figures. Shippers are out of the market. Common grades dull and offerings light. Values weak.

Quote choice to extra $3 75 to $4 25; fair to good $3 25 to $3 75; medium to fair $3 to $3 25. Stock sheep $2 50@2 75. Scabby natives and Texas stockers not wanted. Lambs $1 50 to $3 per head.

Horses and Mules.

Fair to good workers and single drivers and good work mules in demand and scarce. Common dull. Values steady.

HORSES.

Common plugs	$20 to	$30
Good plugs	35 to	45
Southern plantation, good	55 to	60
Southern plantation, extra	95 to	115
Streeters	75 to	85
Saddle horses, common	90 to	100
Saddle horses, good	90 to	100
Saddle horses, extra	135 to	160
Drivers	80 to	90
Drivers, good to extra	100 to	150
Heavy draft—1300 to 1350 lbs	110 to	125
Heavy draft, extra 1400 to 1450	140 to	160

MULES.

14 hands	60 to	110
14½ hands	90 to	170
15 hands	120 to	130
15½ hands	110 to	120
16 hands	120 to	140
16 hands, extra	150 to	170

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, December 14.—Hogs—Receipts 46,000; market quiet and 5c lower on lower grades; light and mixed packing $4 40@4 65; heavy packing and shipping $4 70@5 05. Cattle—Receipts 6,000; exports strong at $5 35@7; common to good shipping $3 80@4 40; butchers $2 25@3.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Flour quiet and strongly in buyers' favor. Receipts—22,943 barrels. Round hoop Ohio $4 80@5 50; choice do $5 55@6 55; superfine Western $3 40@4 10; common to good extra do $4 80@5; choice do do $5 10@6 75; choice white wheat do $5 10@6. Wheat very heavy, 2@2½c lower; sales 8,000 bu. No. 2 red spot $1 20; 160,000 bushels do January $1 20½@1 21½; 240,000 bushels do February $1 23½@1 24½; do December at $1 18½ bid, $1 19½ asked. Corn without important change; new mixed Western moderately active. Oats a shade easier; Western 42½@48. Beef light demand; new plain mess $8 50; new extra do $9 50. Pork dull and weak; old mess $13 75 spot. Lard heavy and lower; steam-rendered 8.77½. Butter dull and heavy; Ohio 14@30.

BALTIMORE, December 14.—Flour quiet without change. Wheat—Western lower, and closing firm; No. 2 Western winter red spot and December $1 17½@1 17½; January $1 19 bid; February $1 22½@1 22½; March $1 24½@1 25. Corn—Western quiet and about steady; Western mixed spot and December 57½@58, old and new; January 57 bid. Oats quiet and easier; Western white 43@44; do mixed 42@42½. Rye dull at 98@$1 02. Hay unchanged. Provisions dull and unchanged. Butter quiet and steady and unchanged. Eggs firm; fresh 31@32; limed 20.

CHICAGO, December 14.—Wheat active, but weak and lower; $1 02½ cash; $1 02½ January; $1 02½ February. Corn weak and lower at 39½c cash; 39½c January; 44½ May. Oats weak at 32½c cash; 32½c January; 36½c May. Pork lower at $11 80 cash; $12 95 January; $13 10 bid February. Lard easy; 8.30 December; 8½ January. Rye unchanged. Barley strong and higher at $1 17. Whisky at $1 12.

MILWAUKEE, December 14.—Wheat declined 1@2½c; noon board dull; hard and No. 1 nominal; $1 04 No. 2 hard; $1 01½ No. 2 and December; $1 01½ January; $1 03 February; 87½@88c No. 3; 78c No. 4; rejected nominal; receipts, 112,000; shipments, 13,000. Corn quiet; 39½c for No. 2. Oats steady at 32½c for No. 2. Rye 86½c for No. 1. Barley firm at 89c for No. 2.

CINCINNATI, December 14.—Flour quiet and unchanged; family $4 75@5, fancy $5 30@6. Wheat dull; no sales. Corn in fair demand; No. 2 mixed shelled, new, 46½c. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 37@37½c. Barley quiet and unchanged; No. 2 fall 95c@$1. Pork dull and nominal. Lard weaker at 8.25@8.27½c. Bulk meats dull at 4½@7. Whisky weak and lower at $1 10.

LIVERPOOL, December 14.—Pork—Prime mess Eastern dull at 69s; prime mess Western dull at 64s. Bacon—C C dull at 42s; shoulders dull at 27s. Cheese—American choice dull at 65s. Wheat—No. 1 white steady at 9s 10d; winter steady at 9s 10d for new Western. Corn—Mixed dull at 5s 7½d and 10d for new Southern. Turpentine spirits in London firmer at 3 4-16.

TOLEDO, December 14.—Wheat quiet; No. 2 red Wabash January $1 04½; February $1 07½, March $1 10 asked, $1 09½ bid; April $1 12 asked, $1 11½ bid. Corn dull; No. 2 seller May 47c. Oats dull. Clover seed—prime mammoth $4 90; prime $4 75.

DETROIT, December 14.—Flour quiet. Wheat weak; extra nominal; No. 1 white $1 02; December and January $1 03½; February $1 05½; March $1 07½; April $1 09; No. 2 red nominal; No. 2 white 97½c. Receipts wheat, 41,000; shipments 12,000.

BUFFALO, December 14.—Wheat inactive and nominal. Corn dull; car lots old 53½; new 52½, on track. Oats firm; car No. 1 white 41½, car No. 2 white 41, car mixed 40, all on track. Rye and barley neglected.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

A Splendid Assortment of Albums, Knives, Pocket Books, Gold Pens, Diaries, Ink Stands, Papeteries, Etc., Etc.,

Will Be Retailed at Wholesale Prices until January 1, 1881.

Mercantile Stationery, Job Printing and Blank-Books Specialties.

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AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

This evening and every evening during the week, and at Wednesday and Saturday matinees.

Leavitt's Grand Opera Burlesque Company,

In Offenbach's latest production,

LA FILLE DU TAMBOUR MAJOR,

With Grand Chorus and Ballet.

In preparation an entirely new spectacular burlesque, entitled CARMEN.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

A GOOD German girl wanted for general housework and cooking, at 1906 Carr Place.

A GOOD honest boy wishes a situation, who is willing to do anything; can write a fair hand; wages low. Ad. A. B., this office.

A BOY of 16 or 17 wanted in restaurant, 504 Market st.

PRIVATE family; second-story, well-furnished room; with or without board. Ad. E. R., th. of.

EMMA, late cook at T. K. Spinker's, or any person knowing her address, please send it to Zack, this office.

A FIRST-CLASS engineer wants a situation; is willing to go to the country. Ad. W. W. B., box 503. East St. Louis.

GOOD cook and houseworker; no washing; to go a short distance from city. Apply to 607 North Sixth st.

WANTED—A Seamstress on Wheeler & Wilson machine, who understands children's clothing, for private family; short distance from city. Apply at 607 N. Sixth st.

WANTED—Situation in wholesale or retail business by competent young man of 19. Ad. A. C. Aldworth, 2428 N. Ninth st.

A YOUNG man that has worked in a machine shop, and must understand running a small engine. Ad. A. W. A., this office.

WANTED—Situation as leading soprano in church choir in this city by young lady trained in New England Conservatory, Boston. Ad. M., this office.

WANTED—Situation by young man as salesman, collector or copyist; can give best of ref. and security. Ad. E. L. H., box 88, Springfield, Mo.

A YOUNG MAN wants place to work for board three or four weeks—night or day work. Address Charles, this office.

LEGAL.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed of trust dated December 5, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book No. 601, at page No. 366, Phebe Dawkins (a widow, now deceased), Sarah J. Perks and Elizabeth M. Dunn conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described tract or parcel of land lying, being and situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: That certain piece or parcel of ground, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, lying, being and situate in said city, and being the east one-half of lot numbered thirteen (13) of Rundlett's addition to said city of St. Louis as per plat duly recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis, being in city block number two hundred and fifteen (215) and commencing at a point on the southern line of Spruce street, distant 300 feet and 6 inches more or less from the western line of Twelfth street, thence running southwardly and parallel to Twelfth street one hundred and forty-six feet and six inches (146 feet 6 inches) to a point, thence westwardly and parallel to south line of Spruce street thirty feet (30), thence northwardly one hundred and forty-six feet and six inches (146 feet 6 inches) to the south line of Spruce street, thence eastwardly along said south line of Spruce street thirty feet (30) to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the principal and one interest note therein described: now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned trustee, at the request of the legal holder of said notes and by virtue of the authority of said deed of trust, and in pursuance of the provisions therein, will on

FRIDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell the above described property at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said notes and interest and the cost and expense of executing this trust.

ARTHUR J. JENNINGS, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1880. 4M

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., December 14.—Arrived: E. H. Durfee, Cape Girardeau, 8 p. m.; Thos. Sherlock, Cincinnati, 9 a. m.; Andy Baum, Memphis, noon. Departed: Tidal Wave, New Orleans, 8 p. m. Clear and pleasant.

LOUISVILLE, KY., December 14.—River falling; nine feet in canal and seven feet in chute on falls. Weather cloudy and chilly. Guiding Star, Cincinnati to New Orleans; Diamond and tow to Pittsburg.

EVANSVILLE, December 14.—Arrived: Schenck and Clyde, 7; Clifton, 9. Departed: Schenck, Cincinnati, 2 a. m. River falling; 23 feet 5 inches. Wind from north; clear and pleasant.

MEMPHIS, December 14.—River rising. Departed: Gold Dust, Vicksburg; Grand Tower, Cairo; Will Kyle, New Orleans; Grand Lake, Ohio River. Pleasant.

PITTSBURG, PA., December 14.—River four feet five inches and rising. Raining hard, warm. Carrier arrived 12 a. m.; Kate Stockdale 1 a. m.

PITTSBURG, December 14.—River 4 feet 5 inches and rising. Raining hard and warm. Carrier arrived at 12 a. m.; Kate Stockdale arrived at 1 a. m.

WHEELING, W. VA., December 14.—River 6 feet 6 inches and rising. Departed: Scotia, Cincinnati, noon, to-day. Weather raining.

CINCINNATI, December 14.—River 18 feet and falling. Weather cloudy and mild. Arrived: Paris C. Brown, New Orleans.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Bridget Casey, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

BRIDGET CASEY,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 26th day of November, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 26th day of November, 1880.

WILLIAM B. RYDER, Administrator.

3Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given all creditors and others interested in the estate of

OWEN FINNEGAN,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make final settlement thereof at the March term of the Probate Court of St. Louis city, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March, A. D. 1881.

MICHAEL FINNEGAN, Administrator of Owen Finnegan, deceased.

St. Louis, December 14, 1880. 51R

Assignees' Notices.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of the Broadway Savings Bank — Notice is hereby given that John R. Lionberger, assignee of the Broadway Savings Bank, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the December term, 1880, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 3, on Monday, the 20th day of December, 1880, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, December 8, 1880. 3R

SPECIAL NOTICE.

OFFICE of the Laclede Gas-Light Co., St. Louis, December 8, 1880.—An adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Laclede Gas-Light Company, for the election of directors, will be held at the office of the company on Wednesday, December 15, 1880. Polls open from 12 to 1 p. m.

J. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.

NOTICE OF INTENDED REDUCTION OF CAPITAL STOCK.—Notice is hereby given that pursuant to Section 914 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Missouri the Bremen Savings Bank, a corporation now doing a banking business in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, will, on December 27, 1880, reduce its capital stock from one hundred thousand dollars to seventy thousand dollars.

F. W. PRANGE, President.

CHAS. E. KIRCHER, Secretary and Cashier Bremen Savings Bank.

St. Louis, November 16, 1880. 98N

ELECTION NOTICES.

ST. LOUIS NATIONAL BANK.—The regular annual election of nine (9) directors of this bank will be held on Tuesday, January 11, 1881, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p. m., at the banking rooms.

J. NICKERSON, Cashier.

December 11, 1880.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF ST. LOUIS, December 8, 1880.

THE regular annual election for nine (9) directors of this bank will be held on Tuesday, January 11, 1881, at the banking rooms. Polls open from 12 m. until 2 o'clock p. m.

T. A. STODDART, Cashier.

REAL ESTATE.

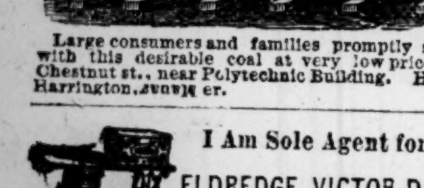
M. A. WOLFF........................W. A. MEAGHER.

M. A. WOLFF & CO.,

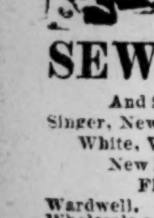
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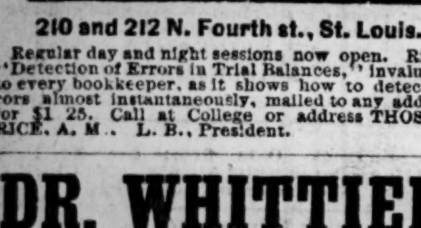
New Machines, $20 to $35. Rebuilt, $7 50 to $15.

WM. H. CRAWFORD,

DRUGGIST,

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LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John Prechel and Barbara, his wife, by deed dated the 26th day of October, 1867, and recorded in book 346, page 485, of the Recorder's office of the then county, now city, of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: One-half of lot number twenty-five in block one, in Joseph Charles' Addition to the city of St. Louis, called Devolsey, measuring thirty feet front on Devolsey street, and running for depth sixty-five feet three and a half inches, bounded on the noth by lot belonging to Martin Rosenberger, on the east by lot number twenty-four, on the south by Devolsey street, on the west by lot number twenty-six, as per plat on record in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (old), and being the same piece or parcel of ground acquired by said John Prechel and Barbara, his wife, of John Bergman and wife, by deed dated November 20th, 1866, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis county (old) in book 325, page 505. In trust to secure the payment of a certain note specified in said deed; and, whereas said John Prechel, has since died, and has now been dead for more than nine months; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of said note. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1880,

for the purposes of said trust.

FRED'K G. STEITZ, Trustee.

ALEXANDER N. DE MENIL, Attorney for cestui que trust. 40P

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.
Tuesday, November 23, 1880.
Frank B. Peyinghaus
vs.
Anna R. Peyinghaus.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is a non resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that said defendant, wholly disregarding her duties as the wife of plaintiff, abandoned plaintiff without just cause or provocation and has remained away since the 15th day of October, 1879.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 26th day of November, 1880.

[SEAL] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 88Q

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.
Friday, December 3, 1880.
Nancy J. Young
vs.
Joseph C. Young.

It appearing from the petition herein duly verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that defendant has been addicted to habitual drunkenness and absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless he appear at the term of this Court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and, on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 4th day of December, 1880.

[SEAL] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 87Q

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, city of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1880.
Monday, November 8, 1880.
Edward C. Smith
vs.
Mary Ann Washington.

It appearing to the Court from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree restraining the defendant from selling or disposing or enforcing a certain written obligation or agreement entered into by the plaintiff with defendant, whereby said plaintiff bound himself to pay to the defendant in certain contingencies the sum of seven thousand dollars, which agreement is dated on or about the 26th day of February, A. D. 1874, and also that said obligation be declared and held to be absolutely null and void on the grounds that the same was procured and obtained by the defendant from plaintiff by gross fraud, falsehood, misrepresentation, deceit and concealment.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held in the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 10th day of November, 1880.

[SEAL] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 93N

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October term, 1880.
Thursday, November 11, 1880.
Jacob Olcewsky
vs.
Juliana Olcewsky.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without a reasonable cause for more than one year next before the filing of the petition herein.

And unless he appear at the term of this Court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of November, 1880.

[SEAL] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 50P

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Maria Anna Williams, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

MARIA ANNA WILLIAMS,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 26th day of November, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 29th day of November, 1880.

ERNST RUHR, Administrator of the estate of Maria Anna Williams, deceased. 4Q

ESTATE of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

ARTHUR B. ABERCROMBIE,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the — day of November, 1880.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1880.

CHAS. NAGEL, Administrator of Arthur B. Abercrombie, deceased. 85Q

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

MARY LUERDING,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of February next.

JOHN D. VORTMANN, Administrator of the Estate of Mary Luerding, deceased.

St. Louis, Mo., December 6, 1880. 86Q

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special executions issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Phœbe W. Cuzzins and Edward S. Warner, trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or parcel of land in city block number 980 on Washington avenue, being 37 feet and 6 inches in front or width and 134 feet and 8 inches in length or depth, and being known as lot number 52 and the east part of lot number 53 in said block.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., November 24, 1880. 69P

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles E. Gitchell is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Third street, in city block 57, containing twenty-two feet four inches in front or width and 109 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Fields, on the east by that of one Rankin, on the South by that of one Stahl, and on the west by Third street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 3, 1880. 40Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1880, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Charles G. Stifel, assignee of the German Bank, to the use of Ernst L. Hospes, and against Gustavus H. Hospes, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant Hospes in the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

1. Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, in block 2, of St. Arge's addition to the city of St. Louis, according to a plat thereof on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of said city, said lots being also in city block 1782, containing an aggregate front of 162 feet and 4 inches on the west line of Third street, and running thence westwardly 122 feet 6 inches to an alley bounded north by Bryan street, east by Third street, south by lot 13 of said block, and west by said alley.

2. A lot of ground in the western part of lot number 18 of the St. Louis Commons, commencing at a point 20 feet 1½ inches north of the southwest corner of said lot number 18, which point is in the north line of Park avenue as laid down on the plat of the said lot (said plat is made part of a certain deed recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of said city, in book 463, page 394); thence north with the west line of said lot 18, 232 feet 4 inches to a stone; thence eastwardly along the dividing line between said lot and the property of Laurent Labesque and others 153 feet 8 inches to a stone on the dividing line between said lot and the land of one Foley; thence southwardly along the last-mentioned dividing line 217 feet and 4 inches to Park avenue, thence westwardly along the northern line of Park avenue 154 feet and 5 inches to the place of beginning.

3. Lots 28 and 29 of block No. 5 of St. Louis Heights, according to a plat thereof on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, in plat-book No. 9, page 33; said lots contain an aggregate front of 104 feet, on the south line of Manchester road by a depth on the west line of Brannan avenue of 231 feet and 4 inches.

4. Lots nine and twenty-eight of the County Farm subdivision according to a plat of said subdivision on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis in plat-book number 9, page 11; said lot 9 has a front of 100 feet on the northern line of Arsenal street and a depth southwardly of 200 feet; said lot 28 has a front of 100 feet on the north line of Kemper Park, with a depth northwardly of 200 feet.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, 28TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Gustavus H. Hospes, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., November 30, 1880. 11Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein Andrew J. Fleming is plaintiff, and Emma M. Daly, Augustine M. Daly and James C. McDonough, as trustee of Emma M. Daly, and Brainard M. Million are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with special lien therefor, and described in said execution as follows to-wit:

A lot of ground in block 131 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, containing a front of 18 feet on the east line of Seventh street, and running eastwardly for depth 134 feet and 6 inches to land of Albert Todd and John E. Ghim, and being bounded north by land of David C. Gamble in part, and in part by an alley, east by ground now or late of Albert Todd and John E. Ghim, and south in part by land of Gantt and Dickson, and in part by land of said Andrew J. Fleming, the South line of said lot being about 102 feet north of the north line of Market street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 3, 1880. 42Q

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Hennessy and Duff, a firm composed of Thomas J. Hennessy and Charles Duff, to the use of Julius Shields, assignee, and against Abraham Shields and B. Lalbold, security, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate of John W. Beaumont, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien therefor, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A two-story brick building known and designated as house No 2619 Gravois Road, in the City and County of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and situated on the following described premises, to-wit: A certain lot, piece, or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the City and County of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows: Being the eastern twenty feet, more or less, of lot number eight of John D. Dagget's second addition to the City of St. Louis; being in block 2071 of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 20 feet, more or less, on the north line of Gravois Road, by a depth of the same width of 127 feet and 6 inches to an alley.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 9, 1880. 1R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Joseph Weber and against Dominick Spelman, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

The following described lot, to-wit: Number 6, in city block No. 1,240, having a front of twenty-five feet on the west line of 16th street, by a depth westwardly of 140 feet and 4 inches, more or less, to an alley; bounded north by O'Reilly, east by 16th street, south by McChesney and west by an alley.

And I will on

SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with lien of special tax bill, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 13 1880. 52R

SALE OF COLLATERALS.—We will on December 21st, 1880, at the east front door of the Court-house, city of St. Louis, Mo., at 12 o'clock m., sell, for account of whom it may concern, one note of $550, due April 16th, 1876, secured by deed of trust on lots 1 to 7 and 10 of Barnes' sub. of Moss & Porter's add. to city of Moberly, Randolph county, Mo.

BROLASKI & VOORHIS, Auctioneers.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Thomas Walsh and against Bartholomew Maziere Chambers, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant Chambers, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

1st. Lot in city block 15, containing 25 feet on Front street by 120 feet 3½ inches to an alley bounded north by Octavia Boyce's estate, east by Front street, south by Catherine Cotes and west by said alley, the north line of said lot being 166 feet 8 inches south of and parallel with Morgan street.

2d. Lot in Block 30, containing 16 feet on Main street, by 76 feet, bounded north by Octavia Boyce's estate, east by Main street, south by Olive street, and west by William S. Harney.

3d. Lot in block 565, containing 86 feet on Fifteenth street, by 125 feet to 20 foot alley, bounded north by 15 foot alley, east by 20 foot alley, south by lot of Thomas B. Chambers and west by Fifteenth street, the south line of said lot being 204 feet 10 inches north of and parallel with Biddle street.

4th. Lot in block 573, containing 42 feet 9 inches on O'Fallon street by 92 feet 3 inches subject to a private alley 4 feet 3 inches wide at north end thereof, bounded north by lot of Catherine S. Boland, east by Fourteenth street, south by O'Fallon street and west by lot of Mary C. Larkin, the west line of said lot to be coincident with center of partition wall.

5th. Lot in block 579, containing 27 feet 5 inches on Ninth street by 125 feet to alley, bounded north by land of Helen J. Clemens, east by said alley, south by land of Peter R. Kendrick and west by Ninth street, the south line of said lot being 111 feet 8 inches north of and parallel to O'Fallon street.

6th. Lot in block 582, containing 27 feet 4 inches on Sixth street by about 93 feet, bounded north by Octavia Boyce's estate, east by alley, south by land of James B. Shields and west by Sixth street, the south line of said lot being 220 feet 11 inches north of north line of O'Fallon street.

7th. Lot in block 618, containing 6 feet 1 inch on Eighteenth street by 125 feet to alley, bounded north by L. W. Cordes, east by alley, south by L. M. Barlow and west by Eighteenth street, the north line of said lot being 40 feet north of and parallel with Mullanphy street.

11th. Lots 3, 4, 5 and 6 and 7 block 1681, containing together a front of 125 feet on the north line of Biddle street by a depth northwardly of 90 feet to an alley.

13th. Lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 surveys 1481 and 1482, containing together 217 feet 4 inches on proposed Nineteenth street by 110 feet 3 inches to an alley, bounded north by Waterworks street.

14th. Lot in U. S. survey 286 and in city block 1788, containing 162 feet 8 inches on Third street by 122 feet 6 inches to an alley, bounded north by St. Ange addition, east by said alley, south by Clemens street and west by Third street.

15th. Lot in block 11 of St. Louis commons and in city block 1306, containing 102 feet 1 inch on Russell avenue by 300 feet, bounded north by land of Eliza B. Hudson, east by Minnesota avenue, south by Russell avenue and west by Octavia Boyce's estate.

16th. Tract in U. S. survey 1895, township 46 north, range 7 east, containing 15 acres, bounded east by land of Ellen La Motte, south by private road 30 feet wide, west by land of Margaret Smith and north by land of Clemens.

17th. Tract in block 26 Carondelet Commons, south of River Des Peres, containing 32 58-100 acres subject to passage of Lemay Rock Road, bounded north by 20 foot road, east by 20 foot road, south by Peck and west by Valentine Yoderum.

3. Lot No. 5, containing 109 79¼-100 acres in subdivision of survey 393 and adjoining lands, begin at southwest corner of lot 4, thence west 13.70 chains, thence north 8° west 74 chains, thence east 18.70 chains, thence south 8° east 44.63 chains to beginning.

4. Lot in block 678, bounded north by Division street, south by south boundary line of survey, being a line 16 feet 6 inches south of and parallel with said street, west by Twenty-first street and east by line 68 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-first street.

Also, lot in block 1679, bounded south by Division street, north by public alley, west by Twenty-first street and east by line 68 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-first street.

Also, lot in block 1679, bounded south by public alley, north by north boundary line of said survey, being a line 48 feet south of and parallel with O'Fallon street, west by Twenty-first street and east by line 68 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-first street.

Also, lot in block 1681, bounded north by Division street, south by south boundary line of survey, being a line 16 feet 6 inches south of and parallel with Division street, east by Twenty-first street, west by line 57 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-second street.

Also, lot in block 1680, bounded south by Division street, north by public alley, east by Twenty-first street and west by line 57 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-second street.

Also, lot in block 1680, bounded north by north boundary line of survey, being a line 48 feet south of and parallel with O'Fallon street, south by public alley, east by Twenty-first street and west by line 57 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-second street.

Also, all that parcel bounded east by line 68 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-first street, and west by line 57 feet 2 inches east of and parallel with Twenty-second street, and within the lines of said Division street and said Twenty-first street, and of alleys according to plat thereof in Plat Book 5, page 20.

9. North part of lot 4, Chambers subdivision of survey 393 and adjoining lands, beginning at stake in centre of Chambers road or line between sections 6 and 7, town. 46 north, range 7 east, situate for northeast corner of lot 4, Chambers subdivision, thence with east line of said lot 4 south 7 deg. 31 min. east 24 68-100 chains to northeast corner of tract owned by St. Louis University; thence on north line of University land south 82 deg. 25 min. west 13 55-100 chains to west line of said lot 4, thence with said west line, which is west line of Florissant avenue, north 70 deg. 33 min. west 26 40-100 chains to a stake in centre line of Chambers road, thence with said line north 89 deg. 42 min., east 13 75-100 chains to beginning, containing 34 365-1000 acres more or less, inclusive of Florissant Road.

10. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, block 4, Morton's Addition, city block 472, 330 feet on Morrison avenue by 180 feet to alley, also 20 feet lately added to depth of above lots caused by lessening width of Morrison avenue, all of said lots having a depth now of 200 feet.

11. Lots 17 to 22 inclusive, Harington's subdivision, in Survey 2614.

12. Lots 17 to 22 inclusive, Harington's subdivision, in survey 2614.

13. A lot in block 611, fronting 122 feet 6¼ inches on east line of Eleventh street by 127 feet 6 inches to an alley bounded north by lot of Mary C. Chambers, east by said alley, south by south line of survey 1480 and west by Eleventh street.

2. A tract of land which was conveyed by John Lay to Charles Renard by deed recorded in Book M5, page 608. Beginning at a point "A" on plat of said lands, corner of lands owned by McDonald, Lay and Renard; thence north 87 degrees 30 minutes west 3 36 chains; thence north 9 degrees 45 minutes west 30 30.100 chains to a post between lands of Breckenridge, John Lay and Charles Renard; thence north 72½ degrees east 10 50.100 chains; thence south 7 degrees west 33 75.100 chains to beginning, containing 21 21-100 acres, acquired by Adolph Renard of Charles Renard, Book C 6, page 236.

3. A tract of land in U. S. survey 1,903, township 46, range 6 east, begin at southwest corner of a tract of land conveyed by Charles Renard to Adolph Renard by deed book C 6, page 236, thence north 4½° along west line of last mentioned tract 29 23.100 chains to southeast corner of tract of land conveyed by Adolph Renard's executor to William Terra by deed in book 458, page 41, thence along south line of said Terra north 80°, west 11.99½ chains to Marion Wise's east line, thence south 7° west along said Wise's line 22.12 chains to a stone, thence south 87° east 16.36 chains to beginning, containing 30 40-100 acres, and being south part of land conveyed by John Lay to Adolph Renard, book G 6, page 357.

4. Lot 6 of subdivision made by commissioners in partition of Breckenridge's estate containing 30 55-100 acres, bounded east by lot 7 of Breckenridge's estate, north by Breckenridge avenue, west by land of Marion Wise and by Benson tract, south by lot 6 of Renard's subdivision, conveyed by William Terra by deed recorded in book —, page 41, and being parts of U. S. surveys 1904 and 1905, town. 46 north, range 6 east.

18. That part of southwest quarter of section 7, township 43, range 7 east, which lies south of south line of Carondelet commons; also, all that part of southeast quarter of section 12, township 43, range 6 east, which lies south of south line of Carondelet commons; also, a tract of 7 46-100 acres, part of lots 166 and 176 of said Carondelet commons, as described in deed recorded in Recorder's office, book 222, page 521, said tract containing together 98 63-100 acres; also, undivided three-eighths of southeast part of lot 177 of said subdivision of Carondelet commons, as surveyed by William H. Cozens, 15th May, 1867, described in deed made by Henry T. Blow and wife to said Henry W. Williams, recorded in said Recorder's office in book 342, page 242, containing 10 acres and 63-100 (10.63 acres).

20. Lot 24, block 553 Carr's addition, 25 feet south line of Biddle street by 155 feet to 20 foot alley.

21. Lot in block 5, Clark & Dillon's addition, beginning in east line of Main street 57 feet 10 inches north of southwest corner of said block 5, thence along east line of Main street north 50 feet, thence east at right angles with Main street to east line of Clark & Dillon's addition, thence south along east line of said addition 50 feet, and thence west to place of beginning.

Lot in block 5, Clark & Dillon's addition, begin at point in east line of Main street 82 feet 10 inches north of southwest corner of said block 5, thence along east line of Main street north 25 feet; thence east at right angles with east line of Main street to east line of Clark & Dillon's addition; thence south along east line of said addition 25 feet, and thence west to place of beginning.

22. Part of lots 9 and 10, block 967, beginning on north line of Wash street 74 feet 6 inches east of intersection of that line with Elliott avenue; thence east on Wash street with south line of said block 29 feet; thence north at right angles with Wash street 71 feet 9 inches more or less to center line of said block, where 2 feet is reserved or dedicated for a private alley; thence west with said center line of said block 29 feet, and thence south 71 feet 9 inches more or less to place of beginning, on which stand two two-story brick dwellings. And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named defendant, Chambers, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., November 29, 1880. 99P

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, dated November 12, 1880, returnable to the December Term, 1880, of said Court, in favor of John M. Bauer and E. P. Johnson, receivers of the South St. Louis Mutual Fire and Marine Insurance Company, to the use of K. Wielandy, assignee, and against Joseph Kunz and to me directed, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, which is charged with the special lien of said judgment, as the property of the said Joseph Kunz, to-wit:

A one story brick building and the ground upon which the same is situate, to-wit:

Lot No. 9 and the north half of Lot No. 10 in block No. 2 of Haren's addition in city block No. 1390 of the said city.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the above described real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said execution and costs.

JOHN FINN, Sheriff of the City St. Louis, Missouri.

St. Louis, November 15, 1880. 90N

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February Term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed wherein Catharine D. Wainright, Lorenz Lampel and Ellis Wainright are plaintiffs, and Maria Breen and William Keating are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered nineteen, in block number five, in Lamonte addition to the City of St. Louis, a plat whereof is filed in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis County (now city); said lot contains a front of twenty-five feet on Chouteau avenue, by a depth of one hundred and seventeen feet six inches to a line.

And I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 9, 1880. 2R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the February term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Henry Gaus, Sr., and Henry Gaus, Jr., and against George E. Vail, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with lien herein, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Begin at the northeast corner of Dalton avenue and Arsenal street, and run thence eastwardly along the north line of Arsenal street sixty-three feet nine and one-half inches, thence northwardly and parallel with said Dalton avenue 210 feet to the south line of the old Manchester road, thence westwardly along the south line of said old Manchester road sixty-three feet nine and one-half inches to the east line of Dalton avenue, thence south along the east line of said Dalton avenue 210 feet to the place of beginning.

And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 7, 1880. 90Q

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Andreas Hanssen and Johanna Marie, his wife, by their deed dated May 3, 1875, recorded in book 521, page 91, in city of St. Louis, conveyed to Ernestine Goener's trustee lot No. 5 of block 18, in city block 1098 of Union addition to the city of St. Louis; said lot fronting 23 feet on Montgomery street by a depth with same width of 65 feet 7 inches, thence continuing in the same direction with the width of 25 feet to a depth of 73 feet, in all a depth of 138 feet 7 inches, bounded north by the south side of Montgomery street, south by an alley, east by lot No. 6 of said block, west by lot No. 4 and a strip off of the west side of lot No. 5, two feet in width by 65 feet 7 inches in depth from the front of said lot No. 5; which conveyance was made to secure the payment of a promissory note therein described; and, whereas the undersigned, having been appointed by the Circuit Court of said City of St. Louis in lieu of the original trustee mentioned in said conveyance, has been requested by the legal holder of said note, which remains due and unpaid, to foreclose the same; therefore I shall proceed

ON MONDAY, THE 20th DAY OF DECEMBER 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, to sell said property to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the purposes of said deed of trust.

68N FREDERICK GOTTSCHALK, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Elizabeth Ann Hyatt and Asa W. Hyatt, her husband, by deed dated April 1st, 1880, and recorded in book 626, page 359, St. Louis City Recorder's office, conveyed to the undersigned lots numbered 32 and 33, of Pratt's addition to the city of St. Louis, the same being in block number 1726 of said city of St. Louis, having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the southern line of Bernard street, by a depth southwardly of one hundred and fifteen (115) feet more or less, to an alley 7½ feet wide, being the same property acquired by said party of the first part from the Bernard Street Baptist Church, in trust to secure the payment of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

for the purposes of said trust.

JOHN W. SUTHERLAND, Trustee.

5Q

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, David H. Evans and Julia Evans, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 14th day of September, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, in book 642, page 128, did convey unto the undersigned, Edmond A. B. Garesche, as trustee, the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots numbered ten (10) and twenty-one (21) in block four (4) of Dunnica's subdivision in U. S. survey nineteen hundred and thirty-eight (1938) of the Prairie Des Noyes common fields, having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Dunnica avenue and fifty (50) feet on the north line of Block street by a depth of three hundred and twenty-six (326) feet, bounded east by lots numbered nine and twenty-two (9 and 22) and west by lots numbered eleven and twenty (11 and 20) of said block. Also lot number twenty-eight (28) in block number ten (10) of Dunnica's subdivision in U. S. survey number nineteen hundred and thirty-eight (1938) of the Prairie Des Noyes common fields, having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Chippewa street by a depth southwardly of one hundred and sixty-three feet (163), bounded east by lot number twenty-nine (29) and west by lot number twenty-seven of said block, north by Chippewa street.

Also lot number thirty-five (35) of Dunnica's subdivision of the south half of block number seventy-one (71) of Dellard's survey of the city commons, being in city block number twenty-five hundred and seventy-six (2576), having an aggregate front of twenty-five feet on the south line of Barnum street by a depth southwardly one hundred and twenty-five feet (125) to an alley twenty (20) feet wide, bounded west by lot number thirty-six (36) of said block, north by Barnum street and south by alley, being the same property acquired by the parties of the first part from Leon B. Paulette by deed dated the second day of February, 1880, and recorded in the Recorder's office for the city of St. Louis in book 636, page 630; which said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of a certain note therein described; and whereas said note for the sum of three hundred and thirty-eight dollars, payable sixty days after date, has long since become due and is wholly unpaid, together with interest thereon from the date thereof. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned trustee will, on

FRIDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of that day, proceed to sell the above described real estate, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, to the highest bidder, at public auction, for cash, in order to pay said note and the expenses of this trust.

EDMOND A. B. GARESCHE, Trustee.

17R

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Robert Baker and Mary A. Baker, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 29th day of December, 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in Book 457, page 393, did convey unto the undersigned, Seth A. Ranlett, as trustee, a certain lot or tract of land situate and lying in the city and county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.: The eastern half of lot number forty-nine (49) of Peter Lindell's second addition to the city of St. Louis, as per plat on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, the same fronting five hundred and eighty-one feet four inches on the north line of Maryland avenue by a depth northwardly along the western line of Taylor avenue of four hundred and forty-six feet four and one-half inches to Berlin avenue, upon which said eastern half fronts five hundred and eighty-one feet four inches. Bounded on the north by Berlin avenue, east by Taylor avenue, south by Maryland avenue and west by Theodore Laveille; which said conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of three certain notes therein described; and whereas the note for the sum of ten thousand dollars, payable eighteen months after date, has long since become due and is wholly unpaid, together with interest thereon from its maturity. Now, therefore, at the request of the holder of said note, the undersigned trustee will on

THURSDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of eleven in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the above described premises at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, in order to pay said note and the expenses of this trust.

73Q S. A. RANLETT, Trustee.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS Thomas D. Harris and Sarah R., his wife, by their certain deed of trust, bearing date January 12, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 538, page 308, conveyed to the undersigned trustee certain real estate described in said deed of trust as follows, to-wit: The following described lot of R. M. Field's subdivision of blocks Nos. 28 and 31 of survey No. 2 of the commons of Carondelet north of the River des Peres, a plat of which subdivision is on file in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, Missouri, to-wit: Lot number five (5) of said subdivision, fronting fifty (50) feet on the south side of Blow avenue, by a depth southwardly of the same width to a fifteen-foot alley, one hundred and twenty feet 8 3-5 inches, bounded north by said Blow avenue, east by lot number six of same block, south by said alley and west by lot number four of said subdivision, and being the same premises which said Thomas D. Harris acquired from R. M. Field's executor; which deed of trust was made to secure the payment of a certain note in said deed of trust described, and said note has become due, and default has been made in the payment thereof. Now, therefore, in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, and for the purpose of satisfying the same, and at the request of the holder of said note, notice is hereby given that I shall, on

MONDAY, JANUARY 3d, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell the real estate in said deed of trust described, to the highest bidder for cash.

30R E. J. CRANDALL, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, John M. Krum and Mary O., his wife, by a certain trust deed dated July 2, 1870, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the County of St. Clair and State of Illinois, in Book G-5, page 296, and filed for record July 7, 1870, conveyed unto me, Seth A. Ranlett, as trustee, the following described real estate, situate in said county and State, to-wit: Lots numbered 9, 42, 46, 75, 83, 84, 85, 190, 191, 194, 215, 217, 218, 244, 245, 246, 247, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 346, 347, 348, 349, 361, 362, 366, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 376, 377, 392, 393, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 412, 413, 414, 415, 434, 435, 436, 437, 444, 445, 458, 459, 462, 463, 487, 488, 489, 490, 531, 548 and 549 in the town of Brooklyn in said county, to secure the payment of seven promissory notes of even date with said deed of trust made by John M. Krum and C. C. Simmons, to their own order and duly endorsed by them, one principal note for $5,000 00 payable three years after date, and six interest notes for $250 each, payable respectively in 6, 12, 18, 24, 30 and 36 months from date, and all bearing ten per cent interest per annum after maturity; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of said principal note and interest thereon, so that there is now due under the terms and provisions of said notes and deeds of trust the sum of sixty-nine hundred and seventy-nine 16-100 dollars, and the legal holder of said notes, as provided in said deed, has made application to me to sell said premises to satisfy said indebtedness in accordance with the provisions of said trust deed.

Now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that on

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 24TH, A. D. 1880,

between the hours of one and three o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front of the Post-office in East St. Louis, in said county of St. Clair, State of Illinois I will sell said premises at public vendue, for cash, together with all the rights, title and equity of redemption of the grantors, their heirs and assigns therein.

S. A. RANLETT, Trustee.

November 25, 1880. 6Q

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas L. C. Dingman, trustee of Mary Dingman, and L. C. Dingman, husband of said Mary Dingman, by their certain deed of trust dated the fourteenth day of November, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 583, page 249, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, lying, being and situate in the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

Lots numbered twelve (12) and thirteen (13), in Grand addition to the city of St. Louis, a plat of which said addition is of record in the Recorder's office of said city (late county) of St. Louis, Missouri, said lots having an aggregate front of fifty (50) feet on Cook avenue, and running back with even width to a depth of one hundred and forty (140) feet to an alley; bounded north by Cook avenue, east by lot numbered eleven (11), south by said alley and west by lot numbered fourteen (14).

Which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of eleven promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of said notes, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 23D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell the said property at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of this trust.

J. C. LULLMAN, Trustee.

30Q

St. Louis, Mo. December 1, 1880.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Charles Ochs (now more than nine months deceased) and Catharine, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated the 24th day of February, 1874, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 495, page 92, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in block No. 1128 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lot numbered fourteen (14), in block number eight (8) of East Union addition, said lot having a width of twenty-five feet (25 ft.) by a depth on its east line of about one hundred and forty feet, and on its west line of about one hundred and forty-eight feet (148 ft), bounded north by an alley fifteen feet wide, east by lot No. 13, south by Wright street, and west by lot No. 15 of said block; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described; and whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

THURSDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.

AUGUST GEHNER, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., December 13, 1880. 40R

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN PARTITION.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale made by the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, on the 4th day of November, 1880, in a certain cause pending therein wherein Wilhelmine Meyer et al. are plaintiffs, and John Philip Meyer et al. are defendants, being a proceeding in partition between the widow and heirs of John P. Meyer, deceased, the undersigned special commissioner, duly appointed and qualified in said cause, will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 22D DAY OF DECEMBER, 1880,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and during the term of said Circuit Court, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit:

The eastern half of lots numbered twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), and thirty (30), of Sol. Smith's subdivision of lot number three (3) of block number fifteen (15), of the St. Louis city commons, a plat of Sol Smith's subdivision being recorded in plat book No. 6, page 88, of the St. Louis county records: the eastern half of the aforesaid four lots has an aggregate front on Park place of two hundred (200) feet, and on the southern line of Lafayette avenue of fifty (50) feet, and being bounded north by Lafayette avenue, east by Park place, south by lot No. 26 of said subdivision, and west by a line running parallel to and fifty (50) feet westwardly from the western line of Park place, and being the same premises which the said John P. Meyer, deceased, acquired of August Guye and wife, by deed dated July 9, 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the former county, now city of St. Louis, in book 530, page 128, together with the improvements thereon, consisting of a dwelling house, out-houses etc.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from day of sale, with buyer's option to pay the whole in cash; deferred payments, if any, to bear six per cent interest and to be secured by deeds of trust on the property sold.

JOHN J. MAUNTEL, Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, Mo., November 27, 1880. 81P

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE IN PARTITION.—By virtue and authority of an order of sale made by the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, on the 4th day of November, 1880, in a certain cause pending therein, wherein Elise Guye is plaintiff and Elise J. Guye et al. are defendants, being a proceeding in partition between the widow and heirs of August Guye, deceased, the undersigned special commissioner, duly appointed and qualified in said cause, will on Wednesday, the twenty-second day of December, 1880, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, and during the term of said Circuit Court at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situate in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: A piece or parcel of land in city block No. 1329 of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the southern line of Lafayette avenue fifty feet west of Park Place, thence running southwardly parallel to Park Place 185 feet to an alley fifteen feet wide, thence running westwardly 50 feet with the northern line of said alley, thence running northwardly parallel to said Park place 185 feet to Lafayette avenue, and thence running 50 feet along the southern line of Lafayette avenue to the place of beginning, and being the western half of lots Nos. 27, 28, 29 and 30 of Sol. Smith's subdivision of lot No. 3 of block No. 15 of the St. Louis city commons, together with improvements situated thereon, consisting of a dwelling house, out-houses, etc.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from day of sale, with buyer's option to pay the whole in cash; deferred payments, if any, to bear 6 per cent interest and to be secured by deed of trust on the property sold.

JOHN J. MAUNTEL, Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, November 27, 1880. 80P

M. W. WILLIS.

An Interview With the Champion Card Writer.

He is Discovered to be a Cultured Bostonian and an Honored Missourian.

The name of M. W. Willis has become very familiar to the newspaper-reading public during the past year. He has addressed communications to the morning newspapers upon every conceivable subject. No public wound so deep that he has not produced an oritund and grammatical healer; no social ulcer so gangrened that he has not come to the front with a philosophical salve or a logical plaster. He has written upon Freemasonry; upon needed reforms in the management of the police department; has engaged with Dr. Sonneschein in a discussion of the question, "Did Israel give the world the belief in immortality;" took issue with the distinguished Rabbi in his conception of Shakspeare's Shylock; and he suggested a scheme by which the spare time of our tremen might be utilized in sawing stone for a new and practical form of street-pavement; he has locked hands with Virginia L. Minor and Mrs. Edwina J. Polk on woman's rights; has suggested that ten thousand St. Louisans subscribe $1 per year for the support of wounded policemen, or the care of their families should they fall in the face of the roaming burglar; has advocated six street car tickets for twenty-five cents; and the abolition of seven cent fares and impudent conductors; has suggested the extermination of the macadamizing and the introduction of granite paving; has favored a general system of street sprinkling at the public expense; is known to be devoted to a variety of charter amendments; has no respect for the Municipal Assembly; does not know how Mayor Overstolz voted; he don't care; seems always to be ready for a discussion with every or anybody; has once or twice lectured before the Sunday afternoon gathering of long-haired men and short-haired women known as the Liberal League; seems never to neglect an opportunity to get into the newspapers, and an ordinary faber would give out in enumerating the gentleman's accomplishments. Mr. Willis has in fact became a character. A humorist might say that he has become quite numerous. The POST-DISPATCH honored Mr. Willis with several passing comments upon his effusions. Mr. Willis has never dropped in to form the acquaintance of the POST-DISPATCH. The rhetorical mountain would not come to Mohammed; so Mohammed went to the mountain last evening. He was found at 1621 Washington avenue, in a comfortable row of dwellings, all of which it seems he owns. The reporter waited but a few minutes in a comfortable parlor before the object of his interview came in. Mr. Willis was an agreeable disappointment to the reporter. The gentleman who, as a rule, inflicts newspapers with the sage remarks of "Veritas," "Old Subscriber," "Silex," "Old Line Democrat," and mysterious combination letters in the form of initials, or spells his name backward in a most palpable manner, such as "Htims" and "Seno," generally runs to the seedy as to apparel, and the weedy as to hair, and is frequently in doubt as to the "reception he will receive" from his landlady. Mr. Willis on the contrary was a most comfortable figure, and he fitted the easy-cushioned chair into which he sank with the satisfactory grunt of a man who had just dined well just as if he had his measure carefully taken for it every day. The head of the old gentleman is as bald as it is intellectual. He wears crisp gray side whiskers and an imperial or goatee of most formal cut. He has much the physiognomy of King Wilhelm. The reporter with diffidence broke the ice. With little diffidence Mr. Willis agreed to give the reporter a few points as to his identity, although insisting, and with good show of reason, that he needed no introduction to the literary world. Born a New Englander, graduated at Harvard, ordained thirty-seven years ago as a Unitarian minister, connected while a young divine in a semi-editorial capacity with the Boston Traveller, and subsequently with other New England journals of established reputation, his transition into the world of letters was not only natural but it was fate. He devoted himself to literature in various phases and "retired ten years ago a rich man, having amassed a fortune by my pen. I was for many years the commissioner of immigration for this State, and became later the general land agent of the Hannibal and St. Joe Railroad. I started East in that interest and lectured upon the resources of Missouri all the way to Maine, in all towns that lay in my path. I was personally the means of selling over 600,000 acres of land upon the line of that road. At other intervals in my eventful life I have devoted myself to lecturing upon Masonry, of which noble order I am proud to say I have achieved its highest honors. I did most of my service in this line in the State of Illinois, and as Grand Orator in Chicago before the representatives of 400 lodges for the first time to many of those present formulated and defined the facts that Masonry in its earliest degrees represents the natural religion, that of respect and awe for the creating power, that in the Royal Arch Chapter it presents the ancient Hebrew faith in all its purity. And that is why Jews so delight to enter the chapters, and in the Templar degree it goes to the other extreme, and stands as the ideal representative of the Christian faith even to a devotion to the tenet of the trinity."

The reporter listened to Mr. Willis with wrapt attention for an hour while he discussed all conceivable subjects. A visit to his library showed its shelves to be stocked with the rarest of volumes, ancient and modern. The old gentleman was particularly proud of his collection of ancient Greek and Hebrew literature. His chef d'œuvre was an autograph translation of the Bible from the Hebrew by his old professor, Dr. Noyes. On the writing table were many half-finished communications on various subjects to the morning papers. Noticing the reporter glance at them, Mr. Willis said: "Oh, I write for amusement merely, now, only when the mood strikes me."

"It strikes you pretty often, does it not, Doctor?"

"I have written as many as twenty articles in a month. Sometimes I do not touch my pen except for business purposes in a week."

Parlor, Dining-Room and Chamber Sets.

No larger stock to select from in the country. All the latest designs of the best workmanship. Call and see for yourselves.

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402 and 404 N. Fourth street.

Court of Appeals.

ST. LOUIS, December 13.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

There has appeared in the press of the city recently a mathematical calculation of the benefits of the Court of Appeals to the jurisdiction which it occupies, and to the State at large. It is proper to say, at the outset, that whatever is said against the Court of Appeals is not aimed at the personnel of the court. Many who desire our appellate system remodeled are personal friends of the gentlemen who occupy the bench of that Court. It will not be claimed by any that if the system of appellate jurisdiction of which the Court of Appeals forms a part is pernicious, it ought to be continued, because there is nothing to be said against but very much in favor of the Judges of the court. The simple question to be considered is, is the court an economical feature of our jurisprudence? It does not matter whether the Supreme Judges or the Judges of the Court of Appeals possess the higher learning or the superior capacity. The theory of the law is that the decisions of the supreme Court are correct. The Supreme Court, in the practical administration of the law, is the standard by which the rights of the people of the whole State are measured and the good or ill record of every subordinate court in the State is to be determined by the conformity or non-conformity of the decisions of such subordinate court to the decisions of the Supreme Court. The value of the Court of Appeals must, like other subordinate courts, be estimated by the same criterion.

It is said in the communication referred to above that three hundred cases have been appealed from the Court of Appeals to the Supreme Court, and that only forty per cent thereof, to-wit, one hundred and twenty, have been reversed, while one hundred and eighty have been affirmed by the Supreme Court. It is also claimed that fifteen hundred cases have not been appealed at all, but that the judgment of the Court of Appeals in such cases was final. It is known that no appeal to the Supreme Court from the Court of Appeals is permitted by the Constitution where the sum involved does not exceed twenty-five hundred dollars, except in a few cases not necessary to mention. Now if forty per cent of the cases appealed to and decided by the Supreme Court have been held to be erroneous it is fair to presume that a like result would have followed if the other fifteen hundred had been appealable, which would show the following state of things: Forty per cent of those appealed reversed, being 120 cases; forty per cent of the fifteen hundred which could not be appealed, 600 cases; total, 720 cases. So that out of the cases decided by the Court of Appeals for four years there have been seven hundred and twenty decided erroneously. Suppose that the cases so decided involved, an an average, one thousand dollars each, the sum total reaches seven hundred and twenty thousand dollars which have wrongfully been taken from the pockets of one party to the suits and placed in the pockets of the other parties to the litigation, or about *two hundred thousand dollars each year* since the organization of the court. This vast sum has been lost to litigants to learn to what extent the Court of Appeals differs with the Supreme Court in opinions. Add to this the cost of maintaining the court and the expense of two appeals instead of one, and the economical aspect of the controversy will become clear. And furthermore the courts as now arranged do not quiet litigation, but on the contrary excite it. There are two appellate courts differing with each other in their final results forty per cent. If a decision is made by the Court of Appeals declaring a principle of law the lower courts within its jurisdiction will accept it as a matter of course; but the party against whom the decision is enforced knows that he has forty per cent of certainty of reversing it in the Supreme Court, and if appealable to that court will appeal. Whereas, if the first case had been decided by the Supreme Court, the second would not go up at all. The chief excellence of appellate jurisdiction is to beget uniformity of decisions: this cannot be accomplished by two independent appellate courts. It is said that the Judges of the Court of Appeals have determined a great many cases. This only shows how hard the Judges have worked, and not that two independent appellate courts are better than one. If these gentlemen have dispatched so much business as is claimed (and this is admitted) they, or three gentlemen of equal capacity, could do equally as much business on the Supreme bench, so that if the same working capacity were added to the Supreme Court a like reduction of business would follow and the decisions would all be uniform. The Judges of the Court of Appeals receive larger salaries than the Supreme Judges, so that no extra expense would follow. Subordinate appellate courts are nuisances. Establish them throughout the State and the same per cent (forty) of discord will spring up between them and the Supreme Court and the result will be, everything will be appealed, and the law of this State thrown into the highest confusion. Establish one appeal court and the law will be unified and made certain, and appeals will diminish.

The Supreme Court docket may be reduced by limiting cases originating before Justices of the Peace to an appeal to the circuit courts of the State, with the power in the Circuit Judge to certify any question of law to Supreme Court in cases of difficulty, as may now be done by the Federal Circuit Courts to Supreme Courts of the United States. Fifteen per cent of the cases on the Supreme Court docket originate before Justices of the Peace. These might as well stop in the Circuit Courts.

It must be conceded that if the working capacity of the Supreme Court were enlarged to transact the same amount of business that is expected to be done by subordinate appellate courts, then that work would be done on the Supreme bench, and the forty per cent of discord between the appellate courts now prevailing would disappear; only one appeal would be taken to reach a final result; a unity of decisions would be attained, and the provocation to appeal in similar cases lessened. LEX.

CLOAKS at 67½c on the dollar, in the great sale at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

Where Are the Police?

A young merchant while returning from the Gymnasium at about eleven o'clock last evening, was attacked by two highwaymen in Missouri Park, who knocked him down by striking him in the teeth with brass knuckles, knocking two of them out. Before the footpads succeeded in securing the young gentleman's valuables, a couple of citizens came in sight, when the robbers fled.

The bold crime of snatching pocketbooks from the hands of ladies by young men is becoming annoyingly frequent. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the wife of a newspaper man was passing in front of Nunes & Britain's store at Sixth and Franklin avenue, when a colored youth eighteen or nineteen years of age came up and deliberately wrested a pocketbook from her hands, containing a small amount of money and several pieces of jewelry, making his escape by running.

EXTRA qualities 44-inch all-wool French dress fabrics, worth $1 25 and $1 50, for 65c per yard, in the great sale at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

We Will Endorse All You Say.

If all the Charter Oaks now in use are as good as the one we have used for nearly twenty years, you can recommend them with entire confidence, and we will endorse all you say. Having thoroughly tested their many excellent qualities, we are pleased to say that it is absolutely without a fault or imperfection, and a marvel of economy and neatness.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, 6:07 a. m., December 14.

STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer	Wind.	Rainfall in last 24 hours.	Weather.
Boise City					
Cairo	29.85	46	W	....	Clear.
Chicago	29.46	38	W	.06	Cloudy.
Cincinnati	29.58	13		....	Lt. rain.
Davenport	29 60	35	W	....	Clear.
Denver	29.80	29	W	....	Foggy.
Des Moines	29.75	32	NW	....	Clear.
Dodge City					
Fort Gibson	29.95	33	N	....	Clear.
Indianapolis	29.56	42	W	....	Clouny.
Keokuk	29.73	34	W	....	Clear.
La Crosse	29.53	32	W	.04	Clear.
Leavenworth	29.90	31	NW	....	Clear.
Louisville	29.61	55	SW	....	Cloudy.
Memphis	29.86	54	W	.09	Cloudy.
Nashville	29.77	56	SW	....	Cloudy.
New Orleans	30.02	60	S	....	Cloudy.
Omaha	29.86	25	W	....	Clear.
Ploche, Nev	29.61	41	S	....	Cloudy.
Pittsburg					
Sacramento, Cal					
Salt Lake City					
San Francisco	29.89	51	SE	1.8	Lt. rain.
Shreveport	29.89	58	SW	....	Cloudy.
Springfield, Ill	29.70	34	W	....	Clear.
St. Louis	29.79	38	W	....	Clear.
St. Paul	29.51	27	W	....	Fair.
Vicksburg	29.97	61	S	....	Cloudy.
Virginia City, Nev					
Yankton	29.90	27	W	....	Clear.

MARIONETTES.

An Inside View of a Remarkable Performance.

An Englishman by the name of John Till and his wife, whom he calls upon the bills Miss Sanderson, are giving a remarkable performance at the Apollo Theater this week in connection with the Snelbaker show, which he terms the Royal Marionettes. Viewed from the front the performance of the mannikins on their miniature stage is something wonderful. Viewed on the stage, where the manipulation of the figures can be seen by the favored visitor, it is something more than wonderful. Before saying anything further than that marionettes are the most scientific form of puppets that ever excited the delight and wonder of an audience, it might be well to give some little history of them. It is said that marionettes, meaning little men, were introduced to the gaze of audiences as early as the fifteenth century. An amusing account is given in "Don Quixote" of what the eccentric knight supposed to be men, but which turned out to be the mannikins of a strolling exhibitor. The art of manipulating the figures was seemingly lost until a revival of the exhibitions took place in the middle of the eighteenth century. But few people have since then attained the art, and Prof. Till is the only artist of the kind now in America and has been for twelve years. Middleton's troupe of marionettes, well-known in England and the British provinces, was probably the finest that ever appeared in public. Middleton would not allow his children to see the manipulation of his principal character representation for fear that his art might in some way be trespassed upon. Holden's, Calvert's and other marionettes have had successful runs at the leading theaters in England. Mons. D'Aree, a French exhibitor, opened a marionette theater in what was called the Rotunda at Dublin, in Ireland, where he gave some very interesting performances of "Colleen Bawn," requiring in addition to his corps of twelve figure workers a force of fifteen actors and actresses to speak the lines for the figures. Miniature spectacular dramas introducing puppet ballets, and romantic nursery and fairy tales were also shown to the great delight of large audiences. Professor Till, who has made automata a study since youth, has in his wife the grand-daughter of the pioneer Middleton. Both have been brought up to the business. Through courtesy of this talented couple a POST-DISPATCH reporter last evening stood at the side of the miniature stage and witnessed the performance, inexplicable to those in front. The mannikins, as brought on, were kept in position by fine sea grass fishing lines attached to wands held by the professor and his wife, who stood on a platform above. In order to give the figures natural motion as many as a dozen strings were required. The professor and his wife, keeping up the dialogue of the little fabled history of Beauty and the Beast going on below, kept up a constant manipulation of the wands and consequently the strings, which required a muscular control and delicate touch that is not possessed by the most accomplished piano or violin player. When, with every finger engaged and with two wands each in their mouths, the Professor and his wife made the bones of a skeleton separate, take positions on various parts of the stage, dance independently, and then unite again in a perfect mannikin, the control of the muscles was shown in its perfection. Both of them worked with perspiration rolling down their faces, and when they were through their act both were exhausted and quivered like leaves in the wind. No description would do the inwardness of a marionette performance half justice.

THE largest stock of cloakings in St. Louis is now at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

Local Brevities.

The regular monthly meeting of the Mullanphy Board was held yesterday afternoon. W. H. Block was elected secretary.

Prof. Rees, of Washington University, delivered the first of his series of six lectures on astronomy at the Washington University to a large audience yesterday.

A very well attended meeting of citizens of Carondelet was held last evening, at which an urgent memorial was addressed to the Board of Public Improvements praying for wharfage facilities.

The Auditing and Ways and Means Committees of the School Board met yesterday. The problem of relieving the schools in the western portion of the city has been discussed and will probably result in the erection of a new school.

Fred Goss, a bar-tender living at 817 O'Fallon street, was knocked down near Seventh and Franklin avenue about 10 o'clock last night by highway robbers. Joseph Stricklein and Dan Carson were arrested after a chase in the vicinity, and will have to explain away the suspicions now resting upon them in this connection.

ELEGANT 44-inch novelties worth $1 25 for 65c a yard in the great sale at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

The Costs of the Gas Litigation.

In answer to an inquiry City Counselor Bell stated to-day to a representative of this paper that the city will appeal from Judge Adams' decision of yesterday, taxing the receiver's compensation in the gas case against the city as costs.

Mr. Bell said that the Supreme Court, in its opinion in the case delivered by Judge Norton, directed that the property and the profits of the business during the receiver's possession should be turned over to the company. The entire time of the receiver was given to the management of the gas business, and his compensation was an outlay which should be charged to the company as an expense incident to operating the works. This view was the only one that accorded with the decision of the Supreme Court, and he looked to see it sustained by that court.

E. M. WADSWORTH & CO., manufacturers of silver-plated ware. Goods retailed at factory prices. Salesroom 612 Olive street.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Secretary Thompson will retire from the Cabinet on the 20th inst.

W. S. Holbrook, agent of the American Express Company, killed his little daughter and then shot himself.

Thirteen persons were arrested on Monday at Exeter, Mo., charged with attempting to rob the United States mail.

Medicine Bull, a Brule Indian chief, was wounded by the accidental discharge of the revolver of Mr. Beveridge, the agent.

Dr. George W. Cole, manager of the Western Detective Association of Topeka, was assaulted and beaten by James O'Day and Edward Vaughn on Monday night in his office.

A Pet Jaguar.

From the London News.

When traveling in South America at Corientes, up the River Uruguay, Lady Florence Dixie came across a South American jaguar with its cub. The mother savagely attacked Lady Florence, who, in the most plucky manner, shot her in self-defense and captured the cub, a young male (*Felis onca*). In April, 1879, Lady Florence brought the cub to England with her; and all last winter the jaguar, which has grown considerably and has for its companion a tiger-cat, was out in the open during all the cold weather, having only a small kennel-house slightly heated by a gas stove to go into at night. The two animals were subsequently transferred to the Fishery, Windsor, where they were allowed a large open space, with an abundance of fresh grass and trees, which they were very fond of climbing. Being close to the Thames they never omitted to have a swim in the river of a morning. Their food was varied, but what they liked best was the heads of sheep and bullocks. Lady F. Dixie's jaguar is a beautiful specimen, so tame and gentle that if he were not so mischievous he might go at large. As Lady Florence is about to leave England for Africa, she has deposited her pets at the Zoological Gardens, where Mr. A. D. Bartlett has given the jaguar admirable accommodation in one of the large dens in the new lion-house.

AMUSEMENTS.

Grand Opera-House.

"La Fille du Tombour-Major," the last opera of Offenbach, produced just before his death, was presented for the first time to a St. Louis audience at the Grand Opera-house last evening by Leavitt's Grand English Opera Burlesque Company. Mr. Leavitt's organization is an exceeding strong one and most of the members are English. For a first night performance the opera went smoothly and satisfactorily. While "The Drum-Major's Daughter" will never rank as popular a success with "The Grand Duchess" and other of Offenbach's more successful compositions, it is nevertheless a pleasing and sprightly work. It contains a few morceaux that are exceedingly pretty and catching, and which are destined to become favorites with the public. Mr. Leavitt deserves credit for first introducing this work to the American public in an English guise, and all the lovers of music will want to listen to the strains of an opera which was nearly the last of the great bouffe author's compositions. The great strength and chief attraction of the Leavitt troupe is its ensemble, and the company is more than usually expensive. The costumes are pretty, brilliant and costly; the ladies of the ballet are excellent dancers and can compare with any of the corps of Terpsichorean divinities that have been seen here. "La Fille du Tambour-Major" is in three acts, of which the first is the weakest, after which the action is brisk and lively throughout. Stella, who is "the Daugher," is personated by Mme. Selina Dolaro, whose singing is characterized with ease and correctness of execution, while she is sufficiently "vervy" in the necessary scenes. Marie Williams as Griolet, the drummer boy, smiled with a wealth of smiles and capered nimbly about the stage with a superabundance of animal spirits. Miss Alma Stanley, who was evidently suffering from sickness, made a fair Duchess. Miss Fanny Wentworth, as Claudine, played with commendable dash. Mr. James A. Meade was the Drum-Major, and he acted the part effectively. The hit of the evening, however, was Mr. Mat Robson's Duc Della Volta, which was irresistibly funny. Mr. Bradbury made a good Bambini. The chorus was good. Signor Operti was the musical director and wielded the baton with his usual artistic skill.

Pope's.

Mrs. Scott-Siddons, for her debut at Pope's theater last evening, selected the role of Rosalind in the the Shakspearean comedy of "As You Like It." A fashionable and select audience warmly greeted the actress as she made her appearance on the stage, and from first to last the artiste won their applause. Mrs. Scott-Siddons' Rosalind stamps her as a finished comedienne of rare talent, and she has established her claim to be considered an actress of the first rank. She gave in many passages an original reading to the part, while she frequently deviated from the traditional stage business with the boldness and effectiveness of a successful innovator. Her costumes were artistic and appropriate, her boyish disguise particularly calling for mention. In every scene Mrs. Siddons displayed the same talented art. The light and shade of the picture were filled in with delicate yet well defined touches, and the result was a Rosalind of great charm. Mrs. Siddons scored a success in this difficult character. Mr. Luigi Lablache made a satisfactory Orlando, and the other characters were well presented by the remaining members of the company. "As You Like It" will be repeated at the Wednesday matinee. To-night Mrs. Siddons will appear as Iolanthe in "King Rene's Daughter," and as Juliana in "The Honeymoon."

Olympic.

In "The Galley Slave" Bartley Campbell has put some of his best work, and hence the play is strong and intensely dramatic in its effects. It is presented at the Olympic by a very strong company of artists, is well mounted, and hence nothing is wanted to make it a success. Miss Gussie de Forrest plays the part of Cicily Blaine, the role taken last season by Maud Granger. Miss Forrest's is a more effective impersonation. Signora Majeroni give a striking and picturesque rendition of Francesca Remini. Mr. Frank Evans' Sidney Norcott is a strongly defined and well drawn character. Mr. Burns makes a capital Franklin Fitts, while Mr. Junius Brutus Booth is good as Dr. Oliphant. The other characters are well sustained. "The Galley Slave" promises to take a permanent place in the popular repertoire, at least for some time to come. The scenery comprises grand scenic views of Venice, Rome, Marseilles and Paris.

Battery A Entertainment.

Next Monday the members of Battery A, St. Louis Light Artillery, will present the much-talked-of series of battle tableaux and war pictures. There can be no doubt that the entertainment will be a success. The sale of tickets has been quite large, and the audience promises to be one of the most fashionable even Pickwick Theater has held. The battery has been quite an honor to the people of this city, having entered twice into competition with the best drilled sections in the country, and on each occasion (St. Louis 1879, Nashville 1880) has carried off the first prizes. It is to be hoped those interested in this popular organization will be on hand at the Pickwick Monday evening, December 20.

Apollo Theater.

The Snelbaker Consolidation, now at the Apollo Theater on Fourth, near Poplar street, is the largest variety combination that has ever exhibited in St. Louis. The perilous feat of Little All-Right, the Japanese, in his standing slide down a tight rope, and his performance on a slack rope are simply wonderful. Two and three acts on the stage at once, and all of them first-class executions, is a performance not usually seen here.

Notes.

Miss Stanley was taken sick last evening, and her part was taken during the last two acts by Miss Mulholland.

Mr. Gus Hall will take the part of the Drum-Major beginning at to-morrow matinee, and replacing Mr. Mead.

Important.

The great sale of a manufacturer's stock of fine diagonal cloth cloaks for one-third less than regular prices, at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

Crazed by Neuralgia.

From the Lee County (Va.) Sentinel.

Miss Jennie Rhoton, a young lady of Poor Valley, has been subject to violent attacks of neuralgia, so violent, indeed, that her mind is sometimes affected for a few hours. On Tuesday, about three hours before sunset, Miss Rhoton went down into a field near the house to fetch a basketful of kershaws to the house, fearing they would freeze before her brother had time to gather them in. After the first load was brought she returned for another, and while in the field she was taken suddenly with an attack of neuralgia and she started, as she thought, to return to the house, but instead she took the wrong direction and wandered through the fields and woods until night came on. She was only sufficiently rational to appreciate her situation and know that she was lost; this added terror to her illness and rendered her almost wild. She ascended the mountain side, and fell upon a rock from exhaustion, but occasionally issued wild cries of despair. These were heard by Mr. John Stapleton, who lives on the other side of the mountain. Mr. Stapleton felt sure the cries were those of distress, and taking a light he and his son set out to climb the mountain and ascertain the cause. Just on the summit of Cumberland Mountain, two miles north of her home, they found the crazed and half-frozen girl, now unable from cold to move or call, lying upon a flat rock, in despair and resigned to die. In her half delirious condition she had imagined she could travel better barefoot, and taking off her shoes and stockings had wandered on the rough mountain side for three hours, and her feet and legs were fearfully lacerated by the stones and briars. Mr. Stapleton did not know the girl, and she was unable to tell him who she was or how she came there, but he took her up and bore her to his home, where she was kindly treated. Being sure she was lost, he set out the next day upon the mountain blowing a horn to attract any one who might be in search of her. At noon he was signaled by the girl's friends in the valley below, who hastened to the spot and had their anxious fears turned to rejoicing at the glad tidings that the lost sister and daughter was safe.

A gambler says: "The only hand in this world which blesses those who grasp it is a full hand."

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ANDREW F. BROWN & CO.,
BOARDING,
SALE AND LIVERY STABLE,
105 S. Eleventh, Cor. Walnut.
We have just received a large supply of under taking materials, and are now prepared to deal with our friends on as liberal terms as any other firm in the city, and would be pleased to have you call and investigate. Funerals and party orders promptly attended to.
105 S. ELEVENTH STREET.

$500 REWARD!
The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party who shot and killed Officer Walsh on Sunday morning last. JAMES McDONOUGH,
Chief of Police.
St. Louis, Dec. 9, 1880.

Langefort & Borg



Offer the largest and finest assortment of
Meerschaum and French Briar Pipes,
Also all kinds of Smokers' Articles at the lowest possible figure for Christmas Gifts.
No. 609 Washington Ave., and No. 113 Walnut St

FORWARD TO 1884!

Never Despair of the American Republic.

Prospectus of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In the sixth triumph of Radicalism the POST-DISPATCH recognizes the most serious menace to republican institutions that the country has ever known. The Secessionists, under the leadership of Jeff Davis in 1860, sought only to divide the Republic, but the so-called Republican party of to-day, under the control of Conkling, Grant, Logan et al., threatens to destroy it. A great step has been taken in the direction of Centralization. The Republican party, stands committed to the Money Power, to the vast Monopolies which foster class legislation and to every element opposed to the interests of the masses. Its compact organization, its late successful struggle in behalf of an unworthy standard-bearer, its sectionalism and its determination to treat as enemies of the country all advocates of a change of administration stamp it at once as a dangerous foe of Liberty. It is the party of Monarchical tendencies and its late triumph bodes no good to our institutions.

The POST-DISPATCH will maintain its position in the ranks of the Opposition. It proposes to battle more vigorously than ever against the party of Grantism and Centralization. This is no time to falter or grow weak. Cowards may skulk and some men who have suffered defeat year after year may lose faith and hope, but the duty of the true Patriot and lover of the Republic was never more clearly defined.

The POST-DISPATCH, while it acknowledges no fealty to men, will continue to preach sound, true Democratic doctrine and opposition to the pernicious tendencies of the Republican party. Its independence, its fearlessness and its honesty of purpose have been thoroughly well established. People who like a newspaper that has courage enough to point out the faults of its party associates and tell the truth though the heavens fall while battling for constitutional government, will never be disappointed in the POST-DISPATCH.

The great Conservative party of the country cannot be annihilated by defeat. The existence of such an organization is necessary to the welfare of the Republic. Garfieldism in 1880 means Grantism and the overthrow of our existing system in 1884. The battle against the Empire and the Oligarchy of wealth must be commenced now. In the front rank of this contest the POST-DISPATCH will be found. It promises not to give over until the principles of self-government are vindicated. The POST-DISPATCH is now acknowledged to be

THE LEADING AFTERNOON JOURNAL OF THE WEST.

Its growth has been steady and legitimate. Its position is assured. Both its circulation and its revenue doubled during the last year. With increased strength its facilities will be increased, and the next year will witness great improvements in its methods and its aims. With the new year its news resources will be greatly strengthened. Its Telegraphic service will be enlarged, its corps of correspondents will be doubled, its mechanical capacity will be improved and every effort that experience can direct or money employ will be made to keep the daily POST-DISPATCH in the front rank of modern American journals.

The Weekly Post-Dispatch.

is known and read in nearly every State of the Union. It is a handsome eight-page paper, filled with matter carefully prepared, sorted and arranged for the people of the West and South. Its Correspondence, its Stories, its Miscellany, its Editorials, its Agricultural Essays, its news and its Market reports are features commending it to all persons who are unable, by reason of location or condition, to subscribe for an expensive daily paper. It is a complete epitome of the world's doings from week to week, and we have no hesitancy in pronouncing it the best and cheapest newspaper in the land. It should have a place in every workshop and rural home in Missouri and the Southwest.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

Daily, per week	20 cents.
Daily, per month	85 cents.
Daily, three months	$2 50
Daily, six months	4 50
Daily, per year	9 00

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

Eight pages; published every Thursday morning.

TERMS, $1 PER ANNUM, POSTAGE FREE.

All letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to

POST-DISPATCH,
No. 111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of the provisions and for the purposes of a deed of trust from Bernard Rose, of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, in deed book No. 610, at page 419, I, the undersigned trustee in said deed, give hereby public notice that on

SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1881,

and between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m. of that day, I will sell at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following real estate conveyed to me in said deed, viz.: A parcel of land in the Grand Prairie Common Fields of St. Louis, containing one acre and thirty-seven and two-thirds hundredths of an acre (1 37 5-100 ac.), designated as lot No. 8 in the report of the commissioners in partition in the case of Joseph S. Hull vs. Louisa B. Hull and William C. Hull in the St. Louis Land Court in the year 1856, reference being hereby made to the plat of the subdivision in said partition in surveys Nos. 1,591 and 3,305, said plat being on file in said Recorder's office, said lot No. 8 having a front of two hundred and twenty-seven (227) feet and four (4) inches on the south line of Moore street and a depth southwardly of that width of two hundred and sixty-four (264) feet, and is bounded north by Moore street, east by lot No. 7 of said subdivision, south by land allotted by said commissioners in said partition case to Julia Moore and west by lot No. 9 of said subdivision.

MORRIS LIPTSTADT,
As Trustee.
St. Louis, December 14, 1880. 90

DRUNK AGAIN. Gentlemen who got sobered up in a few hours with my wonderful and infallible Gold Remedy for drunkenness. Persons diseased from excessive use of alcoholic beverages and opium treated and permanently cured. Book treatise on Gold Cure sent free on application.
P. D. CORDELL,
704 and 706 Washington aeenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Anthracite Coal.
Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Lebanon, Ills., Pittsburg and Blossburg Coals.
JAS. J. SYLVESTER, Agt.,
319 Olive Street.

AGENCY FOR THE LEHIGH VALLEY
ANTHRACITE COAL,
INDIANA BLOCK, CANNEL,
and the best ILLINOIS COALS at the lowest market rates.
THE ST. LOUIS IMPROVED STREET SPRINKLING COMPANY, 722 Olive street.

13 Pounds of brown sugar $1; eleven pounds of clarified sugar $1; teas and coffees ten per cent lower than can be had elsewhere. Ten pounds granulated sugar, $1.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO.,
106 North Fifth street.

Dr. J. Conzelman's Cough Syrup for coughs, colds, croup and all lung affections is unsurpassed, and for whooping cough the specific cure. Sold by Druggists.

LOCAL NEWS.

DON'T forget the all-wool Momie Suitings for 68 cents and $1 at H. D. Mann & Co.'s, 417 and 419 N. Fourth street; they are regular $1 and $1 25 qualities and extraordinarily cheap.

Vienna Zwieback.
Prepared only by Vienna Model Bakery, Eighth and Walnut. For sale by all grocers.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

DR. E. U. CHASE,
922 Olive street. Set of best teeth only $8.

SUPERIOR EAU DE COLOGNE, equal to the imported, in pint bottles. Pozzoni, 507 N. Sixth street.

For Sale.
A most excellent, gentle saddle horse. Has all gaits. Inquire at this office.

Useful Christmas Presents.
The greatest variety and newest patterns are at Simmons Hardware Co.

Oysters, Little Neck Clams, Meats, Fish, Game and Clam Chowder
are on hand daily at Milford's Elegant Oyster House, 114 North Fifth street. Ladies' Dining Room on second floor now open

Boston Art Furniture in St. Louis.
Manufactured especially for holiday and wedding presents. See Guernsey, Jones & Co.'s advertisement on eighth page.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

When Mr. Thomas Emerson took an invoice of his goods and chattels yesterday he found that the burglars of Sunday night had taken off about $75 in value. His two sons, among other things, are minus each one a fine fur cap.

Jupiter Lodge, Knights of Honor, has inaugurated a series of essays to be delivered by members of the lodge. The next on the programme, for Friday evening next, will be an essay on "Journalism," by Antoine Rush Rivet, a member of the order and for many years connected with the press of St. Louis.

The meeting at Turner Hall last night was composed of a large number of the representative business men of Carondelet. It was quite clearly demonstrated by a recitation from those present of the difficulties they labor under that a landing for steamboats is one of the imperative necessities of this part of the city. A committee composed of Messrs. Chouteau, Plass, Kilpatrick, Allen and Krauss was appointed to memorialize the Board of Public Improvements upon the subject.

How comely is a clear complexion. To obtain it wash with Glenn's Sulphur Soap.

A Deed of Love.
Ogle Coone, a lad in the employ of B. Nugent, was the author of a very creditable action the other day. It seems that last week a ragged little boy came into the store of Mr. Nugent and desired employment. He said he was only seven years old, his parents were dead and he had no one to look to for support. Mr. Nugent immediately took an interest in the poor lad and gave him a situation as cash boy, and told him to go to work. It was then that he came in contact with young Coone, a fellow cash boy. Coone noticed his forlorn condition and made up his mind that he could do something to help him. The next day he went to all the employes of the store and told them the sad story of the new boy and asked that they each contribute a mite towards giving him an "outfit." The whole store nobly responded to the appeal and the next day the new boy appeared at work with new and clean clothes, new boots, clean shirt, bright neck tie, etc., and, best of all, a sweet smile on his face that showed how much he appreciated the kindness of his new associates.

PILES.—Go to DRS. Wortman & Co., 906 Pine street, for new treatment. Cures guaranteed without knife or pain. Refer to city papers.

A New Tug For the Harbor.
Mr. James Hazard, President of the Western Coal and Tow Company, has given a contract to T. Zimmerman, of this city, for a tug for harbor service, to be completed on or before May 1. The hull will be iron. Length of boot 95 feet; breadth of beam 19 feet; depth 9½ feet. She will have two cylinders, each 16 by 18 inches, and two steel boilers. The boat will be first-class in every respect. She will be a seven-foot propeller.

A Mysterious Shot.
About 11 o'clock last night some unknown men standing on Julia street, between Chouteau avenue and Virginia street, fired a shot, the ball entering the house of Mr. Wm. Connors on the opposite side of the street. Officer Fine saw these men standing where the shot had been fired from and gave chase, but they escaped. The explanation of the mysterious shot is not known.

Celebrated Oakes Candies.
PROCLAMATION FROM
OAKES' HEADQUARTERS, 412 OLIVE ST.
Send in your orders for three to five-pound boxes of the only genuine Pure Oakes Candies as manufactured by Peter Oakes. No connection with Sixth and Olive or any other house in St. Louis. Wholesale and retail.
A. OAKES.

Young Highway men.
Yesterday evening between 6 and 7 o'clock Henry Dressel, aged eleven years, was robbed by a crowd of boys on Seventh between Barton and Sidney streets. They knocked Dressel down and stole sixty-five cents from him, after which they rocked him and inflicted some painful bruises. The crowd had evidently waited for Dressel, who was younger than any one of them.

A Row.
Last night Mary Reed and Minnie Sells, two colored residents of Pontius Pilate alley, situated between Myrtle and Spruce, and Sixth and Seventh streets, became involved in a row which ended in Miss Reed firing a shot at Miss Sells, and the latter making a good run. No one hurt, but Minnie's heart is frightfully lacerated by the action of her bosom friend.

SELLING OUT.

Thos. Allen's Complete Transfer of All His Railroad Interests to Jay Gould.

How the Gould Acquisition is Viewed by Business Men.

The Chicago and Alton Said to Be the Next Line Gould Will Swallow.

What is Said on 'Change.
A principal topic of conversation on 'Change to-day was the reported purchase of a controlling interest in the Iron Mountain Road by Jay Gould. While a good many of the merchants were disposed to become enthusiastic over the prospects opened up to St. Louis by this purchase, as showing pretty conclusively that Gould's interests were now identified with this city, and that St. Louis would thus be benefited greatly, there were others who were of the contrary opinion, and only saw danger in this latest move of Gould's to the business of St. Louis. When approached by a POST-DISPATCH reporter upon the question of whether St. Louis was benefited by this late purchase, these gentlemen, who were not sanguine over the beneficial effect to be derived by this city, did not care about expressing themselves publicly, as they had not quite made up their minds on the subject. One prominent member of the Exchange stated about the opinion of several others when he said that the Iron Mountain had been really the only St. Louis road west of the Mississippi. The Missouri Pacific and Kansas City and Northern were run in the interest of the Wabash. The Northern was taking freight only fifty miles from St. Louis to Toledo at only 3c additional freight. He expected to see next year cotton taken through St. Louis to New York at only 15@20 cents above the regular St. Louis rate, thus giving St. Louis the go-by. In conversation with other gentlemen on 'Change the following opinions were obtained upon the recent purchase:

George Bain did not think this late purchase would do as much good for St. Louis as most men thought it would. In the first place, by this purchase he destroys all competition for the Texas trade, he having both roads now running to that section. Tom Allen would have kept the Iron Mountain, as his interests are identified with those of St. Louis, whereas Jay Gould's are not. Of course, they are in a certain measure, and probably he will benefit our city to some extent. It may in time happen that he will bring grain from Toledo or even from Chicago over the Wabash to this city to make shipments by his barge line. Mr. Bain could not understand exactly why he should want the whole line of the Iron Mountain, as, if he is working for the interest of the river route, the line as far as Belmont would have been sufficient, or he might have purchased the Cairo Short Line to Cairo. In conclusion Mr. Bain said that Jay Gould's interests were only with St. Louis so long as St. Louis subserved his own interest.

Breedlove Smith said there was no question in his mind of the advantages St. Louis would reap from Jay Gould's controlling railroads centering in this city. He would most probably make rates over the Iron Mountain that would bring cotton and other freights here and away from New Orleans. Tom Scott controls the New Orleans and Pacific Road and Jay Gould would most assuredly attempt to get all the freight he could from Tom Scott. And in his working for his barge line he will make such rates as will bring the grain over his roads to this city.

Theo. Bartholow: "I think it the grandest thing that ever happened to St. Louis that could get that Iron Mountain road. Put me down as a Gould man every time. He is a far-seeing, shrewd and enterprising man, and a St. Louis man, as his interests are identical with this city. His purchase of the Missouri Pacific has doubled the business of that road, and so it is with every road he has taken hold of. With his systems of railroad completed and centering in this city he will go to work and have the channel of the Mississippi deepened so as to give an outlet to the grain coming here on his roads and going out by his barge line. Yes, sir, it is a grand thing for St. Louis."

S. W. Cobb: "I am of the opinion that his purchase of this Iron Mountain is really only for a speculative purpose, but I do not think that it can in any way be a detriment to St. Louis. Nearly all his roads are west of the Mississippi River, and I cannot see how he can discriminate against St. Louis without injury to his own roads. I am really sorry that Allen has sold his interest in the Iron Mountain, for we all know how much he has done for St. Louis, and we cannot tell whether Gould will do as much. Yet I think the recent purchase will not be disadvantageous to St. Louis."

Wm. Cathwell: "It is my belief that every one is pleased with the late purchase. Every step taken by Jay Gould in his purchases of roads centering here shows that his interests are identified with this city."

Alex. B. Smith: "The controlling motive on the part of the purchaser may be conceded to be enlightened self-interest, which governs all business enterprises. Coupled with this the ambition to complete the grandest railroad combination ever conceived, and of which the Iron Mountain will be a very important feature, sufficiently answers part of your question. As to the effect on the trade of St. Louis, the interest of the railroads and the city are closely identified and there is no reason to doubt that the sagacity and capital which have secured so many roads terminating at the central city of St. Louis will recognize this identity of interest and co-operate with the business men of the city in such an increase of trade as the improving facilities warrant. I accept in good faith the acts and the promises of railroad owners to this effect."

W. L. Black: "I am of the opinion that Jay Gould is working for the benefit of St. Louis, that is, for his own interest, but in the end will benefit St. Louis. The purchases of the St. Louis roads, his interests in the barge line and building the elevator at Belmont to relieve this market when navigation is suspended all point to this."

M. McKnnis: "This combination is susceptible of two things. With the Iron Mountain connected with the Southern Pacific and other Southern roads it may be that an immense amount of business will be thrown this way and St. Louis thus derive great benefits from this combination. Or it may be the purpose of the purchaser to throw all this business to the Wabash road, and thus make St. Louis merely a way station. With his barge line it may be that the intention is to build up St. Louis and make it a great grain market. It may be a grand thing for St. Louis, but I feel somewhat anxious as to what may be the outcome. Only those behind the scenes know that. It is either life or death to St. Louis, this combination, and may make it either a great centre or merely a way station.

J. N. Booth: "Possessing the power they now do by the present combination of roads, Jay Gould and his party have it in their power to make or injure St. Louis very much. They can throw all the business to the Eastern roads and carry the grain to New York or Toledo at rates that will leave us. But I think he has judgment and far sight enough not to thus injure St. Louis. He has, I think, shown an interest in the water way and cheap transportation by his share in the barge line, and I am in hopes intends to benefit our city. He will perhaps help us if we help ourselves."

Gov. E. O. Stanard thought the purchase by Jay Gould would be a decided advantage to St. Louis. "And now, sir," said Gov S., "if we can only sell him the Mississippi River between here and Cairo he will improve it and make it of some use to us."

Charles E. Slayback: "Yes, sir; I think this purchase will benefit St. Louis. It will promote a harmony of interests that will redound to the interest of St. Louis. He is bound to work to make money for himself, and that will surely help us."

Superintendent Talmage.
Railroad changes are becoming so frequent in St. Louis that they no longer excite comment. The Wabash united with the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern. Then everybody was taken completely by surprise by the extension of the Missouri Pacific, so as to envelop the M., K. and T. On the heels of this consolidation comes the sale of the Iron Mountain Railroad to the Gould interest, and now, as detailed elsewhere, it is probable that in a short time the Chicago and Alton road will pass into the same hands.

A reporter of the POST-DISPATCH waited upon Mr. Talmage this morning, who is general manager of the Missouri Pacific consolidation.

"Well, Mr. Talmage," said the newspaper man, "are you going to be general manager of the Iron Mountain Railroad as well as the Missouri Pacific?"

"You are going too fast for me," he replied. "The Iron Mountain transfer was as much of a surprise to me as to any one."

"You are in a good position, Mr. Talmage, to know what Mr. Gould's policy is in regard to St. Louis. In all his schemes is he working for the interests of this city?" "I should judge that he was, for he is putting his money here," said the railroad man. Mr. Talmage has just returned from a long trip to Texas in which his principal object was the speedy extension of the M., K. and T. Railway through Texas from Fort Worth to the Rio Grande River. He expects that the Missouri Pacific will be in operation to the Mexican border by the first of next October. A good portion of this line is already under contract, and its completion is not a matter of doubt. Over 100 miles south of Fort Worth is now under contract and will be completed before spring.

(CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.)

FINE mantel clocks, new stock, just received. Mermod, Jaccard & Co., Fourth and Locust.

SIX MONTHS FOR VAGRANCY.

The Supposed Murderers of Walsh Sentenced.
Harry Lawrence, John Smith, James Higgins and John Kennedy, suspected of being the murderers of Officer Walsh, were brought up in the Second District Police Court this morning to answer to the charge of vagrancy. The police have worked up a pretty good case on these men, implicating them in the murder of Walsh, but as there are some very weak points in their evidence more time is desired to establish a complete chain of evidence that will lead to their ultimate conviction. As the men are known to be thieves and vagrants, it was thought best, in order to keep track of them, to send them to the Workhouse under the ninth clause. When the men appeared in court this morning they were greatly subdued in spirits, their loud laugh and boisterous song was gone and they appeared dejected and nervous. The men were tried separately and, with the exception of Kennedy, were fined $50, which virtually amounts to six months in the Work-house. Kennedy demanded a trial by jury and his case was set for to-morrow morning. The witnesses for the prosecution were Detectives Tucker and Eggs, and a number of police officers. It was proven that the men were associates of thieves and vagrants, and outside of any reference to the crime for which they were really held, deserved the sentence of the Court.

PURCHASE silver-plated ware direct from the manufacturers, Wadsworth & Co. Salesroom 612 Olive street.

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

Three new powerful Roger locomotives will arrive to-night from Cleveland, O., for the W., St. L. and P. R. R.

The new building for the Franklin fire engine, No. 3, will be ready to occupy about the 15th proximo.

The choir at the Holy Trinity Church, Eleventh and Mallinckrodt streets, on Christmas morn will be 218 strong.

At Liebke & Schrage's place there is the largest number of hard-wood logs ever got together in one place in America.

The Branch Guards are making extensive arrangements for their annual drill and hop, which takes place in a short time.

This morning the team of James Blanman ran away near the Harlem Bridge, Belleforntaine road, and the wagon was damaged about $25.

The ladies of the Fourth Baptist Church, Twelfth and North Market streets, will on next Thursday evening give a Christmas social festival.

Mrs. Mary Johnson, colored, fifty-three years old, residing at the foot of Bryan avenue, is reported in needy circumstance and worthy of charity.

By a miss in the survey the warehouse of the Niedringhaus Brothers was built half way across Main street, and will, as a consequence, have to be taken down and rebuilt.

The rafted ice-bound lumber at I. J. Buckley's landing was got out to-day, and if the weather continues as it was yesterday all of the lumber along the wharf will be out this week.

Yesterday morning a crew of fifty men left for Crystal City, Mo., to work on the improvements of the branch of the Iron Mountain Railroad running from the Iron Mountain to Crystal City.

A new project in this part of the city, and one that has already gained a solid footing, is that of the erection of a large establishment for the manufacture of a machine for picking cotton. The work of manufacturing these machines is now being carried on at three different places in North St. Louis, but to conduct the work properly a factory must be erected expressly for the business.

Pocket Knives.
3,000 patterns in stock, and every one astonished at the low prices. Simmons Hardw. Co.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Andrew Brooks, a suspicious looking character, was locked up by Officer Cain for safe keeping last night.

John Euler, Frederick Cooper and John Martin, three well known confidence men, were endeavoring to fleece a farmer at the Relay Depot last night. One of the police, however, arrived upon the scene before the operation was completed and marched the would-be operators to the station house.

The gang of young roughs which have of late been making it rather unpleasant for travelers in the vicinity of the stock yards after dark, waylaid another man last night and relieved him of a shot-gun which he was carrying on his shoulder. The party committing the robbery, however, has been recognized by his victim, and will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

Dr. Hezekiah Leek arrived at the Relay Depot this morning, over the Chicago and Alton Railroad, from one of the small towns in Illinois. Hearing of the numerous robberies perpetrated in East St. Louis, he armed himself with a revolver and a large dirk-knife. Officer Cahill espied the belligerent Doctor at the depot, and canveyed him to the station. 'Squire Graney fined him $32 50, and deprived him of the weapons, when arraigned before his Honor this morning.

THE popular and efficient representative of the Watertown and other insurance companies in Grand Rapids, Mich., Mr. Wm. Marshall, writes: I can not too highly praise the curative qualities of that wonderful Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, for it cured me of Rheumatism when other remedies failed. I would not be without a bottle again for ten dollars, even if I had to pay that much for it.

Open Till 9 P. M.
Every evening till Christmas. MERMOD, JACCARD & CO., COR. OF FOURTH AND LOCUST.

New Buildings.
P. Wonderly & Co., coal dealers, are to erect a new office, to cost $125, on the corner of Clark and Ulrici avenues.

P. A. Ruger is going to put up a small plumbing shop on the east side of Sixteenth street, between Olive and Pine streets, to cost $300.

Wm. Schroeder will erect two brick dwellings, two stories, eight rooms each, to cost $4,000, on the corner of Eighth and Mound streets.

A brick dwelling, two stories, four rooms, to cost $1,800, will be put up on James street, between Pestalozzi and Lynch streets, by Mr. C. Nickhaus.

Mr. C. H. Auber will erect a three-story brick building, eight rooms, to cost $3,500, on the east side of Dolman street, between Chouteau avenue and Hickory street.

Mr. James Downey in a few days, weather favorable, will put a force of men at work erecting a three-story eight-room brick building, to cost $5,000, on Chestnut street, between Crompton and Cardinal avenues.

Bed-Room Furniture.
We now have more than 150 bed-room sets in sample, all of latest designs and at prices from $20 to $600 per set. An examination before purchasing will repay.
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.

Mr. J. B. Merwin, editor of the Journal of Education, will deliver a lecture on the Job of Life at Springfield, Mo., Thursday evening. This will be the first lecture of a course to be delivered under the auspices of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad at their new library hall at Springfield, Mo.

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

PROBATE.

The Will of Mrs. Julia G. Francis Filed.
In the Probate Court this morning a certified copy of the will of the late Julia G. Francis, the mother of Chas. W. Francis, Health Commissioner, was filed, of which the following is an abstract:

Desiring that all just debts and funeral expenses be paid, the testator sets aside $50; for the purchase of masses, $100; to the Sisters of Mercy of the Convent of St. Catherine, New York City, $100; to the Convent of Mercy called St. Joseph, in St. Louis, $100; desiring that masses and prayers be offered in these convents for the repose of her soul. To her niece and god daughter, Marie Josepha, child of her sister, Mary G. Laine, she gives $1,000; to her grandson, Arthur G. Francis, $100 and the books and papers of her late son Arthur; to grandson Geo. Maguire Francis, $100 and a mosaic snuff-box and a bronze clock; to grand-daughter Alice Francis $100 and a diamond brooch; to grand-daughter Julia Francis all personal effects of clothing, jewelry, objects of vertu, books, furniture and pictures, and the sum of $15,000 to be left in trust of Henry K. Zeigler and William V. Keating of Philadelphia, until Julia shall have attained the age of eighteen. Should she die without issue the said sum to revert to residuum of the estate. The silverware of testator she desires to be given one-half to Julia Francis, the other half to be divided between the other grandchildren. To her son, Charles W. Francis, she bequeaths the pictures of her father and mother in oil, and two silver gobiets with the Francis crest. The remainder of my estate of whatever description or wherever situate I dispose of as follows: Inasmuch as I have already given to my son, Charles W. Francis, and he has already received from me for his own use, as well as the legacy of $2,000 left him in the will of his grandmother, and the legacies left her to his deceased brothers and sisters ($4,000 for the two), making $6,000, as also the sum of $12,000, I now give and bequeath all my property wherever situated or of whatever description, real or personal, in trust, however, for the maintenance, education and support of my grandchildren, George M., Arthur G., Alice, Charles W. and Alfred, and any that may hereafter be borne to my son.

On the death of Mr. Francis the property shall be equally divided between the children. Mr. Francis is named as executor of the estate.

SIX-BUTTON opera kid gloves, 50c a pair, at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

Suing a Constable.
John F. Walton, ex-Justice of the Peace, this morning filed with the Circuit Clerk a suit against John W. Drake, the Constable, and his bondsmen, William Shaeffer and Louis Bernero asking for judgment for $732 00 and $40 30, being fees alleged to have been collected by Drake, when he was Constable, for Walton, during and after 1874. A schedule of the amounts not paid over accompanies the petition.

WE are now in a position to retail dress goods cheaper than they were ever wholesaled in this city.
B. NUGENT & BRO.

The River.
The gorge this side of Cairo is gone, the Durfee getting out of it and reaching Cairo this morning. Boatmen are leaving for their boats lying at the bank between this point and Cairo. There is 4½ feet of water to Cairo, and an open river to the sea. The river here is rising slowly, but, is thought that there will not be a barge and towboat channel this week.

Invalids
Will find the latest style of chairs for their use at Burrell, Comstock & Co.'s, 402-404 North Fourth street.

Tower Grove Course of Lectures.
December 23, 1880, "Up the Rhine," by Rev. W. W. Boyd, D. D.
January 4, 1881, "Travels in India," by Bishop Th. Bowman.
January 16, 1881, "The Mound Builders," by Rev. Geo. W. Hughey.
January 23, 1881, "Palestine," by Rev. E. C. Felton, D. D.
January 30, 1881, "Darwinism," by Rev. Jno. D. Vincil.
The lecture of Rev. C. L. Goodell, D. D., that was to have been given 16th December inst., is postponed to February on account of the outrageous assault upon him last Friday.

Jos. H. Deprez & Co.,
Originators of $5 pants to order. 618 Olive.

LADIES should not suffer with the cold when a handsome cloth cloak, ulster, jacket or dolman can be bought for so little money at
B. NUGENT & BRO.'S.

Wants a Divorce.
A suit for divorce was filed this morning in the office of the Circuit Clerk, by Frances C. Langley against her husband, Chas. E. Langley. The petition cites that they were married in Memphis on April 1, 1879, and that notwithstanding she always treated him with affection and kindness, and demeaned herself faithfully, he had, on frequent occasions, struck her, falsely accused her of adultery, and refused to support her. They separated on July 16, 1880.

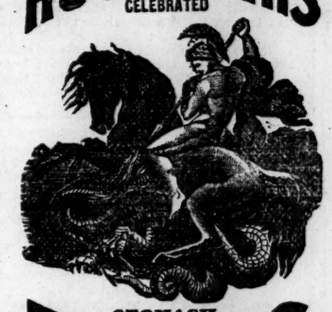
SIX-BUTTON opera kid gloves, 50c a pair, at B. Nugent & Bro.'s.

THE HEADQUARTERS
FOR OVERCOATS, ULSTERS and ULSTERETTES
Where you find the correct style, fine fabrics and handsome trimmings, where you get a perfect fit and a stylish garment, is at
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.'S,
N. E. CORNER FIFTH AND PINE


Leonhard Roos, Practical Furrier
617 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
Has the best assortment of LADIES' FINE FANCY FURS. SEAL SACQUES and FUR-LINED SILK GARMENTS TO ORDER A SPECIALTY.
ALL ORDERS AND REPAIRS DONE IN THE BEST MANNER.

W. F. LAMBE & CO.,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
and Sewer Builders,
NO. 813 MARKET STREET.

NEW ORLEANS RESTAURANT,
203 N. SIXTH STREET, Near Pine.
(Formerly FRANK & PAUL.)
Regular French Dinner, 50c. Private supper rooms up-stairs. Open day and night.
RUDOLPH REIMBERG, Proprietor.
Formerly Steward of the University Club.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS
THERE is no civilized nation in the Western Hemisphere in which the utility of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a tonic, corrective, and anti-bilious medicine is not known and appreciated. While it is a medicine for all seasons and all climates, it is especially suited to the complaints generated by the weather, being the purest and best vegetable stimulant in the world.
For sale by Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1881.

AMUSEMENTS.
POPE'S | MRS. SCOTT-SIDDONS
Every Evening. Wednesday and Saturday Matinees. Matinee prices, 25, 50 and 75 cents.
MRS. SCOTT-SIDDONS,
Supported by a powerful Company.
Tuesday Night, Saturday Matinee—King Rene's Daughter and the Honeymoon. Wednesday Matinee—As You Like It. Wednesday Night—Twelfth Night. Thursday Night—School for Scandal. Friday Night—Romeo and Juliet. Saturday Night—Macbeth.
Monday, December 20—Mitchell's Pleasure Party (Our Goblins).

OLYMPIC THEATER.
One Week, commencing Sunday, December 12, 1880, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.
BARTLEY CAMPBELL'S
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